



BANCO BPI, S.A.

(incorporated with limited liability in the Republic of Portugal)

EUR 7,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme

(the “Programme”)

for the issue of Senior Notes, Dated Subordinated Notes, Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

This Base Prospectus has been approved by the *Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários* (the “**CMVM**”) in its capacity as competent authority under Regulation (EU) No. 2017/1129, of 14 June (the “**Prospectus Regulation**”) for the approval of this Prospectus as a base prospectus in accordance with Article 20 of the Prospectus Regulation. This Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with Article 8(1) of the Prospectus Regulation. The CMVM only approves this Base Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by the Prospectus Regulation. Such approval should not be considered as an endorsement of the Issuer or of the quality of the Notes that are subject of this Prospectus. Investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the Notes.

Application will be made to Euronext Lisbon – Sociedade Gestora de Mercados Regulamentados, S.A. (“**Euronext**”) for the Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Lisbon (“**Euronext Lisbon**”) and to be admitted to the official list of Euronext Lisbon (the “**Official List**”). Euronext Lisbon is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”).

Details of the aggregate nominal amount of the Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of the Notes and the issue price of the Notes for each Tranche of Notes will be set out in the relevant Final Terms which, with respect to Notes to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on Euronext Lisbon, will be delivered to the CMVM and Euronext Lisbon on or before the date of issue of the Notes of such Tranche.

This Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) is valid for a period of twelve months from the date of approval until 18 December 2026. The Issuer will, in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy relating to information included in this Base Prospectus which may affect the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a new Base Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes. The obligation to supplement this Base Prospectus in the event of a significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy does not apply when this Base Prospectus is no longer valid.

The Notes will be issued in dematerialised book-entry form (*forma escritural*), integrated in and held through Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A., whose commercial designation is Euronext Securities Porto (“**Interbolsa**”), as operator of the Portuguese centralised securities system, the Central de Valores Mobiliários (“**CVM**”), and will be in nominative form (*nominativas*). Therefore, Interbolsa, at the request of the Issuer, can ask the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa for information regarding the identity of the Noteholders and transmit such information to the Issuer. The CVM currently has links in place with Euroclear

Bank, S.A./N.V. (“**Euroclear**”) and Clearstream Banking, S.A. (“**CBL**”) through accounts held by Euroclear and CBL with Interbolsa Affiliate Members (as described below).

This Base Prospectus constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 8 of the Prospectus Regulation.

AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES INVOLVES CERTAIN RISKS. FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE MOST RELEVANT RISKS AFFECTING THE ISSUER AND THE NOTES, SEE “RISK FACTORS” ON PAGE 14 OF THIS BASE PROSPECTUS. INVESTORS SHOULD ALSO SEE THE “TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SENIOR AND THE SUBORDINATED NOTES” ON PAGE 112, THE “TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE UNDATED DEEPLY SUBORDINATED NOTES” ON PAGE 167 AND “TAXATION” ON PAGE 221 IN RESPECT OF PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS UNDER THE INTERBOLSA NOTES (AS DEFINED BELOW). NOTEHOLDERS ARE REQUIRED TO TAKE AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AS DESCRIBED HEREIN IN ORDER TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS ON THE INTERBOLSA NOTES FREE FROM PORTUGUESE WITHHOLDING TAX. NOTEHOLDERS MUST RELY ON THE PROCEDURES OF INTERBOLSA TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS UNDER THE INTERBOLSA NOTES.

In respect of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes only and in the case of Notes with loss absorption mechanism: If at any time the CET1 Ratio of the Issuer and/or the Group falls below 5.125 per cent., the outstanding principal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be Written Down by the Write-Down Amount, as further provided in Condition 2(b)(i) (*Loss Absorption Event*). The outstanding principal amount may, in the sole and absolute discretion of the Issuer and subject to certain conditions, be subsequently reinstated (in whole or in part) out of any net profits generated by the Issuer or the Group, as further described in Condition 2(b)(iii) (*Return to Financial Health*).

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), or any U.S. State securities laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act (“**Regulation S**”), unless an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available and in accordance with all applicable securities laws of any state of the United States and any other jurisdiction (see “*Subscription and Sale*” below).

The long-term/short-term ratings currently assigned to the Issuer are A2/P-1 with stable outlook by Moody’s Investors Service España, S.A. (“**Moody’s**”), A-/F1 with positive outlook by Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited (“**Fitch**”) and A/A-1 with stable outlook by S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited (“**S&P**”).

Each of Moody’s, S&P and Fitch is established in the EEA and registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the “**CRA Regulation**”).

The ratings issued by Moody’s, S&P and Fitch have been endorsed by Moody’s Investors Service Ltd, Fitch Ratings Limited and S&P Global Ratings UK Limited, respectively, in accordance with the CRA Regulation as it forms part of United Kingdom (“**UK**”) domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “**UK CRA Regulation**”). Moody’s Investors Service Ltd, Fitch Ratings Limited and S&P Global Ratings UK Limited are established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation. As such, the ratings issued by Moody’s, S&P and Fitch may also be used for regulatory purposes in the UK in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation. The list of registered and certified rating agencies is published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) on its website

(<https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk>) in accordance with the CRA Regulation and by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (“FCA”) on its website (<https://www.fca.org.uk/markets/credit-rating-agencies/registered-certified-cras>) in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation.

Certain Series of Notes to be issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms and will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to any other Notes. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. Whether or not each credit rating applied for in relation to or assigned to a relevant Series of Notes will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the EEA or the UK and registered under the CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms.

Dealers

Banco BPI, S.A.

CaixaBank, S.A.

This Base Prospectus will be published in electronic form on the website of Banco BPI, S.A. (www.bancobpi.pt).

The date of this Base Prospectus is 18 December 2025.

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OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

The following overview does not purport to be complete and is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this Base Prospectus and, in relation to the terms and conditions of any particular Tranche of Notes, the applicable Final Terms. The Issuer and any relevant Dealer may agree that Notes shall be issued in a form other than that contemplated in the Terms and Conditions, in which event, in the case of listed Notes and, if appropriate, a supplement to this Base Prospectus or a new base prospectus will be published.

This Overview constitutes a general description of the Programme for the purposes of Article 25(1)(b) of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2019/980.

The applicable terms of any Notes will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer prior to the issue of the Notes and will be set out either in the “Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes” or in the “Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes” endorsed on or incorporated into, the Notes, as completed by Part A of the applicable Final Terms endorsed on or incorporated into such Notes, as more fully described under “Form of the Notes” below. An individual issue-specific summary will be attached to the Final Terms of the relevant Notes which are admitted to trading on a regulated market and/or are offered to the public in the EEA, in accordance with Article 8(9) of Regulation (EU) No. 2017/1129.

Words and expressions defined in the “Form of Final Terms” and in the “Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes” or the “Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes” shall have the same meanings in this Overview.

Issuer: Banco BPI, S.A. (hereinafter “**Banco BPI**”, “**BPI**”, the “**Issuer**” or the “**Bank**”)

Issuer Legal Entity Identifier (LEI): 3DM5DPGI3W6OU6GJ4N92

Risk Factors: There are certain factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. In addition, there are certain factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme and risks relating to the structure of a particular Series of Notes issued under the Programme. All of these are set out under “*Risk Factors*”.

Dealers: Banco BPI, S.A..

CaixaBank, S.A..

and any other Dealers appointed in accordance with the Programme Agreement.

Agent: Banco BPI, S.A..

Paying Agent:	Banco BPI, S.A..
Programme Size:	Up to EUR 7,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described in the Programme Agreement) outstanding at any time. The Issuer may increase the amount of the Programme in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement.
Distribution:	<p>The Notes may be distributed by way of private placement or public offer and in each case on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis (subject to applicable tax and legal requirements).</p> <p>Only Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements may be distributed by way of a public offer. Any other types of Notes will only be issued with a denomination of at least EUR 100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency) or if issued with a lower denomination and admitted to trading on a regulated market, provided that it is a regulated market or a segment thereof only accessible by qualified (professional) investors.</p>
Listing and Admission to trading:	In respect of Notes which are intended to be listed, application will be made to Euronext or such other stock exchange(s) or markets (including regulated markets) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer for the admission of Notes issued under the Programme to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Lisbon or such other stock exchange(s) or markets (including regulated markets) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer. Notes may, after notification by the CMVM to the supervision authority of the relevant Member State(s) of the EEA in accordance with Article 25 of the Prospectus Regulation, be admitted to trading on the regulated market(s) of and/or be admitted to listing on the stock exchange(s) of any other Member States of the EEA.
Currencies:	Notes can only be issued in such currencies as Interbolsa may from time to time accept. For the time being, Interbolsa will only settle and clear Notes denominated in Euro, U.S. dollars, Sterling, Japanese Yen, Swiss francs, Australian dollars and Canadian dollars.
Issue Restrictions:	Each issue of Notes denominated in a Specified Currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply

with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time.

Maturities:

Such maturities as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, subject to such minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant regulatory authority or any laws or regulations applicable to the Issuer or the specific type of Notes or the relevant Specified Currency, save that (i) in the case of Dated Subordinated Notes, the minimum maturity will be five years, (ii) in the case of Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, there will be no final maturity date, and (iii) any other Notes will not be issued with a maturity of less than 398 (three hundred and ninety eight) days.

Issue Price:

Notes may be issued on a fully-paid basis and at an issue price which is at par or at a discount to, or premium over, par, as set out in the applicable Final Terms.

Form of Notes:

The Notes issued in dematerialised book-entry form (*forma escritural*) are and will be registered (*nominativas*) notes, integrated in and held through Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A. (“**Interbolsa**”), as operator of the Portuguese centralised securities system. The Notes will be held through the accounts of Interbolsa Affiliate Members. CVM currently has links in place with Euroclear Bank, S.A./N.V. (“**Euroclear**”) and Clearstream Banking, S.A., Luxembourg (“**CBL**”) through accounts held by the latter two with Interbolsa Affiliate Members. The form of the Notes is described more comprehensively in “*Form of the Notes, Clearing and Payment*”.

The appropriate ISIN and Common Code for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Interbolsa or by Euroclear / CBL will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Fixed Rate Notes:

Fixed interest will be payable on such date or dates as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and on redemption and will be calculated on the basis of such day count fraction (the “**Day Count Fraction**”) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer. If Reset Provisions are applicable the fixed interest will be reset on one or more date(s) as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Floating Rate Notes:

Notes for which the interest rate is variable will be payable on such basis as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer. The margin of the Notes, if any, relating to such variable rate will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer for each Tranche of Floating Rate Notes. The periods of interest for Floating Rate Notes will be of one, two, three, six or twelve months or such other period(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

Zero Coupon Notes:

These Notes will be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount and will not bear interest.

Redemption:

The Final Terms relating to each Tranche of Notes will indicate either that the relevant Notes cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than for taxation reasons or following an Event of Default, except that no maturity will apply to any Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (or Undated Subordinated Notes) and no Event of Default will apply to any Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes) or that such Notes will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer (following or not a particular regulatory event, as applicable) and/or (only in respect of Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements) the Noteholders upon giving not less than 5 nor more than 30 days' irrevocable notice (or such other notice period (if any) as is indicated in the applicable Final Terms) to the Noteholders or the Issuer, as the case may be, on a date or dates specified prior to such stated maturity and at a price or prices and on such other terms as are indicated in the applicable Final Terms.

Redemption of the Subordinated Notes at the option of the Issuer may only take place after five years from their date of issuance or any different minimum period permitted under the Capital Regulations.

Any early redemption of Notes will be subject to (as applicable) the prior permission of the Relevant Authority (as defined in the Terms and Conditions), as applicable, in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations. For the avoidance of doubt, the Relevant Authority is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will provide such permission (if requested). For the avoidance of doubt, any refusal of the Relevant Authority to grant permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose. Subordinated Notes, Senior Non Preferred Notes or certain Ordinary

Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements where the MREL Disqualification Event has been specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms may be redeemed pursuant to a MREL Disqualification Event only after five years from their date of issuance or such other minimum period permitted under the Capital Regulations (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Applicable MREL Regulations).

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, and unless otherwise determined in the relevant Final Terms, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at a price equal to at least 100 per cent. (at par) of its nominal value on its scheduled maturity date.

Denomination of the Notes:

The Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and as indicated in the applicable Final Terms, save that the minimum denomination of each Note will be such as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency and save that the minimum denomination of each Note that will be admitted to trading on a regulated market will be EUR 1,000, or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency. In the latter case, the equivalent amount shall be determined, at the discretion of the Issuer, either as of the date on which agreement is reached for the issue of the Notes or on the preceding day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Lisbon, in each case on the basis of the spot rate for the sale of the euro against the purchase of such Specified Currency in the foreign exchange market quoted by any leading international bank selected by the Issuer on the relevant day of calculation.

Taxation:

All payments in respect of the Notes by the Issuer will be made without deduction for or on account of withholding taxes imposed by the Republic of Portugal / Tax Jurisdiction, subject as provided in Condition 7 of the Notes. In the event that any such deduction is made, the Issuer, save in certain limited circumstances provided in Condition 7, will not be required to pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so deducted.

Negative Pledge:

Only the Notes which are Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements will have the benefit of a negative pledge in respect of Indebtedness which is in the form of or represented by bonds, notes, debentures or other securities (not comprising, for the avoidance

of doubt, preference shares or other equity securities) but excluding any Covered Bonds.

Limited Rights of Acceleration:

A Noteholder's rights to accelerate Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, Senior Non-Preferred Notes or Subordinated Notes are limited to winding up, as further described in Condition 9. Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes do not award any right of acceleration.

Status of the Senior Notes:

The Senior Notes which specify their status as Ordinary Senior Notes (“**Ordinary Senior Notes**”) or as Senior Non Preferred Notes (“**Senior Non Preferred Notes**”), together with the Ordinary Senior Notes, the “**Senior Notes**”) in the relevant Final Terms constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured (subject to the provisions of Condition 3 in relation to Ordinary Senior Notes which are not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements), unguaranteed and (in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes) unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer.

Ordinary Senior Notes will rank senior to any Senior Non-Preferred Notes and *pari passu* among themselves and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured (subject as aforesaid) and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, from time to time outstanding.

Senior Non-Preferred Notes will rank *pari passu* among themselves and *pari passu* with Senior Non Preferred Liabilities, from time to time outstanding.

Accordingly, the payment obligations in respect of principal and interest rank:

(i) in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes:

(a) *pari passu* among themselves and with any Senior Higher Priority Liabilities; and

(b) senior to (i) Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities and (ii) any present and future subordinated obligations (*créditos subordinados*) of the Issuer; and

(ii) in the case of Senior Non-Preferred Notes:

(a) *pari passu* among themselves and with any Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities;

(b) junior to the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities (and, accordingly, upon the insolvency of the Issuer the claims in respect of Senior Non-Preferred Notes will be met after payment in full of the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities); and

(c) senior to any present and future subordinated obligations (*créditos subordinados*) of the Issuer.

Status of the Subordinated Notes:

The Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured and subordinated obligations of the Issuer as provided below and rank and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other present and future obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or are expressed to rank by law or pursuant to their terms *pari passu* with the Subordinated Notes (if any).

In the event of insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer the claims of the holders of Subordinated Notes against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Subordinated Notes (to the extent permitted by Portuguese law) will:

(i) be subordinated in the manner described in the Terms and Conditions to the claims of all Senior Creditors (including for the avoidance of doubt any creditor to whom the Issuer is liable for any “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR);

(ii) rank at least *pari passu* with the claims of holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or otherwise by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank, *pari passu* with the Subordinated Notes and/or the Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer; and

(iii) rank senior to: (1) the claims of the holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 1 Capital of the Issuer, (2) the claims of holders of all other obligations or securities of the Issuer which by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank junior to the Subordinated Notes and/or Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer and (3) claims of holders of all share capital and/or preference shares of the Issuer.

Status of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes:

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured, unguaranteed and deeply subordinated obligations of the Issuer, and rank and will rank at all times *pari passu* without any preference among themselves.

The claims of the Noteholders against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will, in the event of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding, be subordinated in right of payment in the manner provided in the Terms and Conditions, and will rank:

A. Junior to present or future claims of (a) unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer, and (b) subordinated creditors of the Issuer including Tier 2 holders, other than the present or future claims of creditors that rank or are expressed to rank *pari passu* with or junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (“**Senior Creditors**”, which for the avoidance of doubt includes any creditor to whom the Issuer is liable for any “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR);

B. Senior to holders of the Issuer’s Common Equity Tier 1 instruments and any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes upon the liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital upon the liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer; and

C. *Pari passu* without any preference among themselves and *pari passu* with (a) the existing Additional Tier 1 Instruments of the Issuer, and (b) any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank equally with the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes upon the liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital upon the liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer.

Governing Law:

The Notes and any obligation arising from them will be governed by and construed in accordance with Portuguese law. In accordance with Portuguese law, Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are not classified as bonds (*obrigações*).

Selling and Transferability Restrictions:

The Issuer and the Dealers have agreed certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Notes and on the distribution of offering material. There are restrictions on the offer, sale and transfer of the Notes in the United States, Singapore, Switzerland, Japan, UK and the EEA (including France, Belgium and Spain) and such other restrictions as may be required in connection with the offering and sale of a particular Tranche of Notes, see “*Subscription and Sale*” below.

No Noteholder will be able to transfer the Notes, or any interest therein, except in accordance with Portuguese law and regulations. Notes may only be transferred in accordance with the applicable procedures established by the Portuguese Securities Code and the regulations issued by the CMVM or Interbolsa, as the case may be, and the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa through which the Notes are held.

United States Selling Restrictions:

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in a transaction exempt from or not subject to the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Accordingly, the Notes are being offered and sold only outside the United States in reliance upon Regulation S under the Securities Act. There are also restrictions under United States tax laws on the offer or sale of the Notes. See “*Subscription and Sale*” below.

Clearance and Settlement:

The Notes will be accepted for clearance through one or more Clearing Systems, as specified in the applicable Final Terms. These systems will include those operated by CBL, Euroclear and CVM, the clearing system operated at Interbolsa. The appropriate Common Code and ISIN for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Euroclear, CBL or Interbolsa will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Rating:

Series of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Series of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms and will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to any other Notes. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Representation of the holders of the Notes:

Holders of the Notes may appoint a common representative.

RISK FACTORS

The Issuer believes that the following factors may significantly affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. All of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes may be jeopardised by other causes which may not be considered significant risks by the Issuer based on information currently available or which the Issuer may not currently be able to anticipate. The risk factors described below are classified by categories and listed in order of decreasing materiality within each category, taking into account both the probability that they might occur as well as the expected magnitude of their negative impact. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus or incorporated by reference herein and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

Consequently, the risks and uncertainties discussed below are those that the Issuer views as material, most likely to occur, specific and relevant for an investor to make an informed decision and are supported by the content of this Base Prospectus, but these risks and uncertainties are not the only ones faced by it. Emerging risks and uncertainties, including risks that are not known to the Issuer at present or that the Issuer currently deems immaterial, may also arise or become material in the future, which could lead to a decline in the value of the Notes and a loss of part or all of the investment made by any Noteholder.

In addition, factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are also described below.

In particular, potential Noteholders are alerted to the statements made in the “Taxation” section regarding the tax treatment in Portugal of income in respect of the Notes. Prospective investors must seek their own advice to ensure that they comply with all applicable procedures and to ensure the correct tax treatment of their Notes.

The risk factors have been organised into the following categories:

1. Risk Factors relating to the Issuer and to the Issuer’s business
 - 1.1 Risks relating to the Economic and Financial Environment
 - 1.2 Risks relating to the Issuer’s business
 - 1.3 Legal and Regulatory Risks
 - 1.4 Other risks that may affect the Issuer’s business
2. Risk Factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market and other risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme
3. Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes
4. Certain Tax and Regulatory Risks related to the Notes generally
5. Risks related to the Market generally

The Issuer has assessed the relative materiality of the risk factors based on the probability of their occurrence and the

expected magnitude of their negative impact. The order of the categories does not imply that any category of risk is more material than any other category. Within each category, the most material risks, based on the assessment of the Issuer, are set out first.

1. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE ISSUER AND TO THE ISSUER'S BUSINESS

1.1. Risks relating to the Economic and Financial Environment

Risks arising from changes in the Portuguese economy and current uncertainties in the macroeconomic context

A weaker international economic outlook, a potential increase in geopolitical uncertainty and trade tensions, unexpected changes of economic policy measures (both in the monetary and fiscal fields) and/or the de-anchoring of long-term inflation expectations pose additional challenges to the stability of the global financial system and to the Portuguese economy.

The risks identified may interact together and, should they materialise, mutually enhance one another, with a negative impact, notably, on (i) the Issuer's cost of funding and its ability to issue Notes under the Programme; and (ii) the Portuguese economy, which in turn would have a negative impact on the business of the Issuer.

The Issuer's business activities (including mortgage lending activities) are dependent on the level of banking and financial services required by its customers and borrowers in Portugal, which are, in turn, influenced by the evolution of economic activity, saving levels, investment and employment. Levels of borrowing are particularly dependent on customer confidence, employment trends, the shape of the Portuguese economy and market interest rates.

The current economic environment, in particular in the international front, is still a source of challenge for the Issuer, which may be adversely affected in terms of its business, reputation, financial condition, and results of operations or prospects. The hypothetical return of adverse macroeconomic conditions in Portugal would significantly affect the behaviour and financial situation of the Issuer's clients, and, consequently, the supply and demand of the products and services that the Issuer has to offer.

The Portuguese economy advanced 2.1 per cent. in 2024, below the pace observed in the previous year, reflecting a feeble economic environment among the main trade partners of Portugal and still restrictive monetary policy. Due to weak performance in Q1 2025, the Portuguese economy is unlikely to grow at the same pace as last year. However, in an environment marked by greater price stability and a robust labour market, with an increase in household disposable income, growth is expected to pick up pace for the rest of the year. The final stage of implementation of Next Generation Funds in 2025 and 2026 should promote a more benign environment for both domestic and foreign demand. In this scenario, Portugal is expected to grow 1.9 per cent. in 2025, 2.2 per cent. in 2026, slowing down to 1.7 per cent. in 2027, the first year after the end of the Next Generation programme. Inflation is expected to decline further, falling from 2.7 per cent. in 2024 to 2.2 per cent. this year, 1.9 per cent. in 2026 and 2.0 per cent. in 2027 (*Source: Bank of Portugal, Economic Bulletin, October 2025*).

The euro area economic activity expanded very moderately in 2024: GDP increased 0.9 per cent., reflecting the impact of the restrictive monetary policy for a large part of the year, and constraints in some sectors of activity with a high weight in the European economy, namely automobiles which had an unfavourable impact on the sentiment of the economic agents. The outlook for 2025–2026 is moderately optimistic, as the economy faces the impact of increased tariffs and

greater uncertainty caused by recent abrupt changes in US trade policy and the unpredictability of the final tariff configuration, despite the agreement reached in the meantime. Nevertheless, agents should feel some relief associated with improved financing conditions, the boost from the Recovery and Resilience Facility, and more benign inflation behaviour. These factors should be reflected in improved consumption and investment performance. In this scenario, the euro area is expected to grow 0.9 per cent. in 2025 and 1.4 per cent. in 2026. Prospects for inflation, measured by the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (“**HICP**”), are benign and the gradual disinflation process is seen to prosecute. In 2025, annual inflation is expected to decelerate to 2.1 per cent. and to 1.7 per cent. in 2026. (*Source: European Commission, Spring 2025 Economic Forecast*).

Risks for both Portuguese and euro zone economies mainly rely in the external front and are associated with the impact of changes in US trade policy associated with the application of new tariffs by the US in order to reduce its trade deficit. Indeed, uncertainty in trade policy has increased since the end of 2024 and may impact negatively in these baseline projections, bringing lower growth, higher inflation, and eventually more restrictive monetary policy. An increase on inflation could lead to the repricing in financial markets, increasing volatility and to the potential decline of asset prices. Additionally, geopolitical factors related with the war in Ukraine and the situation in the Middle East, continue to be a risk, in particular causing disruptions mainly in the commodities market with impact on prices, which materialization may halt the disinflationary process, bringing financial conditions again to restrictive field and limiting activity of economic agents. These risks may imply higher inflation rates, monetary policy more restrictive, curbing economic activity. On the upside, risks are more limited, and are associated with an eventual broader agreement to reduce tariffs, pushing up growth and down inflation. Also, a resolution of the conflicts in Ukraine and Middle East may reduce pressures on energy prices with positive impact in the economic activity and in prices. Internally, the greatest risk to political stability could be related to the non-approval of the next state budget. The macroeconomic conditions in Portugal, and their impact on the banking sector in Portugal, could have a material adverse effect in terms of the business, reputation, financial condition, and results of operations or prospects of the Issuer.

Risks to financial stability

The main risks and vulnerabilities to financial stability are (*Source: Bank of Portugal, Financial Stability Report, May 2025*):

- The tensions resulting from military conflicts in Ukraine and the Middle East, compounded by changes in US foreign policy, particularly in the geostrategic and trade areas, increase the likelihood of disruptions in supply chains and trade flows, with negative repercussions on economic growth, inflation and asset prices;
- Global uncertainty and reduced confidence among economic agents tend to negatively affect spending decisions, particularly investment, and asset valuations, increasing risk premiums and penalising financing, especially in international wholesale markets;
- In a context of increased volatility, the probability of sharp corrections in the markets increases, particularly for higher-risk assets. High valuations and risk concentration in the equity markets, particularly in the US technology sector, increase vulnerability to unexpected events;
- Among the main risks for public administrations in the euro area are the possible deterioration in sovereign debt financing conditions given the geopolitical context and the need for public investment in strategic areas,

exacerbated by a possible slowdown in economic activity. In the medium term, budgetary challenges will be marked by increased defence spending which, despite a potential positive contribution to the European economy, directly and indirectly, through innovation and technological development, may require higher tax revenue and/or indebtedness

- In the Portuguese property market, the effects of adverse conditions on demand and prices are likely to be limited in the short and medium term. The sharp rise in prices in the residential segment has been sustained by the increase in disposable income, demand from foreign residents and non-residents, rising construction costs and a slow adjustment in supply;
- In the short term, the direct impact on Portugal of the change in US trade policy should be limited and confined to specific sectors, affecting mainly the most export-oriented sectors, such as manufacturing and, to a lesser extent, trade. Among manufacturing companies, the concentration of sales in the US market is limited. However, the indirect effects, resulting from increased uncertainty affecting investment and consumption decisions, could worsen economic activity and financing conditions;
- In the non-banking financial sector, risks remain limited. This sector, which is small in size and has few direct and indirect interconnections with the various resident institutional sectors, is mainly exposed to developments in international financial markets. The preponderance of closed-end funds in real estate investment funds and the greater liquidity of these funds mitigate the risks. In the insurance sector, resilience is supported, inter alia, by solvency levels that are materially above regulatory requirements;
- The current geopolitical context, which hampers international commitments, exacerbates structural risks to financial stability, such as those associated with climate change and digitalisation. These risks affect all sectors of the economy, including the financial sector. The banking sector must continue to make conscious use of new technologies, managing new risks such as cyber risk, fraud, or dependence on a limited number of technology service providers.

Factors such as interest rates, security prices, credit spreads, liquidity spreads, exchange rates, consumer spending, changes in client behaviour, business investment, real estate values and private equity valuations, government spending, inflation or deflation, the volatility and strength of the capital markets, political events and trends, war, terrorism, pandemics and epidemics or other widespread health emergencies all impact the economy and financial markets, whether directly or indirectly, including by increasing the sovereign debt of certain countries and intensifying volatility and widening credit spreads, which could in turn have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, results and financial condition, and its ability to access capital and liquidity on acceptable financial terms.

These factors, among other things, may restrict the European economic recovery and the global economy, with a corresponding effect on the Issuer's business, results of operations and financial conditions.

Risks arising from raising tariffs may have a corresponding effect on the Issuer's business, results of operations and financial condition

Direct consequences of this are still uncertain, eroding confidence, increasing the risk of global fragmentation, hitting economic growth and the deflationary process. It also may imply higher volatility in the financial markets leading to devaluation of the financial assets. The uncertainty caused by these, and other events and trends has resulted in, and may

continue to result in, increased volatility in the financial markets and a deterioration of the economic capacity of the Issuer's counterparties, which could ultimately reduce the availability of funds. Any consequent losses experienced by the Issuer could adversely affect its business activities, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks arising from the ongoing developments between Russia and Ukraine may have a corresponding effect on the Issuer's business, results of operations and financial condition

The nonresolution of the war continues to be a factor of uncertainty. If it intensifies somehow, consequences are difficult to predict. Any further escalation of this conflict may increasingly affect policies on trade, production, duties and taxation globally, and further disrupt supply chains across Europe. The Russia-Ukraine conflict has already had a direct impact on the global economy and financial markets, causing commodity price volatility, increased inflation, problems related to the massive inflow of Ukrainian refugees, increased funding costs and execution risks related to debt issuance in the capital markets and the valuation of bonds in bank portfolios. The uncertainty caused by these and other events and trends has resulted in, and may continue to result in, increased volatility in the financial markets and a deterioration of the economic capacity of the Issuer's counterparties, which could ultimately reduce the availability of funds. Any consequent losses experienced by the Issuer could adversely affect its business activities, financial condition, and results of operations.

Risks arising from the conflicts in the Middle East may have a corresponding effect on the Issuer's business, results of operations and financial condition

These conflicts appear geographically localized, but they are volatile conflicts with a high potential for destabilization. The main channels of contagion for the world economy, in general, and for the euro zone, in particular, would be via expectations and energy prices. At the moment, energy markets are not showing signs of alarm: crude oil prices are below last year levels and seems to react more to signs of a global economic slowdown and announcements of production increases.

The uncertainty caused by these and other events and trends has resulted in, and may continue to result in, increased volatility in the financial markets and a deterioration of the economic capacity of the Issuer's counterparties, which could ultimately reduce the availability of funds. Any consequent losses experienced by the Issuer could adversely affect its business activities, financial condition and results of operations.

1.2. Risks relating to the Issuer's business

The inability of clients and other counterparties to meet their financial obligations or the Issuer's inability to fully enforce its rights against counterparties could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's results

The Issuer is exposed to the credit risk of its customers, to concentration risk in its credit exposure and to the credit risk of its counterparties. Risks arising from changes in credit quality and the repayment of loans and amounts due from borrowers and counterparties are inherent in a wide range of the Issuer's businesses. Adverse changes in the credit quality of the Issuer's borrowers and counterparties or a general deterioration in Portuguese or global economic conditions, or arising from systemic risks in financial systems, could affect recovery and, accordingly, the value of the Issuer's assets and require an increase in the Issuer's provision for credit impairment and other related provisions, and accordingly would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, capital position and results of the Issuer.

In addition, the Issuer is subject to the risk that its rights against third parties may not be enforceable in all circumstances. The deterioration or perceived deterioration in the credit quality of third parties whose securities or obligations the Issuer holds could result in losses and/or adversely affect its ability to rehypothecate or otherwise use those securities or obligations for liquidity purposes. The termination of contracts and the foreclosure on collateral may subject the Issuer to claims. Bankruptcies, downgrades, lack of liquidity, inflation rates and disputes with counterparties as to the valuation of collateral tend to increase in times of market stress and illiquidity. Any of these developments or losses could materially and adversely affect the Issuer's business and results.

As at 30 June 2025, the Issuer's total credit risk exposure was €40,958 million (compared to €39,843 million as at 31 December 2024). The balance of Non-Performing Exposures ("NPEs") amounted to €531 million as at 30 June 2025 and €487 million as at 30 September 2025 (compared to €540 million as at 31 December 2024), representing, respectively, 1.3 per cent. and 1.2 per cent. of the Issuer's gross credit exposure (EBA criteria).

Market risk faced by the Issuer could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's results

The Issuer's businesses, by their nature, do not produce predictable earnings and are materially affected by conditions in the global financial markets and economic conditions generally, both directly and through their impact on client activity levels and creditworthiness.

Market risk reflects the potential loss that may be incurred on a given portfolio of assets as a result of changes in market interest, interest rate, inflation and exchange rates and/or in the market prices of the various financial instruments which comprise that portfolio, taking into account the correlation and volatilities between those assets.

Risk analysis and management is performed on an integrated basis, involving the whole Group, by BPI's risk division.

It is difficult to predict with accuracy changes in economic or market conditions and to anticipate the effect that such changes could have on the Issuer's financial condition and on the results of its operations.

The most significant market risk the Issuer faces is interest rate risk. Changes in interest rate levels, yield curves and spreads may affect the interest rate margin realised between lending and borrowing costs.

The Issuer has implemented risk management policies to mitigate and control this and other market risks to which the Issuer is exposed and such exposures are constantly measured and monitored. However, it is difficult to accurately predict changes in economic or market conditions and to anticipate their effects on the Issuer's business activity, financial condition and the results of its operations.

A significant downward movement in global capital markets could have an adverse impact on the Issuer's activity, results and on the value of the assets comprising the Issuer's investment portfolio, as well as on the value of the assets that comprise its pension fund portfolio. If the value of the assets in the Issuer's pension fund deteriorates, the Issuer may be required to make additional contributions to the fund and, consequently, this may have a negative impact on the Issuer's ability to allocate its net profit to the development of its business activity.

Volatility in interest rates or monetary policy could adversely affect the Issuer's business

Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond the Issuer's control, including monetary policies implemented by the ECB, as well as domestic and international economic and political conditions. Overall, central banks' interest rate cuts could lead to a compression of net margins and significant drops in interest rates can be expected to have an adverse effect

on the Issuer's net interest income, with a low-interest rate environment making it more difficult to achieve growth. On the other hand, higher interest rates could lead to certain borrowers becoming unable to service their debts, resulting in a higher proportion of non-performing loans.

Inflationary pressures have significantly increased since 2022 because of the Russia-Ukraine conflict. In this context, several central banks, including the ECB, signalled the need to accelerate the removal of monetary policy stimuli. In addition to the high volatility seen in the interest rate markets and in financial markets globally, with a general rise in risk premia, the perspective of a sharp increase in interest rates has generated fears of deceleration or even contraction in global economic activity.

A rise in interest rates could reduce customer demand for credit, which could in turn reduce the Issuer's ability to originate credit for its customers, as well as contribute to an increase in the default rate of its customers.

On 21 July 2022, the ECB decided to begin a cycle of increases of the euro area interest rates, in an effort to curb the record inflation prevailing in the eurozone, with the deposit facility having reached 4.0 per cent. at the end of that cycle in September 2023. Meanwhile, as inflation had started to fall, at its 6 June 2024 meeting, the ECB began a cycle of interest rate cuts with a 25 basis points decrease in the deposit facility. Subsequently, at its 12 September 2024, 17 October 2024, and 12 December 2024 meetings, the ECB decided to further lower the interest rates by 25 basis points in each meeting resulting in a total decrease of 100 basis points, reaching 3.0 per cent.. Most recently, on 30 January 2025, 6 March 2025 and 17 April 2025, the ECB decided to lower the deposit facility rate by an additional 25 basis points on each meeting, leading the deposit facility rate to 2.25 per cent.. In 2024, Banco BPI's Net interest income was €979.0 million, representing a 3.2 per cent. increase versus 2023 Net interest income of €948.9 million. In the first half of 2025, Banco BPI's Net interest income was of €442 million, representing a 10.1 per cent. decrease versus the first half 2024 Net interest income of €491.7 million.

If the Issuer is unable, for any reason, to re-price or adjust the rates on its interest earning assets, in response to changes in rates on its interest-bearing liabilities, in an expedited or effective manner, as a result of economic or other reasons, the Issuer's interest income margins would be adversely affected, which may in turn negatively affect its business and financial performance.

Operational Risks faced by the Issuer such as systems disruptions or failures, breaches of security, cyber-attacks, human error, changes in operational practices, inadequate controls including in respect of third parties with which the Issuer does business, may adversely impact its reputation, business and results

Operational risk represents the risk of losses or of a negative impact on the relationship with clients or other stakeholders resulting from inadequate or negligent application of internal procedures, or from people behaviour, information systems, or external events. Operational risk also includes the business/strategic risk (*i.e.*, the risk of losses through fluctuations in volume, business, earnings, prices or costs) and legal risk (*i.e.*, the risk of losses arising from non-compliance with the regulations in force or resulting from legal action).

The Issuer's business is dependent on its ability to process a very large number of transactions efficiently and accurately. Operational risk and losses can result from fraud, errors by employees, failure to document transactions properly or to obtain proper internal authorisation, failure to comply with regulatory requirements and conduct of business rules, equipment failures (including due to a computer virus or a failure to anticipate or prevent cyber-attacks or other attempts

to gain unauthorised access to digital systems for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, or impairing operational performance, or security breaches by third parties), natural disasters or the failure of external systems such as, for example, those of the Issuer's suppliers or counterparties.

In addition, the Issuer and its activities are increasingly dependent on highly sophisticated information technology (IT) systems. IT systems are vulnerable to a number of problems, such as software or hardware malfunctions, computer viruses, hacking and physical damage to vital IT centres. IT systems need regular upgrading and banks, including the Issuer, may not be able to implement necessary upgrades on a timely basis or upgrades may fail to function as planned. Furthermore, failure to protect financial industry operations from cyberattacks could result in the loss or compromise of customer data or other sensitive information. A breach of sensitive customer data, such as account numbers, could have a significant reputational impact and significant legal and/or regulatory costs for the Issuer. These threats are increasingly sophisticated and any failure to execute the Issuer's risk management and control policies successfully, particularly, any loss in the integrity and resilience of key systems and processes, data thefts, cyber-attacks, denial of service attacks or breaches of data protection requirements, may adversely affect the Issuer's business, reputation, financial condition and results of operation or prospects.

The Issuer's risk and exposure to these matters remains heightened because of the evolving nature and complexity of these threats from cybercriminals and hackers, its plans to continue to provide internet banking and mobile banking channels, and its plans to develop additional remote connectivity solutions to serve its customers. The Issuer may incur increasing costs in seeking to minimise these risks and could be held liable for any security breach or data loss.

Liquidity risk faced by the Issuer which may depend on the ECB for funding

Liquidity risk reflects the risk that the Issuer may be unable to fulfil its payment obligations upon maturity without significant losses arising from a deterioration of financing conditions (financing risk) and/or from the sale of its assets for a value below market values (market liquidity risk).

The Issuer's practices reflect the utilisation of diversified and stable funding sources, in particular deposits, as well as the maintenance of highly liquid assets, which comply with the ECB's eligibility criteria.

Basel III recommendations endorse the implementation of short and medium/long-term liquidity coverage ratios, known as Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") and Net Stable Funding Ratio ("NSFR"). The LCR addresses the sufficiency of high-quality liquidity assets to meet short-term liquidity needs in a severe stress scenario.

The LCR (last 12-month average) and NSFR ratios of the Issuer, computed in line with the CRD IV standards and EBA guidelines, was 210 per cent. as at 30 June 2025 and 199 per cent. as at 30 September 2025 (compared to 214 per cent. as at 31 December 2024) and 141 per cent. as at 30 June 2025 and 139 per cent. as at 30 September 2025 (compared to 141 per cent. as at 31 December 2024), respectively.

The ECB makes funding available to European banks that satisfy certain conditions, including pledging eligible collateral. As at 30 September 2025, the Issuer did not have any funding from the ECB (similarly to 31 December 2024). As at 30 September 2025, the Issuer's portfolio of securities eligible for rediscount with the ECB was of €10.0 billion (compared to €9.0 billion on 31 December 2024).

The ECB establishes the valuation and eligibility criteria that eligible securities must meet in order to be used in repo

transactions with financial institutions. Downgrades of the credit rating of Portugal or Portuguese companies, or changes to the valuations or eligibility criteria, can have a negative impact on the portfolio of securities eligible for that purpose and reduce the liquidity lines available from the ECB. The amount of ECB funding is tied to the value of collateral provided. If the value of the Issuer's Group assets declines, the amount of funding it can obtain from the ECB will also decline. The inability of the Issuer to anticipate and provide for unforeseen decreases or changes in funding sources could have consequences on the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations when they fall due.

The Issuer operates in highly competitive markets, including its home market, and may not be able to increase or maintain its market share, which may have an adverse effect on its results

Structural changes in the Portuguese economy over the past several years have significantly increased competition in the Portuguese banking sector.

The Issuer faces intense competition in all of its areas of operation (including, among others, banking, investment banking, specialised credit and asset management). The competitors of the Issuer in the Portuguese market are Portuguese commercial banks, savings and investment banks and foreign banks that entered the Portuguese market. The principal competitors of the Issuer in the banking sector (ranking in terms of assets as at 31 December 2024) are Banco Santander Totta, S.A. ("**Banco Santander Totta**"), Caixa Geral de Depósitos, S.A. ("**Caixa Geral de Depósitos**"), Banco Comercial Português, S.A. ("**Millennium bcp**") and Novo Banco, S.A. ("**Novo Banco**").

Mergers and acquisitions involving the largest Portuguese banks have resulted in a significant concentration of market share.

Competition could also increase due to new entrants (including non-bank and financial technology competitors) in the markets in which the Issuer operates that may have new operating models that are not burdened by potentially costly legacy operations and that are subject to reduced regulation. New entrants may rely on new technologies, advanced data and analytic tools, lower cost to serve, reduced regulatory burden and/or faster processes in order to challenge traditional banks. Developments in technology have also accelerated the use of new business models and the Issuer may not be successful in adapting to this pace of change or may incur significant costs in adapting its business and operations to meet such changes. In particular, the emergence of disintermediation in the financial sector resulting from new banking, lending and payment solutions offered by rapidly evolving incumbents, challengers and new entrants, in particular with respect to payment services and products (e.g. Fintechs), and the introduction of disruptive technology, may impede the Issuer's ability to grow or retain its market share and impact its revenues and profitability

There is no assurance that the Issuer will be able to compete effectively in some or all segments in which it operates, or that it will be able to maintain or increase the level of its results of operations.

Credit ratings are not recommendations and ratings may be lowered, withdrawn or qualified

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Notes. The Issuer is under no obligation to maintain any rating for itself or for the Notes. Ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks discussed in this section and any other factors that may affect the value of the Notes.

A securities rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation. Each securities rating should be evaluated independently of

any other securities rating. In the event that any rating initially assigned to the Notes is subsequently lowered, withdrawn or qualified for any reason, the Issuer will not be obliged to provide any credit facilities or credit enhancement to restore the original rating. Any such lowering, withdrawal or qualification of a rating may have an adverse effect on the liquidity and market price of the Notes.

Ratings assigned to the Notes assess the likelihood of full and timely payment of the interest due on each Interest Payment Date to holders of the Notes, and of the ultimate payment of principal in relation to the Notes either on their Final Maturity Date or on the Extended Maturity Date, as applicable. Ratings only address the credit risks associated with the transaction. Other non-credit risks are not addressed but may have a significant effect on yield for investors. Due to the methodology used by the main rating agencies, the Issuer's credit rating may be affected by the rating of Portugal's sovereign debt. If Portugal's sovereign debt is downgraded, the Issuer's credit rating is likely to be downgraded by an equivalent amount.

In addition, the negative economic impact which may be caused by events such as certain meteorological conditions, natural disasters, fires or widespread health crises or the fear of such crises (such as COVID-19) may result in downgrades to the ratings assigned to the Notes. If any rating assigned to the Notes is lowered or withdrawn, the market value of the Notes may be reduced.

European regulated institutions are in general restricted from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes in the EEA under the CRA Regulation, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EEA and registered under the CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by third country non-EEA credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EEA-registered credit rating agency or the relevant third country rating agency is certified in accordance with the CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended, subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances).

Investors regulated in the UK are subject to similar restrictions under the UK CRA Regulation. As such, UK regulated investors are required to use, for UK regulatory purposes, ratings issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation. In the case of ratings issued by third country non-UK credit rating agencies, third country credit ratings can either be: (a) endorsed by a UK registered credit rating agency; or (b) issued by a third country credit rating agency that is certified in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation. Note that this is subject, in each case, to (a) the relevant UK registration, certification or endorsement, as applicable, not having been withdrawn or suspended; and (b) transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances. In the case of third country ratings, for a certain limited period of time, transitional relief accommodates for the continued use, for UK regulatory purposes, of existing pre-2021 ratings, provided that the relevant conditions are satisfied.

If the status of the rating agency rating the Notes changes for the purposes of the CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation, relevant regulated investors may no longer be able to use the rating for regulatory purposes in the EEA or the UK, as applicable, and the Notes may have a different regulatory treatment, which may impact the value of the Notes and their liquidity in the secondary market. Certain information with respect to credit rating agencies and ratings is set out on the cover of this Base Prospectus.

The Issuer has not requested a rating of the Notes from any rating agency other than the Rating Agencies. However, there can be no assurance as to whether any other rating agency will rate the Notes and what rating it may assign the Notes.

The long term/short term ratings currently assigned to the Issuer are A2/P-1 with stable outlook by Moody's, A-/F1 with positive outlook by Fitch and A/A-1 with stable outlook by S&P.

International Financial equity holdings and currency risk

The Issuer holds financial investments in two African banks: 33.35 per cent. stake in Banco de Fomento Angola, S.A. ("**BFA**") capital, which operates in commercial banking in Angola and a 35.7 per cent. stake in Banco Comercial e de Investimentos, S.A. ("**BCI**"), which operates in commercial banking in Mozambique.

In addition, international equity holdings are exposed to foreign exchange risk, which is reflected mainly in the statements of income and in the balance sheets of BFA and BCI. It is relevant for these purposes the changes in the exchange rates of local currencies against the euro and in the exchange rate of the U.S. dollar against the euro, due to the high use of the U.S. dollar in these economies, which explains that a significant share of business customer is expressed in U.S. dollars.

Consequently, even if the amount of revenues, costs and profits of the Issuer's Group remain unchanged in local currency, changes in exchange rates may affect the amount of income, costs and profits declared in the statement of income of the Issuer's Group.

The currency exposure of the Issuer results mainly from the banking activity of BFA in Angola, but also, although to a much lesser extent, the activity of BCI in Mozambique. The currency of Angola is the Kwanza, but the high use of the U.S. dollar in the Angolan economy explains that a considerable share of business with clients of BFA is expressed in U.S. dollars.

A substantial portion of revenue and costs are thus expressed in U.S. dollars or indexed to it.

If the value of the euro was to rise significantly against other currencies, especially the U.S. dollar and the Kwanza, the values of equity method consolidated income expressed in these currencies would translate into relatively lower values when converted to euros.

Risk of changes in the organization of partnerships may adversely affect the business and activities of the Issuer's Group

There are some activities of the Issuer's Group which are partially related to partnerships in various activities with other companies that are not under the control of the Issuer's Group, in particular the activities of bancassurance. These activities depend in part on such partners which the Issuer's Group does not control. A change in any of these partnerships may adversely affect the business and activities of the Issuer's Group.

1.3. Legal and Regulatory Risks

The Issuer is subject to substantial regulation, as well as regulatory and governmental oversight. Adverse regulatory developments or changes could have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations and financial condition

The Issuer operates in a highly regulated industry and, accordingly, could be adversely affected by regulatory changes in Portugal, the EU or foreign countries in which it operates. Although the Issuer works closely with its regulators and

continually monitors this situation, future changes in regulation, taxation or other policies can be unpredictable and are beyond its control. Extensive regulation by, among others, the ECB, the Bank of Portugal, EBA, ESMA, and the CMVM could hinder the Issuer's growth by increasing compliance costs and/or reducing profitability.

The implementation in the EU of Basel III has led to the approval of the package comprised of Directive 2013/36/EU (as amended, the "**CRD IV**"), implemented in Portugal by Decree-Law no. 157/2014, of 24 October 2014, and Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013, on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms, amending Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012 (as amended, the "**CRR**", and, together with the CRD IV, "**CRD IV/CRR**"). The CRD IV/CRR reinforced the capital requirements of banks, imposing different minimum capital ratios (e.g. CET1 ratio, Tier 1 ratio and total ratio), and changed the definition of regulatory capital. The CRD IV includes general rules, supervision powers, and requirements relating to wages, governance and disclosure, having also introduced the following additional capital buffers, to be met with CET1:

- (a) capital conservation buffer of 2.5 per cent. of RWA;
- (b) countercyclical capital buffer rate of between 0 and 2.5 per cent. of RWA, pursuant to the conditions to be established by the competent authorities; and
- (c) systemic risk buffer: (i) applicable to institutions of global systemic importance: between 1 and 3.5 per cent. of RWA; (ii) applicable to other institutions of systemic importance: between 0 and 2 per cent. of RWA; and (iii) macroprudential systemic risk: between 1 and 3 per cent. or between 3 and 5 per cent. of RWA, depending on the economic situation.

While the final Basel III standards were set to be implemented starting from January 2022 with the output capital floor being phased-in, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, implementation has been deferred by one-year to increase the operational capacity of banks and supervisors to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. These reforms started from 1 January 2023 and will be phased in over five years.

In the exercise of its powers as national macro-prudential authority, the Bank of Portugal decided to set the countercyclical buffer rate at 0 per cent. of the total risk exposure amount ("**TREA**"), with effect from 1 January 2016. This buffer applies to all credit exposures to the domestic private non-financial sector of credit institutions and investments firms in Portugal subject to the supervision of the Bank of Portugal or the ECB (Single Supervisory Mechanism), as applicable. The Bank of Portugal's last review of the countercyclical buffer was on 30 September 2024, having confirmed the 0 per cent. rate of the TREA for the third quarter of 2024. This decision is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

On 30 November 2023, the Bank of Portugal identified banking groups as Other Systemically Important Institutions ("**O-SIIs**"). The capital buffer requirement set for the Issuer, as a percentage of total risk exposure amount, is 0.500 per cent. as of 1 January 2024.

The Issuer has been notified of the decision of the ECB regarding minimum capital requirements and leverage ratio for 2026, following the outcome of the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process ("**SREP**").

Thus, from 1 January 2026, the Issuer must comply with the following minimum prudential requirements: 10.1 per cent. for the Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital ratio, 12.0 per cent. for the Tier 1 capital ratio, 14.5 per cent. for the total own funds' ratio. The Pillar 1 requirement for the leverage ratio was maintained at 3 per cent..

In September 2025, as shown in the following table, BPI exceeded all requirements.

	Capital ratios 30.09.2025	Minimum requirements from 1 January 2026			
		Total	Of which		
			Pilar 1	Pilar 2	Buffers ¹
CET1	14.3%	10.10%	4.50%	1.10%	4.50%
Tier 1	15.7%	12.00%	6.00%	1.50%	4.50%
Total Capital	17.8%	14.50%	8.00%	2.00%	4.50%
Leverage ratio	7.4%	3.00%	3.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Bank of Portugal has announced the implementation of a countercyclical reserve of 0.75 per cent. for 2026, applicable to risk-weighted credit exposure to the non-financial private sector in Portugal.

The CRD IV and CRR were further strengthened by Regulation (EU) No. 2019/876 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019, amending the CRR as regards the leverage ratio, the NSFR, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, and reporting and disclosure requirements (as amended, “**CRR II**”), and by Directive (EU) 2019/878 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019, amending the CRD IV as regards exempted entities, financial holding companies, mixed financial holding companies, remuneration, supervisory measures and powers, and capital conservation measures (as amended, “**CRD V**”). The CRR II and CRD V introduced a new market risk framework, revisions to the large exposures regime and NSFR. The NSFR is intended to ensure that institutions are not overly reliant on short-term funding. The CRR II’s application was staggered, in accordance with Article 3 of the CRR II, from 27 June 2019 to 28 June 2023. The CRD V amends the CRD IV and was transposed into Portuguese law on 9 December 2022 by Law no. 23-A/2022, of 9 December.

Recent developments in the banking market suggest that even stricter rules may be applied by a new framework (“**Basel IV**”), which would require more stringent capital requirements and greater financial disclosure. Basel IV is likely to introduce higher leverage ratios, more detailed disclosure of reserves and the use of standardised models, rather than banks’ internal models, for the calculation of capital requirements and is expected to be implemented in the EU on 1 January 2025, in accordance with the latest decision of the EC in October 2021.

Following the publication of Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD (“**BRRD2**”), credit institutions will also be subject to more burdensome capital and other legal requirements, as these become applicable. On 9 December 2022, Law no. 23-A/2022, of 9 December, transposing the BRRD2 was promulgated and entered into force. Certain of BRRD2’s requirements relate to the implementation of the

¹ Capital conservation buffer (2.5%), other systemically important institutions buffer (0.5%), countercyclical capital buffer (0.7% pro-forma as of 30 September 2025; updated quarterly) and sectorial systemic risk buffer (0.8% with reference to exposure on 30 September 2025).

total loss absorbing capacity (“**TLAC**”) standard applying from January 2022. The TLAC standard requires global systematically important banks to hold certain ratios of instruments and liabilities (as a percentage of their respective RWA), which should be available during resolution to absorb losses.

Implementation of the TLAC/MREL Requirements was phased in from 1 January 2019 (a 16 per cent. minimum TLAC requirement) to 1 January 2022 (an 18 per cent. minimum TLAC requirement).

In addition to the above, on 26 January 2021, the EC launched a targeted public consultation on technical aspects of a new review of BRRD (“**BRRD III**”), the SRM Regulation (“**SRM III**”), and Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on deposit guarantee schemes (as amended). This public consultation was open until 20 April 2021 and split into two main sections: a section covering the general objectives of the review, and a section seeking technical feedback on stakeholders’ experience with the COVID-19 crisis and framework and the need for changes in the future framework, notably regarding (i) resolution, liquidation and other available measures to handle banking crises, (ii) level of harmonisation of creditor hierarchy in the EU and impact on the ‘no creditor worse off’ principle, and (iii) depositor insurance. Further work will be needed and legislative proposals on this topic are still expected.

Consequently, the Issuer could face more intense and complex regulation, increasing its compliance costs. If the Issuer is required to raise its regulatory capital but is unable to do so on acceptable terms, it may have to reduce its RWA and possibly dispose of core or other non-core businesses on unfavourable terms, including at lower prices. Changes to the manner in which regulatory capital is calculated could adversely affect the Issuer’s current capital ratios. In this context, a new regime that establishes the rules for banking activity (the “**Banking Activity Code**”) (*Código da Atividade Bancária*), which aims to replace the General Regime for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies (the “**RGICSF**”) (*Regime Geral das Instituições de Crédito e Sociedades Financeiras*) has been subject to public consultation. The proposed Banking Activity Code introduces changes and/or updates on matters of, among others, internal governance, conflicts of interest and related parties, non-cooperative offshore tax jurisdictions, duties of information and administrative procedures and supervisor enforcement. As of the date of this Base Prospectus, no further legislative procedures have been developed.

The Issuer’s continued implementation of these measures may also have a significant impact on its capital and on its assets and liabilities management, as new regulations may restrict or limit the type or volume of transactions in which the Issuer participates or introduce changes to the fees and commissions charged by the Issuer on certain loans or other products. Any of these events may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer’s business, financial condition and on the results of its operations.

Borrower’s protection laws may limit the Issuer’s actions and have a material adverse effect on the Issuer’s business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations or prospects

Existing legal and regulatory frameworks impose obligations for credit institutions to ensure protection for borrowers, including, implementing procedures for gathering information, contacting borrowers, monitoring the execution of loan agreements and managing default risk situations; the duty to assess the financial capacity of borrowers and present default correction proposals adapted to the borrower’s situation; and drawing up a plan for restructuring debts emerging from home loans or replacing mortgage foreclosures that in some cases of extra-judicial procedures may restrict the Issuer’s

options to (i) terminate the relevant agreements; (ii) initiate judicial proceedings against the borrower; (iii) assign its credits over the borrower; or (iv) transfer its contractual position to a third party. These legal and regulatory frameworks for borrower's protection are expected to continue in the future.

Any existing or future legislation and regulation for the protection of borrowers may limit the Issuer's rights with respect to their powers over defaulting clients and, as a result, may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations or prospects.

The Issuer is subject to the European recovery and resolution framework, which dictates the procedures and measures available for any resolution of the Issuer, including the bail-in tool

In May 2014, the EU Council and the EU Parliament approved a Directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 15 May 2014, establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, as amended, the “**BRRD**”). The BRRD aims to equip national authorities with harmonised tools and powers to promptly tackle crises in banks and investment firms and to minimise costs for taxpayers. These tools and powers include:

- (a) preparatory and preventive measures (including the requirement for banks to have recovery and resolution plans);
- (b) early supervisory intervention (including powers for authorities to take early action to address emerging problems); and
- (c) resolution tools, including bail-in, which are intended to ensure the continuity of essential services and manage the failure of a credit institution in an orderly way; these tools may be used when the authorities consider an institution's failure has become highly likely and a threat is posed to public interest.

The BRRD was implemented in Portugal by a number of legislative acts, including Law no. 23-A/2022, of 9 December, as amended, which have amended the RGICSF, including the requirements for the application of preventive measures, supervisory intervention and resolution tools to credit institutions and investment firms in Portugal.

The implementation of resolution measures must pursue any of the following objectives:

- Ensure the continuity of essential financial services;
- Prevent serious consequences to financial stability;
- Safeguard public treasury and taxpayers' interests by minimising the use of public funds;
- Safeguard depositors and investors' confidence; or
- Protect the funds and assets held for and on behalf of clients and related investment services.

For the purposes of applying resolution measures, an institution is considered to be failing or likely to fail when, in the near future:

- The institution is, or is likely to be, in breach of its requirements for maintaining its licence;
- The institution's assets have or are likely to become lower than its liabilities;

- The institution is, or is likely to be, unable to pay its debt as it falls due; or
- Extraordinary public financial support is required.

Upon the entry into force, on 1 January 2016, of Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014, of 15 July 2014, establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund, amending Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 (“**SRM Regulation**”), as amended from time to time, the Bank of Portugal’s powers as resolution authority in relation to certain credit institutions, including the Issuer, were transferred to the resolution authority within the Banking Union established by the SRM Regulation - the “**Single Resolution Board**”.

The resolution measures that can be implemented by the resolution authority, either individually or in conjunction, are, notably:

- (i) Sale of business tool: transfer to a purchaser, by decision of the resolution authority, of shares or other ownership instruments or of some or all rights and obligations, corresponding to assets, liabilities, off-balance sheet items and assets under management, of the institution under resolution, without the consent of its shareholders or of any third party other than the acquirer;
- (ii) Bridge institution tool: establishment of a bridge institution by the resolution authority, to which shares or other ownership instruments or some or all rights and obligations, corresponding to assets, liabilities, off-balance sheet items and assets under management, of the institution under resolution are transferred without the consent of its shareholders or of any third party;
- (iii) Asset separation tool (to be used only in conjunction with another resolution measure): transfer, by decision of the resolution authority, of rights and obligations, corresponding to assets, liabilities, off-balance sheet items and assets under management, of an institution under resolution or of a bridge institution to one or more asset management vehicles, without the consent of the shareholders of the institutions under resolution or of any third party other than the bridge institution. Asset management vehicles are legal persons fully or partially owned by the relevant resolution fund;
- (iv) Bail-in tool: write-down or conversion by the resolution authority of certain obligations of an institution under resolution, as defined under the applicable law (other than, for instance, covered deposits and secured obligations, such as covered bonds). In exceptional circumstances, when the bail-in tool is implemented, the resolution authority may exclude or partially exclude certain liabilities from the application of the write-down or conversion powers. This exception shall apply when strictly necessary and proportionate and shall fall under the specific requirements provided by law. Resolution measures may be applied to institutions if the resolution authority considers that an institution and/or certain other members of the institution's group meet the following conditions (“**Resolution Conditions**”): (a) they are failing or likely to fail, (b) there is no reasonable prospect that such failure will be avoided within a reasonable timeframe by the adoption of measures by the institution and/or certain other members of its group, the application of early intervention measures or of a Non-Viability Loss Absorption Measure (as defined below), (c) a resolution action pursues any of the public interests listed above and (d) such public interests would not be pursued more effectively by the commencement of winding-up proceedings against the relevant institution.

When applying any resolution measure, the resolution authority shall ensure that an institution's first losses are borne by its shareholders, followed by its creditors (except depositors covered by a deposit guarantee scheme), in an equitable manner and in accordance with the order of priority of the various classes of creditors under normal insolvency proceedings. Resolution measures are not subject to the prior consent of an institution's shareholders or of the contractual parties related to assets, liabilities, off-balance sheet items and assets under management to be sold or transferred. These actions may have a direct impact on shareholders and on the Issuer's Group expected returns and an indirect impact through changes to the institution's business activities.

If an order were to be made under the RGICSF currently in force in respect of an entity (including the Issuer), such action may affect the entity's ability to satisfy its existing contractual obligations (including limiting its capacity to meet repayment obligations). The use of resolution tools could result in the cancellation, modification or conversion of any unsecured portion of the liability in respect of the Notes and/or in other modifications to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes and/or the Programme Documents.

The bail-in resolution tool may be used alone or in combination with other resolution tools, where the resolution authority considers that an institution meets the Resolution Conditions. This empowers the resolution authority to write down certain claims of unsecured creditors of a failing institution and/or to convert certain unsecured debt claims into equity, potentially subject to any future application of the general bail-in tool.

Although there are pre-conditions for the exercise of the bail-in power, there remains uncertainty regarding the specific factors which the relevant resolution authority may consider when deciding whether or not to exercise the bail-in power with respect to the relevant financial institution and/or securities issued by that institution.

In addition to the resolution tools described above, the RGICSF further empowers the resolution authorities to permanently write-down or convert relevant capital instruments into equity (CET1 instruments) capital instruments such as Tier 2 instruments and Additional Tier 1 capital instruments at the point of non-viability of an institution or such institution's group and before any other resolution action has been taken (the “**Non-Viability Loss Absorption Measure**”). Under the RGICSF, the point of non-viability is when any of the following conditions are met:

- the resolution authority determines that an institution or its group meets any of the Resolution Conditions and no resolution measure has been applied yet;
- the resolution authority determines that an institution or its group will no longer be viable unless the relevant capital instruments are written-down or converted; or
- extraordinary public support is required and without such support the institution would no longer be viable.

The write-down and conversion tools may be exercised independently of, or in combination with, the resolution tool. The implementation of write-down or conversion tools in relation to any of the Issuer's Group entities could have a material adverse impact on the Issuer's business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, where capital instruments are converted into equity securities under the mandatory conversion tool, those equity securities may be subject to bail-in powers in resolution, resulting in their cancellation, significant dilution or transfer away from their investors.

The exercise of any resolution powers under the RGICSF and/or any write-down or conversion into equity could adversely

affect the rights of the Noteholders, the price or value of their investment in the Notes and/or the Issuer's ability to satisfy their obligations under the Notes. Prospective investors in the Notes should consider the risk of losing their full investment, including principal and any accrued interest, if resolution measures are applied.

The Issuer may not be able to issue certain MREL-eligible instruments and therefore be either unable to meet its MREL or capital requirements

In order to meet in the future Minimum Requirements for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities ("**MREL**"), the Issuer may need to issue MREL-eligible instruments, affecting its funding structure and financing costs. Such mechanisms and procedures, besides having the capacity to restrain the Issuer's strategy, could increase the average cost of the Issuer's liabilities, in particular, without limitation, to the cost of additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 instruments and thus negatively affect the Issuer's earnings. Tier 1 instruments may also result in a potential dilution of the percentage of ownership of existing shareholders, if they include convertibility features.

These instruments may be viewed by investors as riskier than other debt instruments, primarily due to the risk of capital losses, missed coupon payments, conversion into capital instruments and lack of available distributable items. Investor appetite for these instruments may thus decline in the future, which could render the Issuer unable to place them in the market. In this case, the Issuer would have to issue CET1 capital to meet the above mentioned regulatory requirements or issue Additional Tier 1, Tier 2 or other regulatory eligible instruments that would entail an associated coupon expense which may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Directive (EU) 2017/2399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 amending the BRRD regarding the ranking of unsecured debt instruments in the insolvency hierarchy was transposed into the Portuguese legal framework by Law no. 23/2019, of 13 March 2019, which, in addition to governing the position of unsecured debt instruments in the insolvency hierarchy and providing greater legal certainty to the issuance of non-preferred debt, also confers a preferential claim to all deposits vis-a-vis unsecured senior debt. Additionally, under the final rules to be implemented following the EC's recent proposal to adjust and further strengthen the existing EU bank crisis management and deposit insurance framework, the ranking in insolvency of depositors may be further changed or enhanced.

The Issuer reported to the market on 28 January 2025 that it was notified by the Bank of Portugal of its MREL, as determined by the Single Resolution Board ("**SRB**"). These requirements replace the previously applicable requirements that were publicly disclosed on 24 April 2024.

The Issuer must comply, on a consolidated basis, from the date of notification, with a minimum amount of own funds and eligible liabilities corresponding to 21.42 per cent. of a total risk-weighted assets ("**RWA**"), which would equate to 25.19 per cent. with the addition of the current combined buffer requirement ("**CBR**")². Compared to the minimum requirements in force at the end of 2024, there is an increase of 2.2 p.p. due to the inclusion of the Market Confidence Charge ("**MCC**"), following the amendment to MREL regulations which now provides for this requirement for Other Systemically Important Institutions ("**O-SII**").

² The Combined Buffer Requirement (CBR) was 3.77% in June 2025. As of 1 January 2026, the countercyclical capital reserve will be set in Portugal at 0.75% of the total amount of the national banking sector's credit exposure to the non-financial private sector (risk-weighted).

The minimum amount of own funds and eligible liabilities as a percentage of total leverage ratio exposure (“**LRE**”) remained 5.91 per cent..

As of 30 September 2025, the Issuer already complied with the established MREL requirements, both as a percentage of RWA and as a percentage of LRE. Furthermore, in the long-term financing plan, the Issuer continues to comfortably comply with the MREL requirements in the future.

MREL requirements (including CBR) vs. MREL ratios

	MREL requirements as at September 2025	Actual ratios as at September 2025
% RWA	25.23%	27.3%
% LRE	5.91%	12.8%

The Issuer may not be able to issue the necessary MREL-eligible instruments, due to adverse market conditions or to investors’ negative perception of the Issuer, which could lead to a failure to comply with the regulatory requirements, or, alternatively, if the Issuer is able to issue the above mentioned instruments, there is a risk that market conditions will be such that the Issuer will need to issue those instruments at a higher premium. These requirements could therefore have an adverse effect on the business, reputation, financial condition and results of operation or prospects of the Issuer.

The impact on BPI of the resolution measures occurred in the past in Portugal and funding of possible future resolutions cannot be anticipated

Following the decision of Bank of Portugal on 3 August 2014 to apply a resolution measure to Banco Espírito Santo (“**BES**”), most of its business was transferred to a bridge bank, Novo Banco, specifically set up for that purpose and capitalised by the resolution fund – as created by Decree-Law no. 31-A/2012, of 10 February (the “**Resolution Fund**”).

The Resolution Fund is funded by contributions from the participating institutions and contributions from the Portuguese banking sector – with an initial share capital of €4.9 billion. Of this amount, €300 million corresponded to the Resolution Fund’s own financial resources, €3.9 billion resulted from a loan granted by the Portuguese State, €700 million from a loan granted by a group of credit institutions that are members of the Resolution Fund including BPI.

On 20 December 2015, the Bank of Portugal applied a resolution measure to Banif which resulted in the sale of the business of Banif and of most of its assets and liabilities to Banco Santander Totta for the amount of €150 million. This transaction involved an estimated public support of €2,255 million to cover future contingencies, of which €489 million was provided by the Resolution Fund (which was financed by a loan in the same amount granted by the Portuguese State and €1,766 million directly by the Portuguese State, as a result of the determination of the assets and liabilities to be sold as agreed between the Portuguese authorities, European bodies and Banco Santander Totta.

The Issuer’s pro rata share in the Resolution Fund will vary from time to time according to the Issuer’s liabilities and own funds, when compared to the other institutions participating in the Resolution Fund. Contributions to the Resolution Fund are adjusted to reflect the risk profile, the systemic relevance and the solvency position of each participating institution.

As at 30 September 2025, and in accordance with Decree-Law no. 24/2013, of 19 February, the Issuer's Resolution Fund periodic contribution amount totalled €7.1 million.

The periodic contributions to the Portuguese Resolution Fund are determined by the application of a contributory rate to the end of month outstanding balance of liabilities, deducted by own funds and deposits already included in the deposit guarantee scheme. Pursuant to Bank of Portugal's Instruction (*Instrução*) 18/2024 for 2025, the rate has been set at 0.049 per cent..

In the first half of 2025, the Issuer recognised the reversal of the cost of the Additional Solidarity Contribution on the Banking Sector relating to the years 2020 to 2024, for an amount of €18.2 million, following the decision of the Constitutional Court to declare this contribution unconstitutional which force the State to pay it back to the Issuer.

According to the Resolution Fund's announcement of 31 March 2017, the revision of the conditions of the funding granted by the Portuguese State and the participating banks was aimed at ensuring the sustainability and financial equilibrium of the Resolution Fund, based on a stable, predictable and affordable burden for the banking sector. Based on this revision, the Resolution Fund considered that the full payment of its liabilities as well as their respective remuneration was ensured, without the need for special contributions or any other extraordinary contributions from the banking sector.

Furthermore, on 9 December 2024, Novo Banco informed the market that it had agreed with the Resolution Fund and Nani Holdings to terminate the Contingent Capital Agreement ("CCA") ahead of its contractual maturity in December 2025. Under the terms of the early termination agreement: Novo Banco and the Resolution Fund have settled all outstanding disputes related to unpaid CCA amounts; all existing payment obligations between the parties have been deemed settled, and no financial flows result from that agreement.

On 13 June 2025 Novo Banco, S.A. informed the market that its majority shareholder Nani Holdings S.à.r.l. (an entity owned by Lone Star Funds), signed a Memorandum of Understanding for the sale of its shareholding position to BPCE, for an amount equivalent to a valuation of approximately 6.4 billion euros for 100 per cent. of the share capital. On the same date, Novo Banco, S.A. also announced that the transaction is expected to be finalised during the first half of 2026.

Also on 13 June 2025, the Resolution Fund announced that, holding 13.54 per cent. of the share capital of Novo Banco, S.A., the sale of its stake under this operation will allow it to obtain gross proceeds of around €866 million, which will be added to the sums already received from Novo Banco, S.A. by way of dividend distribution relating to the 2024 results (gross amount: €30 million) and under the capital reduction carried out in 2025 (€149 million).

Notwithstanding the aforementioned, there can be no guarantee that the Issuer will not be obligated to make special contributions or other extraordinary contributions to fund the Resolution Fund.

Furthermore, there is the risk that the resolution measures applied to BES and Banif may prejudice investors' and economic agents' positive perception of the Portuguese financial system and the Issuer as a participant thereto.

Risks relating to changes in legislation on deferred tax assets

The Issuer had registered Deferred Tax Assets ("DTAs"), as at 30 June 2025, in the amount of €119 million, and as at 30 September 2025, in the amount of €117 million, of which €25 million were not dependent on future profitability (as at 31 December 2024: €125 million).

According to current legislation, if the Issuer incurs losses, there is the risk that the Portuguese State will become a

shareholder of Banco BPI by virtue of the DTA's conversion into ordinary shares notwithstanding the right of BPI's shareholder to acquire the conversion rights attributed to the Portuguese State following the DTA's conversion.

The Issuer may not generate enough future profits to allow for the deduction of the DTAs and hence the DTA could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, reputation, financial condition and results of operation or prospects.

The Issuer's business is subject to digital transformation risks

The banking sector prioritises technological innovation and digitalisation to enhance customer service and internal processes. With numerous development initiatives underway, digital transformation risks may persist or worsen. Regulation (EU) No. 2022/2554 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022 on digital operational resilience for the financial sector, known as the Digital Operational Resilience Act (which is applicable as of 17 January 2025), aims to boost financial entities' resilience against cyber threats by mandating robust technological frameworks. The Digital Operational Resilience Act, whose application shall be complemented by several Regulatory Technical Standards ("RTS"), as adopted by EU Institutions, will complement the European Banking Authority Guidelines on Information and Communication Technology ("ICT") and security risk management (EBA/GL/2019/04) as updated from time to time, requiring financial entities to further adapt their methods, processes and policies on ICT risk management. There is the risk that the Issuer may fail to make the necessary technological developments and to meet those requirements, which could hinder the Issuer's market competitiveness and regulatory compliance, adversely affecting its financial condition and operations.

1.4. Other risks that may affect the Issuer's Business

Environmental, Social and Governance risks can impact on other risks and adversely affect the Issuer

Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") risks may impact the Issuer's financial performance and sustainability. These risks are not independent but are drivers towards other risks.

Much of the risks associated with ESG can be linked to regulatory risks. With increasing regulation on the management and reporting obligations of ESG risks, banks face higher risk of compliance, given the growing regulatory burden. Banks are subject to the supervisory expectations set by the ECB on climate and environmental risks, which have been transposed by the Bank of Portugal to Less Systemic Institutions in the Circular Letter (Circular) 2021/10.

In this outset, banks are facing increasing pressure to disclose metrics under Basel's Pillar III requirements. Some of these disclosures are limited by the lack of data and by the fact that methodologies are still in their early stage.

Furthermore, banks are subject to increased reporting obligations as set forth under Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022, known as the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (the "CSRD"), and due diligence obligations regarding actual and potential human rights adverse impacts and environmental adverse impacts as set forth under Directive (EU) 2024/1760 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2024 on corporate sustainability due diligence (the "CSDDD"), once these instruments are transposed and implemented in the Portuguese legal system. Compliance risk arising from the implementation of these requirements is enhanced in a context where, despite the application of the said Directives having already commenced, the EU Institutions aim to revise and simplify said requirements under the ongoing "Simplification Omnibus package".

Climate risks are classified into physical and transition risks. Physical risks arise from climate disasters and losses that can impact banks' customers, whilst transition risks arise from potential changes in regulation, such as taxes on carbon or more restrictions on fossil fuels, potentially leading to stranded assets.

These risks have impacts on the traditional risks via transmission channels. Climate impacts credit risk, since transition or physical risk losses affect the ability of borrowers to repay their loans and can also affect the market value of assets which can depreciate due to climate events. There is also a link to liquidity risk, as climate events may reduce the financial resources of households and companies and thus increase runoffs on liabilities. Operational risk is also impacted due to events affecting facilities or IT hardware.

Social risks arise from the noncompliance with social practices, such as labour laws, human rights standards and health and safety issues, within the value chain of creditors or depositors of banks, thus exposing banks to reputational and financial losses.

Finally, banks are exposed to the governance risks of their customers, which are essentially linked to audits, internal controls, shareholders' rights and transparency, among others. A lack of transparency in governance practices can lead to reputational costs for the banks or legal claims against the banks' customers, thus potentially increasing the risks for creditors or bank depositors.

As part of the double materiality analysis exercise, the Issuer identified its material impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO) and, in the context of this analysis, identified where in the value chain³ they have an impact, as shown in the table below⁴:

³ The Bank's value chain is made up of: upstream activities (upstream); own operations (own operations); downstream activities (downstream).

⁴ This information could be found on Issuer's 2024 Report – Sustainability Statements (audited) (page 137 and 138).

Topic	Sub-topic	Type	Description	UPSTRE AM	OWN OPERAT IONS	DOWN STREAM
E1 Climate Change	Operational carbon neutrality and energy efficiency	I	Continuous monitoring and identification of improvement areas to reduce the operational carbon footprint	X	X	
		I	Bank's operational carbon footprint	X	X	
		I	Non-financing highly carbon-intensive sectors			X
	Decarbonisation of the financing portfolio	R	Exposure of the financing portfolio to acute and chronic physical risks (storms, floods, heat waves, etc.) due to the greater severity of extreme meteorological phenomena			X
		R	Portfolio exposure to transition risks due to the financing of sectors or companies involved in controversies related to climate change or intensive GHG emissions			X
S1 Own Workforce	Promotion of quality employment and professional development	I	Labour stability of the Bank's employees due to Bank's practices		X	
		I	Development of competences, broadening of knowledge and possibility of internal promotions		X	
	Promotion of diversity, equity and inclusion	I	Well-being at work promoted by an accessible, respectful and welcoming environment among employees		X	
S4 Consumers and end users	Responsible Marketing	R	Greenwashing practices associated with a lack of information about the products offered by the Bank			X
G1 Business conduct	Promotion of ethics and integrity	I	Promoting an ethical culture and acting with integrity with customers, suppliers and other relevant stakeholders	X	X	X
		R	Lack of adaptation, transparency or compliance with regulations on environmental, social and governance issues		X	
		R	Lack of an adequate risk management framework, including identification and management of conflicts of interest and alignment with the Bank's risk appetite. This can result in financial penalties for	X	X	X

			regulatory non-compliance and/or loss of stakeholders' confidence			
	Prevention of corruption and bribery	R	Non-compliance with the requirements established in the regulations on PML/TF, corruption and bribery	X	X	X
	Promotion of the responsible and transparent lobby	R	Lack of transparency in relations with public institutions	X	X	X
	Management of relationships with suppliers	I	Increased compliance with ESG standards in business relationships with suppliers in line with the Supplier Code of Conduct	X		
ES Sustainable finance	Promotion of the supply of products and services with ESG characteristics (sustainable mobilization)	I	Contribution to climate change adaptation or mitigation due to environmental financing operations			X
		I	Financing operations with a positive social impact			X
		R	Credit and reputational risk associated with financing unprofitable or controversial environmental projects			X
		R	Credit and reputational risk associated with financing unprofitable or controversial social projects			X
		O	Social financing and sustainable activities with the aim of attracting new customers related to more adapted offers			X
	ESG risk management in financing operations	R	Credit and reputational risk associated with financing controversial companies and sectors		X	
ES Cybersecurity and information security	Promotion of cybersecurity and information security	R	External fraud and reputational risk associated with exposure to cyber-attacks due to failures or inadequate execution of system protection measures	X	X	

Any of the risks described above, if materialised, could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Risks relating to data protection and privacy

The Issuer is governed by various regulations concerning the processing of personal data, namely (i) the General Data Protection Regulation, approved by Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016, as amended (the General Data Protection Regulation (“**GDPR**”)); (ii) Law No. 58/2019, of 8 August, implementing GDPR in Portugal (“**LGPD**”); (iii) any law approved for the adaptation of specific rules of the GDPR to the Portuguese jurisdiction; (iv) Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 on privacy and electronic communications, as amended; and (v) Law No. 41/2004, of 18 August, transposing Directive 2002/58/EC, as amended from time to time.

The Issuer faces risks of non-compliance with these laws, inadequate procedures, and failure by employees to implement measures properly, notwithstanding the procedures and measures in place. Consequently, personal data could be damaged, lost, stolen, disclosed, or misused. Such incidents may adversely affect the Issuer's business, reputation, financial health, operations, or prospects.

Non-compliance with the GDPR and local data protection laws can result in fines and sanctions from regulatory authorities. Additionally, a significant data breach can lead to loss of customer trust and damage to the Issuer's reputation, which can lead to a decline in customer base, reduced revenue, and hindered growth prospects. From an operational perspective, the effects of a data breach can disrupt business continuity. The Issuer might need to allocate substantial resources to manage the aftermath, including conducting internal investigations, enhancing cybersecurity measures, and providing compensation to those affected. This diversion of resources can impact the Issuer's ability to carry out its regular operations efficiently.

2. RISK FACTORS WHICH ARE MATERIAL FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASSESSING THE MARKET AND OTHER RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH NOTES ISSUED UNDER THE PROGRAMME

Risks related to the structure of the Senior Notes

The Issuer is not prohibited from issuing, guaranteeing or otherwise incurring further notes or debt ranking *pari passu* with its obligations under the Notes. The terms of the Senior Notes contain a negative pledge provision as further described in Condition 3 of the Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes; but such negative pledge only applies to Ordinary Senior Notes which are not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements.

The obligations of the Issuer under the Senior Notes are subject to the exercise of any power pursuant to the BRRD and the RGICSF, or other applicable laws relating to recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms in Portugal. In accordance with the BRRD and the RGICSF, the relevant resolution authorities may write-down and/or convert into more subordinated instruments or obligations, including ordinary shares of the Issuer (which instruments, obligations or ordinary shares could also be subject to any further write-down or conversion) any obligations of an institution under resolution, including Senior Notes, except for some obligations, as defined under the applicable law. Other powers contained in the BRRD and in the RGICSF could materially affect the rights of the Noteholders under, and the value of, any Senior Notes.

In accordance with applicable laws, all deposits benefit from creditor privilege (including all deposits not guaranteed by the deposit guarantee fund) constituting secured liabilities of the Issuer ranking ahead of the Senior Notes in respect of the Issuer's assets.

Risks related to the structure of the Senior Non-Preferred Notes

The Senior Non-Preferred Notes are senior non preferred obligations and are junior to deposits, to other obligations under any Ordinary Senior Notes and to other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer.

The Senior Non-Preferred Notes constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured senior non preferred obligations of the Issuer in accordance with Article 8-A of Law no. 23/2019, of 13 March. Upon the insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer, the payment obligations of the Issuer in respect of principal and interest under the Senior Non Preferred Notes rank, subject to any other ranking that may apply as a result of any mandatory provision of law (or otherwise), (a) *pari passu* among themselves and with any Senior Non Preferred Liabilities (as defined in the Terms and Conditions), (b) junior to the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities (as defined in the Terms and Conditions) and, accordingly, upon the insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer, the claims in respect of Senior Non Preferred Notes will be met after payment in full of the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities (for the avoidance of doubt, upon the insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer the claims in respect of Senior Non Preferred Notes will in any case be met only after payment in full of the liabilities defined as “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR), and (c) senior to any present and future subordinated obligations (*créditos subordinados*) of the Issuer.

If the Issuer were wound up, liquidated or dissolved, the insolvency administrator would apply the assets which are available to satisfy all claims in respect of its unsubordinated and unsecured liabilities, first to satisfy all claims of all other creditors ranking ahead of the holders of Senior Non Preferred Notes, including, without limitation, any deposits for the purposes of Article 166-A(5) of the RGICSF which shall be paid in full before and holders of Senior Higher Priority Liabilities, and then to satisfy all claims in respect of the Senior Non Preferred Notes (and other Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities).

If the Issuer does not have sufficient assets to settle the claims of higher-ranking creditors in full, the claims of the Holders under the Senior Non-Preferred Notes will not be satisfied. Holders of Senior Non-Preferred Notes will share equally in any distribution of assets available to satisfy all claims in respect of its unsubordinated and unsecured liabilities with the creditors under any other Senior Parity Liabilities if the Issuer does not have sufficient funds to make full payment to all of them.

In addition, if the Issuer enters into resolution, its eligible liabilities (including the Senior Non-Preferred Notes) will be subject to bail-in, meaning potential write-down or conversion into equity securities or other instruments. The sequence of any resulting write-down or conversion of eligible instruments under Article 48 of the BRRD provides for claims to be written down or converted into equity in accordance with the hierarchy of claims provided in the applicable insolvency legislation. Because the Senior Non-Preferred Notes are senior non preferred liabilities, the Issuer expects them to be written down or converted in full after any subordinated obligations of the Issuer.

As a consequence, holders of the Senior Non-Preferred Notes would bear significantly more risk and could lose all or a significant part of their investment if the Issuer were to become (i) subject to resolution under the BRRD and the Senior Non Preferred Notes become subject to the application of the bail-in or (ii) insolvent.

Risks related to the structure of the Subordinated Notes

The Subordinated Notes are direct and unsecured obligations of the Issuer subordinated as provided below and rank and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves, as described under the risk factor “*The Issuer’s obligations under Subordinated Notes are subordinated*”.

The Dated Subordinated Notes have an original maturity of at least five years. The Undated Subordinated Notes do not have a stated maturity (*perpetual*). The Issuer shall have the right to call, redeem, repay or repurchase the Subordinated Notes only in accordance (and subject to) the conditions set out in Articles 77 and 78 of the CRR being met and not before five years from issuance, except where the conditions set out in Article 78(4) of the CRR are met or, in the case of repurchase for market-making purposes, where the conditions set out in Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 241/2014 of 7 January 2014 (the regulatory technical standards RTS in own funds) (“**CDR**”) are met and particularly with respect to the predetermined amount defined by the Relevant Authority as per Article 29(3)(b) of the CDR.

Holders of Subordinated Notes have no right to accelerate the future scheduled payment of interest or principal, other than in the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer.

The obligations of the Issuer under the Subordinated Notes are subject to the exercise of any power pursuant to the BRRD and the RGICSF, or other applicable laws relating to recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms in Portugal. The Subordinated Notes may be subject to the exercise of a bail-in by the relevant resolution authorities as described under the risk factor “*The Issuer is subject to the European recovery and resolution framework, which dictates the procedures and measures available for any resolution of the Issuer, including the bail-in tool*”.

The foregoing provisions increase the risk that an investor in the Subordinated Notes would lose all or some of its investment should the Issuer become subject to resolution (as described above) or insolvent.

The Subordinated Notes may be written-down or may be converted into Common Equity Tier 1 instruments

The BRRD and the RGICSF provide for the relevant resolution authorities to have the further power to permanently write-down or convert into equity (Common Equity Tier 1 instruments), capital instruments such as Tier 2 capital instruments (including the Subordinated Notes) and Additional Tier 1 capital instruments at the point of non-viability and before any other resolution action is taken (non-viability loss absorption). Any shares issued to holders of the Subordinated Notes upon any such conversion into equity may also be subject to any application of the bail-in tool.

For the purposes of the application of any non-viability loss absorption measure, the point of non-viability under the BRRD is the point at which the relevant resolution authorities determines that the institution meets the conditions for resolution or that the institution will no longer be viable unless the relevant capital instruments (such as the Subordinated Notes) are written-down or converted or extraordinary public support is required and without such support the institution would no longer be viable.

Other powers contained in the BRRD and in the RGICSF could materially affect the rights of the Noteholders under, and the value of, any Subordinated Notes as described under the risk factor “*The Issuer is subject to the European recovery and resolution framework, which dictates the procedures and measures available for any resolution of the Issuer, including the bail-in tool*”.

The Subordinated Notes, and the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, the Senior Non-Preferred Notes provide for limited events of default. Noteholders of Notes may not be able to exercise their rights on an event of default in the event of the adoption of any early intervention or resolution measure.

Noteholders have no ability to accelerate the maturity of their Subordinated Notes, and their Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, their Senior Non-Preferred Notes. The terms and conditions of the Subordinated Notes,

and the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, the Senior Non-Preferred Notes do not provide for any events of default, other than in the case that insolvency or liquidation proceedings of the Issuer. Accordingly, in the event that any payment on the Subordinated Notes, the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and or, as the case may be, the Senior Non Preferred Notes, is not made when due, each Noteholder may have a claim only for amounts then due and payable on their Subordinated Notes, their Senior Non Preferred Notes and their Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements.

For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of the Terms and Conditions governing the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and Senior Non Preferred Notes do not give any holder thereof or the Common Representative (if any, acting at its discretion, or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders) the right to accelerate the future scheduled payment of interest or principal, other than in case of the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer, as provided for in the relevant provisions of the CRR being Article 63(l) and (in the case of MREL-Eligible Instruments which are not Subordinated Notes) Article 72b(2)(l). Accordingly, resolution proceedings or a moratorium imposed by a resolution authority in respect of the Issuer shall not constitute an Event of Default.

Any enforcement by a Noteholder of its rights under the above Notes upon insolvency or liquidation proceedings of the Issuer will be subject to the relevant provisions of the Capital Regulations or other banking and resolution laws and regulations in force at that time, in relation to the exercise of the relevant measures and powers pursuant to such procedure. There can be no assurance that the taking of any such action would not adversely affect the rights of such Noteholders, the price or value of their investment in such Notes and/or the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under such Notes and the enforcement by a Noteholder of any rights it may otherwise have on the occurrence of any event of default may be limited in these circumstances.

The Subordinated Notes, the Senior Non-Preferred Notes and certain Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements may be redeemed prior to maturity upon the occurrence of a Capital Event or a MREL Disqualification Event as applicable

The Issuer may, at its option, redeem all, but not some only, of the Subordinated Notes, the Senior Non Preferred Notes or certain Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements where the MREL Disqualification Event has been specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms, as applicable, at any time at their early redemption amount, together with accrued but unpaid interest up to (but excluding) the date of redemption, upon or following the occurrence of a Capital Event (in the case of Tier 2 Subordinated Instruments only) or a MREL Disqualification Event (in case of the Senior Non Preferred Notes or Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements), as these terms are defined in the Terms and Conditions.

The early redemption of the Subordinated Notes, the Senior Non Preferred Notes or the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements upon the occurrence of a Capital Event or a MREL Disqualification Event, as applicable and where it has been so specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority if and as required under the applicable Capital Regulations, including any applicable MREL Regulations, in force at the relevant time, and it is uncertain whether or not such consent will be obtained.

Early redemption features (including any redemption of the Notes pursuant to Condition 6(f) or pursuant to Condition 6(c) are likely to limit the market value of the Notes. During any period when the Issuer may redeem the Notes, the market value of

those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period or at any time where there is any actual increase in the likelihood that the Issuer will be able to redeem the Notes early. The Issuer may be expected to redeem the Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate.

The Noteholders may be subject to substitution and/or variation without Noteholder consent

The (i) Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, Senior Non Preferred Notes and Subordinated Notes subject as provided herein, in particular to the provisions of Condition 6(c), (b) (f), if a Capital Event, a MREL Disqualification Event or a circumstance giving rise to the right to early redeem the Notes for taxation reasons, occurs, and (ii) Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes subject as provided herein, in particular to the provisions of Condition 6(b) and (d), if a Capital Event, or a circumstance giving rise to the right of the Issuer to redeem the Notes for taxation reasons, occurs, the Issuer may, at its option, and without the consent or approval of the Noteholders, elect either (1) to substitute all (but not some only) of the Notes or (2) to modify the terms of all (but not some only) of such Notes, in each case so that they are substituted for, or varied to, become, or remain Qualifying Notes or in the case of (ii) above) Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes, as applicable. While Qualifying Notes or Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes, as applicable, generally must contain terms that are materially no less favourable to Noteholders as the original terms of the Notes, there can be no assurance that the terms of any Qualifying Notes or Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes, as applicable, will be viewed by the market as equally favourable, or that the Qualifying Notes or Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes, as applicable, will trade at prices that are equal to the prices at which the Notes would have traded on the basis of their original terms.

Additionally, any redemption, variation or substitution of the Notes may be subject to (i) permission of the Relevant Authority and (ii) compliance with any other pre-conditions to, or requirements applicable to such redemption, variation or substitution.

Further, prior to the making of any such substitution or variation, the Issuer shall not be obliged to have regard to the tax position of individual Noteholders or to the tax consequences of any such substitution or variation for individual Noteholders. No Noteholder shall be entitled to claim, whether from the Issuer, the Paying Agent, or any other person, any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequence of any such substitution or variation upon individual holder of Notes.

No right of set-off or counterclaim

The Terms and Conditions provide that Noteholders waive any set-off, netting or compensation rights against any right, claim, or liability the Issuer has, may have or acquire against any holder, directly or indirectly, howsoever arising. As a result, Noteholders will not at any time be entitled to set-off the Issuer's obligations under the Notes against obligations owed by them to the Issuer.

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are deeply subordinated obligations and will be subordinated to all of the Issuer's existing and future indebtedness and rank and will rank pari passu without preference among themselves.

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are by their terms deeply subordinated in right of payment to all current and future unsubordinated and subordinated (other than deeply subordinated) indebtedness of the Issuer, as described under the risk factor "*The Issuer's obligations under Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes constitute deeply subordinated*

obligations of the Issuer”. In the event of a distribution of the assets in the winding-up or liquidation of the Issuer the rights of payment of the holders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be subordinated in right of payment to the claims of all Senior Creditors (as specified in the relevant Terms and Conditions) including subordinated debt of the Issuer, to which a higher ranking has been assigned, will rank in priority to the ordinary share capital of the Issuer and other instruments which are treated as CET1 of the Issuer in accordance with the requirements of Article 28 of the CRR and *pari passu* with the credits arising from other instruments which are treated as additional tier 1 capital in accordance with the requirements of Article 52 of the CRR. In the event of incomplete payment of unsubordinated creditors, the obligations of the Issuer in connection with the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be terminated.

Although the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may pay a higher rate of interest than comparable notes which are not deeply subordinated, there is a greater potential risk that an investor in the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will lose all or some of its investment should the Issuer become insolvent.

The Issuer is not prohibited from issuing further debt, which may rank pari passu with or senior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

There is no restriction on the amount of debt that the Issuer may issue that ranks senior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes or on the number of securities that it may issue that rank *pari passu* with the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. The issue of any such debt or securities may reduce the amount recoverable by investors upon the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer. If the Issuer's financial condition were to deteriorate, the holders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes could suffer direct and materially adverse consequences, including cancellation of interest and reduction of interest and principal and, if the Issuer was liquidated (whether voluntarily or involuntarily), the holders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes could suffer loss of their entire investment.

There are no events of default under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes allowing acceleration of the Notes

There will be no events of default in respect of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. If certain events occur, for example, if the Issuer fails to pay any amount of interest or principal when due, the holders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will not have the right to accelerate the future scheduled payment of interest or principal or to initiate insolvency or liquidation proceedings against the Issuer for failure of any payment under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

In a winding-up of the Issuer, the Noteholder of any Undated Deeply Subordinated Note may prove or claim in such proceedings in respect of such Undated Deeply Subordinated Note, such claim being for payment of the Current Principal Amount of such Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes at the time of commencement of such winding-up together with any interest accrued and unpaid on such Note (to the extent that the same is not cancelled in accordance with the terms of the notes) from (and including) the Interest Payment Date immediately preceding commencement of such winding-up and any other amounts payable on such Undated Deeply Subordinated Note under the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

There is no scheduled redemption date for the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes and Noteholders have no right to require redemption. The Issuer may redeem the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in certain circumstances

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes have no fixed maturity. The Issuer has no obligation at any time to redeem the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes at any time, and the Noteholders have no rights to require redemption or purchase of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes by the Issuer at any time.

Although the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes provide options for the Issuer to redeem the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, there is no contractual incentive for the Issuer to exercise any of such options and the Issuer has full discretion under the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes not to do so for any reason.

This means that the Noteholders have no ability to cash in their investment, except: (i) if the Issuer exercises its rights to redeem (where the applicable redemption option) is specified in the relevant Final Terms or purchases the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in its sole discretion, subject to permission of the Relevant Authority (in accordance with Articles 77 and 78 of the CRR, Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 241/2014 and/or any other Own Funds Requirements Regulations then in force, as applicable), on any Interest Payment Date on or after the fifth anniversary of the issue date of the Notes (except that in certain circumstances, for relevant unforeseen capital or tax events, a redemption or repurchase may occur sooner, subject to the Relevant Authority's approval), or (ii) by selling the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes; (iii) or by claiming for any principal amounts due and not paid in case of winding-up or liquidation of the Issuer.

Accordingly, there is uncertainty as to when (if ever) an investor in the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will recover its investment. At any time when the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be redeemed by the Issuer or the market anticipates that the redemption right will become available, the market price of the Notes is unlikely to substantially exceed the price at which the Issuer may elect to redeem the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. If the Issuer redeems the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in any of the circumstances mentioned above, there is a risk that the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be redeemed at times when the redemption proceeds are less than the current market value of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes or when prevailing interest rates may be relatively low, in which latter case Noteholders may only be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes with a lower yield.

The principal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be reduced to absorb losses or written-down on a permanent or temporary basis or may be converted to Common Equity Tier 1 instruments (CET1)

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are being issued for capital adequacy regulatory purposes with the intention and purpose of being eligible as Additional Tier 1 Capital of the Issuer (see Condition 2 of the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes). Such eligibility depends upon a number of conditions being satisfied, which are reflected in the “*Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*”. One of these relates to the ability of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes and the proceeds of their issue to be available to absorb any losses of the Issuer. Accordingly, in certain circumstances and/or upon the occurrence of certain events, payments of interest under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be restricted and, in certain cases, forfeited and the amount of interest and the principal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be reduced (see Conditions 2 and 4 of the “*Terms and Conditions*”).

of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes”). Accordingly, if the Issuer’s then applicable CET 1 ratio falls below 5.125 per cent. (or such other higher ratio as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on an individual or consolidated basis, the outstanding principal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be Written Down by the Write-Down Amount, as further provided in Condition 2(b)(i) of the “*Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*”). The market price of the Notes is expected to be affected by fluctuations in the Issuer’s consolidated CET 1 ratio. Any indication that the Issuer’s individual or consolidated CET1 ratio is trending towards 5.125 per cent. (or such other higher ratio as specified in the applicable Final Terms) may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. The level of the Issuer’s consolidated CET 1 ratio may significantly affect the trading price of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

In the circumstances mentioned in (i) above the nominal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be reduced to the extent necessary to absorb the Issuer's losses, whenever the Issuer is at risk of non-compliance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations (as defined in the “*Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*”). The nominal amount so reduced will only be reinstated and recorded as a subordinated credit in certain specified circumstances. The potential reduction of the nominal amount will very likely negatively affect the market value of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes then outstanding and will increase the risk of capital loss under the investment in the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, either in whole or in part, considering that such reduced amount will only be reinstated in certain circumstances.

For avoidance of any doubt, upon the occurrence of any Write-Down (i) the claim of the holders of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer; (ii) the amount required to be paid by the Issuer in the event of call or redemption of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes; and (iii) the payment of interest (if any) on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, will be calculated based on the Current Principal Amount of each outstanding Undated Deeply Subordinated Note at the time of such claim or payment.

3. RISKS RELATED TO THE STRUCTURE OF A PARTICULAR ISSUE OF NOTES

A range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common such features:

If, in relation to any particular issue of Notes, the Issuer has the right to redeem any Notes at its option, this may limit the market value of the Notes concerned and an investor may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a manner which achieves a similar effective return

An optional redemption feature of Notes is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

If, in relation to any particular issue of Notes, the Issuer has the right to convert the interest rate on any Notes from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or vice versa, this may affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes concerned

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate that the Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. The Issuer's ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Notes and thus could affect the market value and an investment in the relevant Notes.

Notes that are issued at a substantial discount or premium may experience price volatility in response to changes in market interest rates

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

The Issuer's obligations under Subordinated Notes are subordinated

The Issuer's obligations under Subordinated Notes will be unsecured and subordinated and will rank junior in priority of payment under all Senior Creditors, as specified below.

The Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured and subordinated obligations of the Issuer, and rank and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves, as described under the risk factor “*Risks related to the structure of the Subordinated Notes*”.

In the event of insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer the claims of the holders of Subordinated Notes against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Subordinated Notes (to the extent permitted by Portuguese law) will: (i) be subordinated in the manner described in the *Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes* to the claims of all Senior Creditors; (ii) rank at least *pari passu* with the claims of holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or otherwise by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank, *pari passu* with the Subordinated Notes and/or the Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer and (iii) rank *senior* to: (1) the claims of the holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 1 Capital of the Issuer, (2) the claims of holders of all other obligations or securities of the Issuer which by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank *junior* to the Subordinated Notes and/or Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer and (3) claims of holders of all share capital and/or preference shares of the Issuer.

Holders of the Subordinated Notes may lose all or some of its investment in the event of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer.

The Issuer's obligations under Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes constitute deeply subordinated obligations of the Issuer

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured, unguaranteed, and deeply subordinated obligations of the Issuer, and rank and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves.

If the Issuer becomes the subject of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding (to the extent permitted by applicable law), the holders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be entitled to the repayment of the then outstanding nominal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (being the nominal amount prevailing at the relevant time) plus accrued interest, if any, on such nominal amount from and including the Issue Date (if such event occurs in the first Interest Period after the Issue Date) or the preceding Interest Payment Date on which interest was either paid or cancelled pursuant to Condition 4 (if such event occurs after the first Interest Period), to the extent that there are available funds to this effect after payment to the higher ranking creditors of the Issuer as described below. The claims of the Noteholders against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will, in the event of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding, be subordinated in right of payment in the manner provided herein, and will rank:

- A. Junior to present or future claims of (a) unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer and (b) subordinated creditors of the Issuer including Tier 2 holders other than the present or future claims of creditors that rank or are expressed to rank *pari passu* with or junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (“**Senior Creditors**”, which for the avoidance of doubt includes any creditor to whom the Issuer is liable for any “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR);
- B. Senior to holders of Issuer’s Common Equity Tier 1 instruments and any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer; and
- C. *Pari passu* without any preference among themselves and *pari passu* with (a) the existing Additional Tier 1 instruments of the Issuer, and (b) any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank equally with the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer.

No security or guarantee of any kind is, or shall at any time be, provided by the Issuer or any other person securing the rights of the Noteholders.

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding with respect to the Issuer, no holder of an Undated Deeply Subordinated Note will, if such holder is indebted or under liability to the Issuer be entitled to exercise any right of set-off or counterclaim against moneys owed by the Issuer in respect of such Deeply Subordinated Note.

A Loss Absorption Notice or a conversion notice (as applicable) to Noteholders (in accordance with Condition 11 of the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes) should be given by the Issuer. Failure or delay by the Issuer to deliver a notice to the Noteholders will not affect the validity or enforceability of the *Write-Down* or conversion (as applicable).

Any payment of interest on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be made subject to the provisions of the Condition 4 and will be subject to a full discretionary decision of the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Issuer, as the case may be. If the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Issuer, as the case may be, decides not to make any payment on any Interest Payment Date, the amount of such interest payment will not be due, and will be forfeited. Distributions under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are paid out of Distributable Items of the Issuer and the Issuer has full discretion at all times to cancel the payments, for an unlimited period and on a non-cumulative basis, as defined below.

See Conditions 2, 4 and 6 of the Terms and Conditions of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes for a full description of deeply subordination and the payment obligations of Banco BPI under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

The level of the Issuer's Distributable Items is affected by a number of factors and insufficient Distributable Items will restrict the ability of the Issuer to make interest payments on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

The Issuer will cancel any payment of interest (in whole or in part) which could otherwise be paid on an Interest Payment Date if and to the extent that payment of such interest would, when aggregated with other relevant stipulated payments or distributions, exceed the Distributable Items of the Issuer.

Distributable Items relate to the Issuer's profits and distributable reserves determined on the basis of the Issuer's non-consolidated accounts as further described in the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. The level of the Issuer's Distributable Items is affected by a number of factors. The Issuer's future Distributable Items, and therefore the ability of the Issuer to make interest payments under the Notes, are a function of the Issuer's existing Distributable Items and its future profitability. The Issuer's Distributable Items may be adversely affected, inter alia, by the servicing of more senior instruments or parity ranking instruments, including by other discretionary interest payments on other (existing or future) capital instruments, including CET1 Capital distributions and any write-ups of principal amounts of other Loss Absorbing Instrument (if any).

The level of the Issuer's Distributable Items may also be affected by changes to the law, accounting rules, regulation or the requirements and expectations of applicable regulatory authorities. Any such potential changes could adversely affect the Issuer's Distributable Items in the future.

The Issuer's Distributable Items, and therefore the Issuer's ability to make interest payments under the Notes, may be adversely affected by the performance of the business of the Group in general, factors affecting its financial position (including capital and leverage), the economic environment in which the Group operates and other factors outside of the Issuer's control.

Payments on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes cannot exceed the Maximum Distributable Amount

No payments will be made on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes if and to the extent that such payment would, when aggregated together with other Relevant Distributions (being distributions on any other Tier 1 capital instruments and any other payments which at the relevant time are subject to a Maximum Distributable Amount restriction) cause the Maximum Distributable Amount (if any) then applicable to the Issuer to be exceeded. Under Articles 138 AA and 138 AB of the RGICSF, institutions which fail to fully meet their combined buffer requirement will be subject to restricted "discretionary payments", including payments relating to common equity and additional tier 1 capital instruments (such as the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes) and variable remuneration to staff. Further, there can be no assurance that

any of the combined buffer requirements applicable to the Issuer and/or the Group will not be increased in the future, which may exacerbate the risk that discretionary payments, including payments of interest on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, are cancelled. The restrictions will be scaled according to the extent of the breach of the combined buffer requirement and calculated as a percentage of the profits of the relevant institution since the last distribution of profits or other relevant “discretionary payment”. Such calculation will result in a “maximum distributable amount” in each relevant period. As an example, the scaling is such that in the bottom quartile of the “combined buffer requirement”, no “discretionary payments” will be permitted to be paid. As a consequence, in the event of breach of the combined buffer requirement by the Issuer and/or the Group, it may be necessary to reduce discretionary payments, including potentially cancelling (in whole or in part) interest payments in respect of the Notes.

Pursuant to Article 23(5) of Decree-Law no. 157/2014, restrictions on “discretionary payments” will also apply during the phase-in period to institutions which fail to fully meet their phased-in combined buffer requirements.

Moreover, institutions which fail to fully meet their combined buffer requirements (including those applicable during the phase-in period) will be required to prepare and submit to the competent supervisory authorities a capital conservation plan as provided in Article 138-AD of the RGICSF. If the competent supervisory authorities consider that the implementation of the plan would not be reasonably likely to conserve or raise sufficient capital to enable the institution to meet its combined buffer requirements within a period deemed appropriate, the plan will not be approved and the competent supervisory authorities shall require the institution to increase own funds to specified levels within specified periods and/or impose more stringent restrictions on “discretionary payments”.

Any actual or perceived indication that the relevant Maximum Distributable Amount may not be sufficient to make part or all discretionary payments which otherwise could have been done at the discretion of the Bank can be expected to have a material adverse effect on the market price of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

Following the publication of CRD V, which was transposed into Portuguese by Law no. 23-A/2022, of 9 December, the Issuer became subject to additional capital and other legal requirements. Any difficulty or failure to comply with such requirements may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer’s business, financial condition and the results of its operations and/or on Notes issued.

Any failure by the Issuer and/or the Group to comply with its MREL requirement could result, among other things, in the imposition of restrictions or prohibitions on discretionary payments by the Issuer, including interest payments on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

A failure by the Issuer to comply with any applicable minimum requirement of own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) requirements means the Issuer could become subject to the Maximum Distributable Amount restrictions on certain discretionary payments, including payments on Additional Tier 1 Capital instruments such as the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, as the required amount of MREL ‘sits below’ the combined buffer requirements. Furthermore, resolution authorities may require institutions to meet higher levels of MREL in order to cover losses in resolution above the level of the existing own funds requirements and to ensure a sufficient market confidence in the entity post-resolution (i.e., on top of the required recapitalisation amount).

Investors shall have no further rights in respect of any interest not paid and shall not be entitled to any compensation or to take any action to cause the liquidation of the Issuer in the event any interest is not paid. Furthermore, cancellation of

interest payments shall not in any way impose restrictions on the Issuer, including restricting the Issuer from making distributions or equivalent payments in connection with obligations junior to, or *pari passu* with, the Notes. Any actual or anticipated cancellation of interest on the Notes will likely have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes. Furthermore, the Notes may trade with accrued interest, which may be reflected in the trading price of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. However, if a payment of interest on any Interest Payment Date is cancelled (in whole or in part) as described herein and thus is not due and payable, purchasers of such Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will not be entitled to such interest payment on the relevant Interest Payment Date.

The Issuer, in its full discretion, may at any time elect, and in certain circumstances shall be required, not to make interest payments on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

The Issuer may elect, at its full discretion and at any time, to cancel (in whole or in part), for an unlimited period of time and on a non-cumulative basis, the Interest Amount otherwise scheduled to be paid on an Interest Payment Date notwithstanding it has Distributable Items or the Maximum Distributable Amount is greater than zero.

In particular, the Issuer will mandatorily cancel any interest payment (in whole or in part) which would otherwise fall due on an Interest Payment Date if and to the extent that payment of such interest would: (i) when aggregated with other Relevant Distributions and the amount of any Reinstatement, where applicable, exceed the Distributable Items of the Issuer; or (ii) when aggregated with other Relevant Distributions, other relevant distributions referred to in Article 141 of the CRD IV or any analogous payment restrictions arising in respect of capital buffers under the Capital Regulations or the BRRD and the amount of any Discretionary Reinstatement, cause the Maximum Distributable Amount then applicable to the Issuer and/or the Group to be exceeded.

In addition, if a Capital Ratio Event occurs, the Issuer will cancel all interest accrued up to (and including) the relevant date of Write-Down.

Any interest which is cancelled as a result of optional or mandatory cancellation as described above shall not accumulate and shall no longer be due and payable by the Issuer. A cancellation of interest in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will not constitute a default of the Issuer under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes for any purpose and shall not entitle Noteholders to petition for the winding-up of the Issuer, and Noteholders will have no right to such cancelled interest, or any amount in respect thereof, at any time (including in a winding-up of the Issuer).

If the Issuer elects to cancel, or is prohibited from paying, interest on the Notes at any time, there is no restriction under the terms of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes on the Issuer from otherwise paying dividends, interest or other distributions on, or redeeming or repurchasing, any of its other liabilities (including liabilities which rank *pari passu* with, or junior to, the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes) or any of its share capital. The obligations of the Issuer under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are senior in ranking to the ordinary shares of the Issuer. It is the Issuer's current intention that, whenever exercising its discretion to propose any dividend or distributions in respect of its ordinary shares, or its discretion to cancel any payment of interest, it will take into account the relative ranking of these instruments in its capital structure. However, the Issuer may at any time decide otherwise at its sole discretion and without notice to any person (including the Noteholders), and as further set out in this risk factor, in accordance with the Capital Regulations

and the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, it may in its discretion elect to cancel any payment of interest in respect of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes at any time and for any reason.

Any actual or anticipated cancellation of interest on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will likely have an adverse effect on the current market value of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

Because the Notes are held through accounts of affiliate members of Interbolsa, investors will have to rely on various Interbolsa procedures with respect to the following:

Form and Transfer of the Notes

Notes held through accounts of Affiliate Members of Interbolsa will be represented in dematerialised book entry form (*forma escritural*) and are registered (*nominativas*) notes. The Notes will be registered in the issue account opened by the Issuer with Interbolsa and will be held in control accounts by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa on behalf of the relevant Noteholders. Such control accounts will reflect at all times the aggregate number of Notes held in the individual securities accounts opened by the clients of the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa which include Euroclear and CBL. The transfer of Notes and their beneficial interests will be made through Interbolsa.

Payment Procedures of the Notes

Payments inherent to the Notes (including the payment of accrued interest, coupons and principal) will be (i) **if made in euro** (a) credited, according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, by the Paying Agent (acting on behalf of the Issuer) to the payment current-accounts used by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa for payments in respect of securities held through Interbolsa and thereafter (b) credited by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from the aforementioned payment current-accounts to the accounts of the owners of those Notes or through Euroclear and CBL, to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the beneficial owners of those Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL as the case may be; (ii) **if made in currencies other than euro** (a) transferred, on the payment date and according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, from the account held by the Paying Agent in the Foreign Currency Settlement System (“*Sistema de Liquidação em Moeda Estrangeira*”), managed by Caixa Geral de Depósitos, to the relevant accounts of the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa, and thereafter (b) transferred by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from such relevant accounts to the accounts of the owners of Notes or through Euroclear and CBL to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the owners of Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL, as the case may be.

The Noteholders must rely on the procedures of Interbolsa to receive payment under the Notes. The Issuer will have no responsibility or liability for the records relating to payments made in respect of beneficial interests in the Notes.

Notice to the Noteholders

Notices to the Noteholders may be given in accordance with Portuguese Securities Code and Interbolsa's rules on notices to investors, notably the disclosure of information through the CMVM official website (www.cmvm.pt).

Meetings of holders of Notes are governed by the Portuguese Commercial Companies Code (“Código das Sociedades Comerciais”)

Mandatory provisions of the Portuguese Commercial Companies Code apply to meetings of holders of Notes. Meetings of holders of such Notes may be convened by a common representative. If the holders of Notes have not appointed a common

representative or if the same refuses to convene a Noteholders meeting, holders of such Notes holding not less than 5 per cent. in principal amount of such Notes for the time being outstanding may request the chairman of the general meeting of shareholders of Banco BPI to convene a Noteholders meeting.

The quorum required for a meeting convened to pass a resolution other than an extraordinary resolution will be any person or persons holding or representing Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof; and the quorum required for a meeting convened to pass an extraordinary resolution will be a person or persons holding or representing at least 50 per cent. of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, any person or persons holding or representing any of such Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof.

The number of votes required to pass a resolution other than an extraordinary resolution is a majority of the votes cast at the relevant meeting; the majority required to pass an extraordinary resolution, including, without limitation, a resolution relating to the modification or abrogation of certain of the provisions of the Terms and Conditions, is at least 50 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two-thirds of the votes cast at the relevant meeting regardless of any quorum. Resolutions passed at any meeting of the Noteholders will be binding on all Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting or have voted against the approved resolutions.

Risks related to Withholding Tax

Investment income derived from Notes issued by Banco BPI are currently subject to Portuguese withholding tax (except where the Noteholder is either a Portuguese resident financial institution or a non-resident financial institution having a permanent establishment in the Portuguese territory to which the income is attributable or benefits from a reduction or withholding tax exemption as specified by current Portuguese tax law) and there will be no gross-up for amounts withheld on such Notes.

Pursuant to Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005, as amended from time to time (the “**Decree-Law**”), including the evidence requirements of non-residence status foreseen therein, investment income obtained in Portuguese territory and paid to beneficiaries of Notes held through an EU or EEA based international clearing system (provided, in the latter case, that the EEA State is bound to cooperate with Portugal under an administrative cooperation arrangement in tax matters similar to the exchange of information schemes in relation to tax matters existing within the EU Member States) that are non-residents in the Republic of Portugal, as well as capital gains derived from a sale or other disposition of such Notes, will be exempt from Portuguese income tax.

Under the Decree-Law, the obligation to collect from the Noteholders proof of their non-Portuguese resident status and of compliance with the other requirements for the exemption rests with the direct registering entities (*entidades registadoras diretas*) or with their representatives (resident entity designated by non-resident direct registering entities or by entities managing the international clearing systems) and with the entities managing the international clearing systems.

The procedures and certifications are set out in section titled “*Taxation*” and may be revised from time to time in accordance with Portuguese law and regulations, further clarification from the Portuguese tax authorities regarding such laws and regulations and the operational procedures of the clearing systems.

Failure to comply with these procedures and certifications will result in the application of Portuguese withholding tax at a rate of 25 per cent. (in case of non-resident entities), or a rate of 28 per cent. (in case of non-resident individuals) or at a rate of 35 per cent. (in case of investment income payments (i) to individuals or companies domiciled in a “low tax

jurisdiction” list approved by Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time, or (ii) to accounts opened in the name of one or more accountholders acting on behalf of one or more unidentified third parties, in which the relevant beneficial owner(s) of the income is/are not identified), as the case may be, at the date of this Base Prospectus, or if applicable, at reduced withholding tax rates pursuant to tax treaties signed by the Republic of Portugal, provided that the procedures and certification requirements established by the relevant tax treaty are complied with (see “*Taxation*”).

Banco BPI will not gross up payments in respect of any such withholding tax in any of the cases indicated in Condition 7 of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes including failure to deliver the certificate or declaration referred to above. Accordingly, Noteholders must seek their own advice to ensure that they comply with all procedures to ensure correct tax treatment of the Notes. None of Banco BPI, the Dealers, the Paying Agent or the clearing systems assume any responsibility therefor.

4. CERTAIN TAX AND REGULATORY RISKS RELATED TO NOTES GENERALLY

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Notes generally:

Mandatory Automatic Exchange of Information could have a material adverse effect on the Notes

European Council Directive 2014/107/EU of 9 December 2014, which amended EU Council Directive 2011/16/EU (the “**Administrative Cooperation Directive**”) extended the mandatory automatic exchange of information to a wider range of income, including financial income, in line with the Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters issued by Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development in July 2014 and with the bilateral exchange agreements between the United States of America and several other countries to implement the United States’ Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“**FATCA**”).

The Administrative Cooperation Directive was amended by EU Council Directive 2021/514/EU of 22 March 2021, which extended the mandatory automatic exchange of information to digital platforms that connect sellers of certain goods and services with the respective buyers, with the aim to combat fraud, evasion and tax avoidance in the digital economy and the cross-border dimension of the services offered through the use of digital platforms.

Portugal has implemented Directive 2011/16/EU through Decree Law no. 61/2013 of 10 May 2013. In addition, Council Directive 2014/107/EU of 9 December 2014 regarding the mandatory automatic exchange of taxation information was implemented into Portuguese law through Decree Law no. 64/2016 of 11 October 2016, as amended by Decree Law no. 98/2017 of 24 August 2017 and Law no. 17/2019 of 14 February 2019 (the “**Portuguese CRS Law**”). Council Directive 2021/514/EU was implemented through Law no. 36/2023, of 26 July, which amended Decree-Law no. 61/2013, of 10 May.

Under the Portuguese CRS Law, exchange of information relating to the previous year is due by 31 May of each year.

Through Law no. 82-B/2014 of 31 December 2014 and Decree-Law no. 64/2016 of 11 October 2016 (as amended by Law no. 98/2017 of 24 August 2017 and Law no. 17/2019 of 14 February 2019), Portugal has implemented legislation based on the reciprocal exchange of information with the United States of America on financial accounts subject to disclosure in order to comply with Sections 1471 through 1474 of FATCA, based on an intergovernmental agreement

signed between both countries on 6 August 2015, ratified by Portugal on 5 August 2016 and that entered into force on 10 August 2016.

Under such legislation the Issuer will be required to obtain information regarding certain accountholders and report such information to the Portuguese tax authorities until 31 July of each year, with reference to the previous year, which, in turn, will report such information to the Internal Revenue Service of the United States of America.

The Notes may be subject to Financial Transaction Tax (“FTT”)

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission made a proposal (the “**Commission’s Proposal**”) for a directive on a common FTT in Austria, Belgium, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Portugal, Spain, Slovakia and Slovenia (the “**Participating Member States**” and each a “**Participating Member State**”). However, Estonia has since stated that it will not participate.

The mechanism by which the tax would be applied and collected is not yet known, but if the proposed directive or any similar tax is adopted, transactions in the Notes would be subject to higher costs, and the liquidity of the market for the Notes may be diminished.

Following the lack of consensus in the negotiations on the Commission’s Proposal, the Participating Member States (excluding Estonia) and the scope of such tax are uncertain. Based on recent public statements, the Participating Member States (excluding Estonia) have agreed to continue negotiations on the basis of a proposal that would reduce the scope of the FTT and would only concern listed shares of European companies with a market capitalisation exceeding EUR 1 billion on 1 December of the year preceding the taxation year. According to this revised proposal, the applicable tax rate would not be less than 0.2 per cent.. Such proposal remains subject to change until a final approval and it may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate and/or certain of the Participating Member States (excluding Estonia which already withdrew) may decide to withdraw. Prospective holders of Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the consequences of the FTT that could be associated with subscribing for, purchasing, holding and disposing of the Notes.

The value of the Notes could be adversely affected by a change in Portuguese law or administrative practice

The Terms and Conditions of the Notes are based on Portuguese law in effect as at the date of this Base Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Portuguese law or administrative practice after the date of this Base Prospectus and any such change could materially adversely impact the value of any Notes affected by it.

The regulation and reform of “benchmarks” may adversely affect the value of Floating Rate Notes or Reset Notes linked to or referencing such “benchmarks”

Interest rates and indices which are deemed to be “benchmarks” (including Euro Interbank Offered Rate (“**EURIBOR**”)) have been the subject of recent national and international regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be implemented, with further changes being anticipated. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or to have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Notes linked to or referencing such a benchmark.

Regulation (EU) No. 2016/1011 (the “**EU Benchmarks Regulation**”) applies, subject to certain transitional provisions, to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the EU. Among other aspects, it: (i) requires benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-EU-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevents certain uses by EU supervised entities (such as the Issuer) of benchmarks provided by administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-EU based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed). Regulation (EU) No. 2016/1011 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK Benchmarks Regulation**”) among other things, applies to the provision of benchmarks and the use of a benchmark in the UK. Similarly, it prohibits the use in the UK by UK-supervised entities of benchmarks of administrators that are not authorised by the FCA or registered on the FCA register (or, if non-UK based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

The EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation, as applicable could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a benchmark, particularly if the methodology or other terms of the benchmark are changed to comply with the requirements of the EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation, as applicable. Such changes could reduce or increase the rate or level or affect the volatility of the published rate or level of the relevant benchmark (including EURIBOR).

More broadly, any of the international or national reforms or proposals for reform, or the general increased regulatory scrutiny of benchmarks, could increase the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a benchmark and complying with the associated regulations or requirements. Such factors may (i) discourage market participants from continuing to administer or to contribute to benchmarks; (ii) trigger changes in the rules or methodologies used in benchmarks; (iii) lead to the disappearance of certain benchmarks.

The working group on euro risk-free rates published a set of guiding principles for fallback provisions in new euro denominated cash products (including bonds). The guiding principles indicate, amongst other things, that continuing to reference EURIBOR in relevant contracts (without robust fallback provisions) may increase the risk to the euro area financial system. On 11 May 2021, the euro risk-free rate working group published its recommendations on EURIBOR fallback trigger events and fallback rates stating, inter alia, that contracts and financial instruments referencing EURIBOR should include provisions covering trigger events related to permanent cessation, temporary non-availability and non-representativeness and that trigger events should be objectively drafted in precise terms and refer to events made publicly available by the regulatory supervisor of the EURIBOR administrator. The final recommendations further state that market participants should seek consistency and use the same trigger events for all assets classes when developing and introducing fallback provisions in different financial instruments and contracts referencing EURIBOR, to the extent possible and appropriate and the replacement date should occur on the date on which the benchmark has effectively ceased to be provided or is no longer representative. On 4 December 2023, the working group issued its final statement, announcing completion of its mandate.

Furthermore, to address systemic risk, on 2 February 2021 the Council of the European Union approved the final text of Regulation (EU) No. 2021/168 amending the EU Benchmarks Regulation as regards the exemption of certain third-country spot foreign exchange benchmarks and the designation of replacements for certain benchmarks in cessation, and amending Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012. The new framework delegates the Commission to designate a replacement for benchmarks qualified as critical under the EU Benchmarks Regulation, where the cessation or wind-down of such

benchmarks might significantly disrupt the functioning of financial markets within the EU. In particular, the designation of a replacement for a benchmark should apply to any contract and financial instrument, as defined in MiFID II, that is subject to the law of a Member State. On 10 February 2021, the Council of the European Union adopted Regulation (EU) No. 2021/168, which was published in the Official Journal on 12 February 2021 and entered into force the following day.

In addition, with respect to supervised entities, Regulation (EU) No. 2021/168 extended the transitional period for the use of third-country benchmarks until 2023 and the Commission further extended this period until 31 December 2025 by a delegated act adopted by the Commission on 14 July 2023.

The Terms and Conditions of the Notes provides for certain fallback arrangements in the event that a published benchmark, including an inter-bank offered rate such as EURIBOR or other relevant benchmarks, (including any page on which such benchmark may be published (or any successor service)) becomes unavailable or a Benchmark Event otherwise occurs, including the possibility that the rate of interest or other amounts payable under the Notes could be set by reference to a successor rate or an alternative reference rate and that such successor rate or alternative reference rate may be adjusted (if required) in order to reduce or eliminate, to the fullest extent reasonably practicable in the circumstances, any economic prejudice or benefit (as applicable) to investors arising out of the replacement of the relevant benchmark. In certain circumstances, the fallback for the purposes of calculation of interest or other amounts payable under the Notes may be based upon a determination to be made by an Independent Adviser or the Issuer. In addition, due to the uncertainty concerning the availability of successor rates and alternative reference rates and the involvement of an Independent Adviser, the relevant fallback provisions may not operate as intended at the relevant time and in the event of a permanent discontinuation of any benchmark, the Issuer may be unable to appoint an independent adviser or the Independent Adviser may be unable to determine a successor rate or alternative rate. In these circumstances, where any benchmark has been discontinued, the ultimate fallback for the purposes of calculation of the Rate of Interest for a particular Interest Period or Reset Period, as the case may be, may result in the Rate of Interest for the last preceding Interest Period or Reset Period, as the case may be, being used. This may result in the effective application of a fixed rate for Floating Rate Notes or Reset Notes, as the case may be, based on the rate which was last observed on the Relevant Screen Page.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, EURIBOR will continue to be supported going forward. This may cause EURIBOR to perform differently than it has done in the past and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. The potential elimination of benchmarks, such as EURIBOR, the establishment of alternative reference rates or changes in how a benchmark is administrated could also require adjustments to the terms of benchmark-linked securities and may result in other consequences, such as interest payments that are lower than, or that do not otherwise correlate over time with, the payments that would have been made on those securities if the relevant benchmark was still available in its current form.

Based on the foregoing, prospective investors should be aware that:

- (a) any of the reforms or pressures described above or any other changes to a relevant interest rate benchmark (including EURIBOR) could affect the level and volatility of the published rate;
- (b) the elimination of EURIBOR or any other benchmark, or changes in the manner of administration of any benchmark, could require an adjustment to the interest calculation provisions of the Terms and Conditions, or

result in adverse consequences to Noteholders linked to such benchmark. Furthermore, even prior to the implementation of any changes, uncertainty as to the nature of alternative reference rates and the potential effects of such changes may adversely affect such benchmarks during the term of the relevant Notes, the return on the Notes and the trading market for securities based on those benchmarks; and

- (c) if EURIBOR or any other relevant interest rate benchmark is discontinued or is otherwise unavailable, then the rate of interest on the Notes will be determined for a period by the relevant fallback provisions, although such provisions, being dependent in part upon the provision by reference banks of offered quotations for leading banks (in the Euro-zone interbank market, in the case of EURIBOR), may not operate as intended (depending on market circumstances and the availability of rates information at the relevant time).

Moreover, any of the above or any other significant change to EURIBOR or any other interest rate benchmark could have a material adverse effect on the value or liquidity of, and the amount payable under, the Notes linked to, referencing or otherwise dependent (in whole or in part) upon a benchmark. No assurance may be provided that relevant changes will not occur with respect to EURIBOR or any other relevant interest rate benchmark and/or that such benchmarks will continue to exist. Investors should consider these matters, consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks when making any investment decision with respect to any Notes linked to or referencing a benchmark. Investors in Notes which reference EURIBOR or any other relevant interest rate benchmark should be mindful of the interest rate fallback provisions applicable to such Notes and the adverse effect this may have on the value or liquidity of, and return on, any Notes linked to EURIBOR or any other relevant interest rate benchmark.

SONIA and SOFR both have a limited history, the administrator of SONIA or SOFR may make changes that could change the value of SONIA or SOFR or discontinue SONIA or SOFR, the market continues to develop in relation to SONIA or SOFR as a reference rate for Floating Rate Notes, investors may not be able to estimate reliably the amount of interest which will be payable on the relevant Notes and any failure of SOFR to gain market acceptance could adversely affect Noteholders

Where the relevant Final Terms for a Series of Floating Rate Notes identifies that the Rate of Interest for such Notes will be determined by reference to SONIA or SOFR, the Rate of Interest will be determined by reference to Compounded Daily SONIA, Compounded Daily SONIA Index, Weighted Average SONIA, Compounded Daily SOFR (including on the basis of the SOFR Index published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website) or SOFR Arithmetic Mean. In each case such rate will differ from the relevant EURIBOR rate in a number of material respects, including (without limitation) that a compounded daily rate or weighted average rate is a backwards-looking, risk-free overnight rate, and a single daily rate is a risk-free overnight non-term rate, whereas EURIBOR is expressed on the basis of a forward-looking term and include a risk-element based on inter-bank lending. As such, investors should be aware that EURIBOR, SONIA and SOFR may behave materially differently as interest reference rates for Notes issued under the Programme.

The market continues to develop in relation to risk-free rates (including SONIA and SOFR) as reference rates for floating rate Notes in the capital markets and their adoption as alternatives to the relevant interbank offered rates. In addition, market participants and relevant working groups are exploring alternative reference rates based on SONIA or SOFR, including term SONIA and term SOFR reference rates (which seek to measure the market's forward expectation of an average SONIA or SOFR rate over a designated term). Such risk-free rates have a limited performance history and the future performance of such risk-free rates is impossible to predict. As a consequence, no future performance of the

relevant risk-free rate or Notes referencing such risk-free rate may be inferred from any of the hypothetical or actual historical performance data. In addition, investors should be aware that risk-free rates may behave materially differently to interbank offered rates as interest reference rates. For example, since publication of SOFR began daily changes in SOFR have, on occasion, been more.

Interest is calculated on the basis of the compounded risk-free rate or an arithmetic average of the risk-free rate. For this and other reasons, the interest rate on the Notes during any Interest Period will not be the same as the interest rate on other investments linked to the risk-free rate that use an alternative basis to determine the applicable interest rate.

The market or a significant part thereof may adopt an application of SONIA and SOFR that differs significantly from that set out in the Notes. Furthermore, the Issuer may, in the future, issue notes referencing SONIA and SOFR that differ materially in terms of interest determination when compared with the Notes. In addition, the manner of adoption or application of SONIA and SOFR reference rates in the Eurobond markets may differ materially compared with the application and adoption of SONIA and SOFR in other markets, such as the derivatives and loan markets. Investors should carefully consider how any mismatch between the adoption of SONIA and SOFR reference rates across these markets may impact any hedging or other financial arrangements which they may put in place in connection with any acquisition, holding or disposal of Notes referencing any such rate.

Interest on Notes which reference a risk-free rate is only capable of being determined immediately prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. It may be difficult for investors in Notes which reference risk-free rates to reliably estimate the amount of interest which will be payable on such Notes.

The Bank of England (or a successor), as administrator of SONIA and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (or a successor), as administrator of SOFR may make methodological or other changes that could change the value of SONIA, and SOFR, respectively, including changes related to the method by which SONIA and SOFR is calculated, eligibility criteria applicable to the transactions used to calculate SONIA and SOFR, or timing related to the publication of SONIA, and SOFR. In addition, the administrator may alter, discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of SONIA and SOFR (in which case the fallback methods of determining the interest rate on the relevant Notes will apply). The administrators have no obligation to consider the interests of Noteholders when calculating, adjusting, converting, revising or discontinuing SONIA or SOFR.

5. RISKS RELATED TO THE MARKET GENERALLY

Set out below is a brief description of the principal market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

The lack of a profitable secondary market

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency, or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

If an investor holds Notes which are not denominated in the investor's home currency, he will be exposed to movements in exchange rates adversely affecting the value of his holding. In addition, the imposition of exchange controls in relation to any Notes could result in an investor not receiving payments in those Notes

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the “**Investor's Currency**”) other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

The value of Fixed Rate Notes may be adversely affected by movements in market interest rates

Fixed Rate Notes pay a fixed rate of interest that does not adjust to prevailing market rates after issuance or during the life of the Notes. If market interest rates, inflation expectations or relevant benchmark yields increase after the Notes are issued, the fixed coupon on the Notes may become less attractive relative to new issuances, and the market value of the Notes is likely to decline.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisors or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENTS

In accordance with Articles 149 and 150 (*ex vi* 238(1) and (3)(a)) of the Portuguese Securities Code, the Issuer, the members of its Board of Directors, the members of its Audit Committee and PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados – Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, Lda. (“**PwC**”), are responsible for the information contained in this Base Prospectus and each of them declares that, to the best of its knowledge (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this Base Prospectus for which it is responsible pursuant to the aforementioned Articles is in accordance with the facts and contains no omissions likely to affect the import of such information.

In accordance with Article 149(3) (directly and *ex vi* Article 238(1)) of the Portuguese Securities Code, liability of the abovementioned entities is excluded if any such entity proves that the addressee knew or should have been aware of the inaccuracies in the contents of this Base Prospectus on the date of issue of the contractual declaration or when the respective revocation was still possible. Pursuant to Article 150 of the Portuguese Securities Code, the Issuer is strictly liable (i.e. independently of fault) if any of the members of its Board of Directors, its Audit Committee, or PwC is held responsible for such information. As per Article 238(3)(b) of the Portuguese Securities Code, the right to compensation based on the responsibility for the information contained in the Base Prospectus, as per Article 149, is to be exercised within six months following the knowledge of an inaccuracy in the contents of this Base Prospectus or the amendment thereto and ceases, in any case, two years following disclosure of (i) this Base Prospectus for admission to trading on a regulated market or (ii) amendment thereto that contains the defective information or forecast.

The Dealers have not independently verified the information contained herein, any document incorporated herein by reference, or any supplement to this Base Prospectus. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made and no responsibility or liability is accepted by the Dealers as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or incorporated in this Base Prospectus or any other information provided by the Issuer in connection with the Programme. The Dealers do not accept any liability in relation to the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus or any other information provided by the Issuer in connection with the Programme.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Base Prospectus comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 8 of the Prospectus Regulation. When used in this Base Prospectus, “**Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 and “**UK Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European (Union) Withdrawal Act 2018 (“**EUWA**”).

This Base Prospectus should be read and understood in conjunction with any supplement to this Base Prospectus and with any other documents incorporated herein by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*”). Full information on the Issuer and any Tranche of Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of this Base Prospectus and the relevant Final Terms (as defined herein).

Under this EUR 7,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme, Banco BPI may from time-to-time issue notes (the “**Notes**”, which will include Senior Notes, Dated Subordinated Notes, Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (as such terms are defined below)) denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined herein).

Other than in relation to the documents which are deemed to be incorporated by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*”), the information on the websites to which this Base Prospectus refers does not form part of this Base Prospectus and has not been scrutinised or approved by the CMVM.

The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding under the Programme will not exceed EUR 7,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described herein), subject to increase as described herein.

The Final Terms (as defined below) for each Tranche (as defined in the Terms and Conditions (the “*Terms and Conditions*” which term shall include, depending of the Tranche (whether it is a Senior Note, a Subordinated Note or an Undated Deeply Subordinated Note), the *Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes* or the *Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*) of Notes will state whether the Notes of such Tranche are to be (i) senior Notes (“**Senior Notes**”), (ii) dated subordinated Notes (“**Dated Subordinated Notes**”), (iii) undated subordinated Notes (“**Undated Subordinated Notes**”), or (v) undated deeply subordinated notes (“**Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes**”). Dated Subordinated Notes and Undated Subordinated Notes are together referred to as “**Subordinated Notes**”.

The Notes will be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the Dealers specified under “*Overview of the Programme*” and any additional Dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time by the Issuer (each a “**Dealer**” and together the “**Dealers**”), which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis. References in this Base Prospectus to the *relevant Dealer* shall, in the case of an issue of Notes being (or intended to be) subscribed by more than one Dealer, be to all Dealers agreeing to purchase such Notes.

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount or principal amount of, the interest (if any) payable in respect of, the issue price of, and any terms and conditions which are applicable to each Tranche (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions*”) of Notes will be completed and set out in the final terms of each Tranche (the “**Final Terms**”) which, with respect to Notes to be admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon and to be listed on the Official List of Euronext Lisbon, will be filed with the Euronext and the CMVM. Each Final Terms will contain the final terms of each Tranche of Notes for the purposes of

Article 8 of the Prospectus Regulation. The Programme provides that Notes may, after notification in accordance with Article 25 of the Prospectus Regulation, be admitted to trading on the regulated markets of and/or admitted to listing on the stock exchanges of a number of member states of the EEA and/or offered to the public within the EEA. Unlisted Notes and/or Notes not admitted to trading on any market may also be issued.

The Programme provides that Notes may be listed on such other stock exchange(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

No person is or has been authorised by the Issuer to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Base Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Dealers.

Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes (i) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation or (ii) should be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer or any of the Dealers that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes should purchase any Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme nor the issue of any Notes constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or any of the Dealers to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus or any document incorporated herein by reference nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes shall in any circumstances imply that the information contained herein concerning the Issuer is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Dealers expressly do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer during the life of the Programme or to advise any investor in the Notes of any information coming to their attention. Investors should review, inter alia, the most recently published documents incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus when deciding whether or not to purchase any Notes.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), or any U.S. State securities laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, as defined in Regulation S, unless an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available and in accordance with all applicable securities laws of any state of the United States and any other jurisdiction (see “*Subscription and Sale*” below). Neither this Base Prospectus nor any Final Terms constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make the offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus, any document incorporated herein by reference and the offer or sale of Notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. The Issuer and the Dealers do not represent that this Base Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that any Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility

for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuer or the Dealers which is intended to permit a public offering of any Notes or distribution of this document in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, no Notes may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Base Prospectus, any document incorporated herein by reference nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus or any Notes may come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions on the distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offering and sale of Notes. In particular, there are restrictions on the distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offer or sale of Notes in the United States, Singapore, Japan, Switzerland, UK and the EEA (including France, Belgium and Spain) (see “*Subscription and Sale*”).

IMPORTANT – EEA Retail Investors – If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes includes a legend entitled “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors”, the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the EEA. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 of the European Parliament (as amended, the “**Insurance Distribution Directive**”) and of the Council of 20 January 2016 on insurance distribution (recast), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EC) 1286/2014 of 26 November 2014 (the “**PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

IMPORTANT – UK RETAIL INVESTORS – If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes includes a legend entitled “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors”, the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the UK. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (“**FSMA**”) and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the UK Prospectus Regulation. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

Singapore SFA Product Classification – In connection with Section 309B of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 2001) of Singapore (as modified or amended from time to time, the “**SFA**”) and the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018 of Singapore (the “**CMP Regulations 2018**”), unless otherwise specified before an offer of Notes, the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in Section 309A(1) of the SFA), that the Notes are ‘prescribed capital markets products’ (as defined in the CMP Regulations 2018) and Excluded

Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).

MiFID II product governance / target market – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “*MiFID II product governance*” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the Product Governance rules under EU Delegated Directive 2017/593 (the “**MiFID Product Governance Rules**”), any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the MIFID Product Governance Rules.

UK MiFIR product governance / target market – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “*UK MiFIR Product Governance*” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**UK distributor**”) should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a UK distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules, any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the UK MIFIR Product Governance Rules.

Benchmark Regulation - Amounts payable under the Notes may be calculated by reference to the EURIBOR, SONIA and SOFR which are administered by the European Money Markets Institute (“**EMMI**”), the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, respectively or any other benchmark, in each case as specified in the applicable Final Terms. As at the date of this Base Prospectus, EMMI does appear on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to Article 36 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation. As far as the Issuer is aware, the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York does not appear in ESMA’s register of administrators and benchmarks under Article 36 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation and is not required to be registered by virtue of Article 2 of the Benchmarks Regulation.

Subject as provided in the applicable Final Terms, the only persons authorised to use this Base Prospectus in connection with an offer of Notes are the persons named in the applicable Final Terms as the relevant Dealer, the Managers or the Financial Intermediaries, as the case may be.

NON-EXEMPT OFFERS OF NOTES - Certain Tranches of Notes with a denomination of less than €100,000 may be offered in circumstances where there is no exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Regulation to publish a prospectus. Any such offer is referred to as a “Non-exempt Offer”. This Base Prospectus has been prepared on a basis

that permits Non-exempt Offers of Notes in each Member State in relation to which the Issuer has given its consent, as specified in the applicable Final Terms (each specified state a "**Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction**").

STABILISATION

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes under the Programme, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) named as the Stabilising Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in the *applicable* Final Terms may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes of the Series (as defined below) of which such Tranche forms part at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of a Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

If a benchmark (in particular, other than EURIBOR or SONIA) is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the applicable Final Terms will indicate whether or not the benchmark is provided by an administrator included in the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by ESMA pursuant to Article 36 of the BMR.

PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION

All references in this document to U.S. dollars, U.S. and \$ refer to United States dollars and to Sterling and £ refer to pounds sterling. In addition, all references in this document to euro, EUR and € refer to the single currency of certain member states of the European Union. All references in this Base Prospectus to the United States refer to the United States of America, its territories and possessions.

Certain figures in this Base Prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, amounts shown as totals in tables or elsewhere may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures which precede them.

The language of this Base Prospectus is English.

Where information has been sourced from a third party, the Issuer confirms that to the best of their knowledge this information has been accurately reproduced and that so far as the Issuer is aware and able to ascertain from information published by such third party, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

If so specified in the Final Terms in respect to any issue of Notes, the Issuer consents to the use of this Base Prospectus in Portugal in connection with an offer to the public of the Notes by any of the Dealers of the Programme or by any financial intermediary which is authorised to make such offers under MiFID II ("**Authorised Offeror**") and accepts responsibility for the content of this Base Prospectus also with respect to subsequent resale or final placement of securities by any Dealer which was given consent to use this Base Prospectus.

Information with respect to new Dealers of the Programme or additional Authorised Offerors will be disclosed by the relevant means, including in the applicable Final Terms for such offer and / or the website of the Issuer and the relevant Dealer or Authorised Offeror.

The consent referred to above relates to Offer Periods occurring during 12 months from the date of this Base Prospectus.

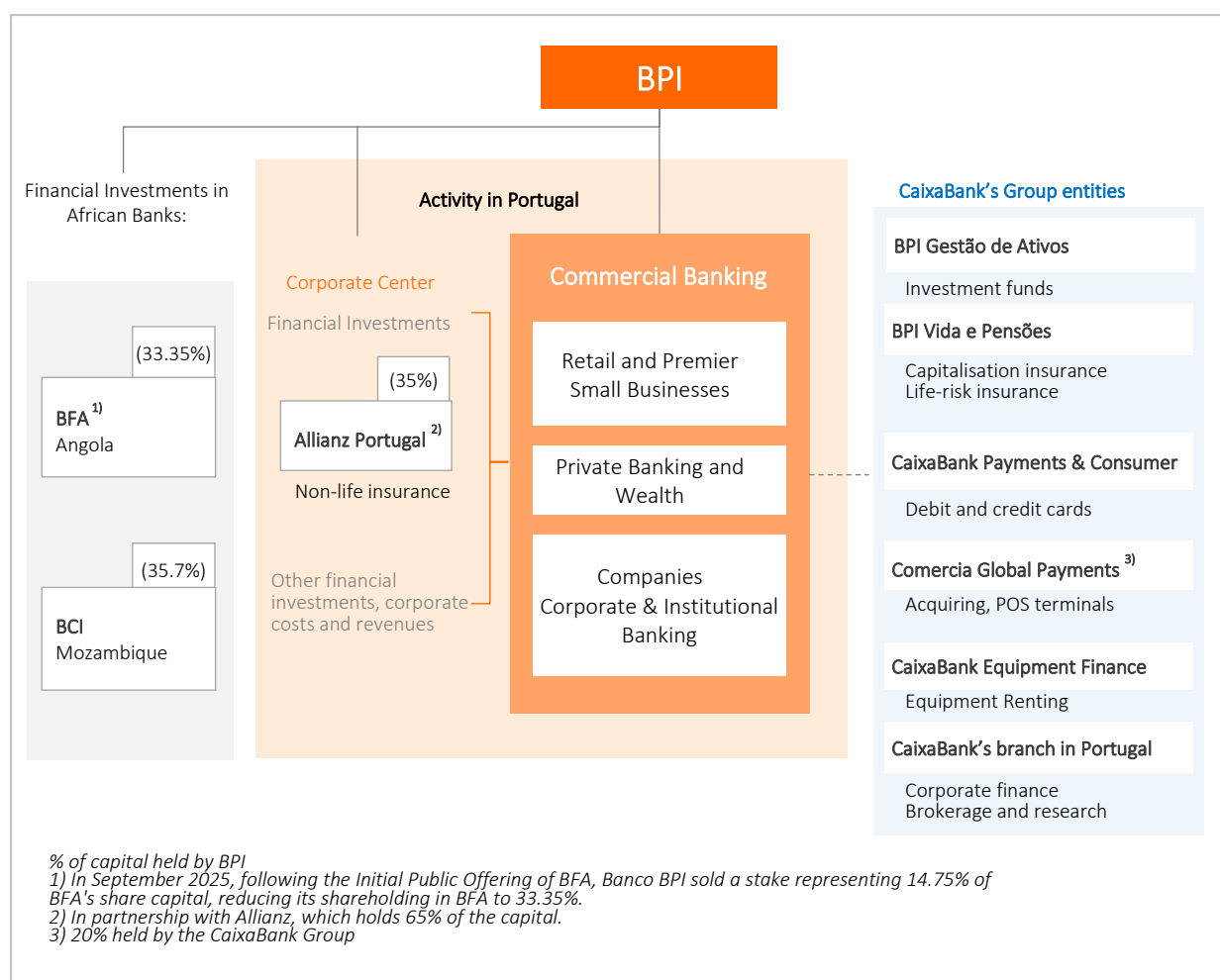
An investor intending to acquire or acquiring any Notes from an Authorised Offeror will do so, and offers and sales of the Notes to an investor by an Authorised Offeror will be made, in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and such investor including as to price, allocation, settlement arrangements and any expenses or taxes to be charged to the investor (the “Terms and Conditions”). The Issuer, if applicable, will not be a party to any such arrangements with investors (other than Dealers) in connection with the offer or sale of the Notes and, accordingly, this Base Prospectus and any Final Terms will not contain such information. The Terms and Conditions of the Public Offer and a statement on the use of this Base Prospectus in accordance with the consent and with the relevant conditions shall be disclosed by that Authorised Offeror on its website at the relevant time. The Issuer or any of the other Authorised Offerors have no responsibility or liability for such information.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

The Issuer is wholly owned by CaixaBank, S.A. (“**CaixaBank**”) and focuses on the commercial banking business in Portugal, using its distribution network and digital channels to offer services and financial products to corporate, institutional and individual customers.

In September 2025, the Issuer served 1.8 million customers in the domestic market and was the fourth largest financial institution in terms of business volume⁵ (€77 billion in loans, guarantees and total customer resources), with market shares⁶ of 12.0 per cent. in loans and 11.1 per cent. in customer resources as of end August 2025.

The business model is based on the provision of a complete range of financial products and services, structured to meet the specific needs of each segment, through a specialized, integrated, omnichannel distribution network. Part of this offer relies on products and services provided by subsidiaries in Portugal and CaixaBank Group companies, as shown in the figure below, which also illustrates BPI’s financial holdings in African banks.



⁵ Source: BPI calculations using public information

⁶ Source: Banco BPI, Banco de Portugal, Associação Portuguesa de Fundos de Investimento, Pensões e Patrimónios (APFIPP), Associação Portuguesa de Seguradores (APS) and BPI Vida e Pensões

On 30 September 2025, the physical distribution network comprised 302 business units, namely 260 retail branches, 9 Premier centres, 4 Private Banking and Wealth centres, and specialist branches and units serving corporate and institutional customers, including 22 Corporate and Institutional centres, 1 Real Estate business centre, and 6 Corporate and Institutional Banking centres. In addition, BPI has several other teams with high flexibility that serve customers remotely, namely: inTouch centres (provide individual customers with a dedicated manager accessible by phone or digital channels, in extended hours), AGE centre (remotely serves young customers, between 18 and 30 years old) and Connect centre (remotely serves customers with low commercial potential and involvement).

BPI also provides an overreaching homebanking service (BPI Net, BPI Net Empresas, BPIApp, BPI AGE App, BPI Empresas APP, BPI Broker and BPI Direto). BPI's digital channels registered 992 thousand users at the end of September 2025. In addition to these channels, BPI continues to innovate by exploring new ways of engaging with Customers: “Quatru” is BPI’s home ecosystem with a 100 per cent. digital mortgage process, “Pulsoo” an ecosystem for small Businesses, BPI VR a virtual reality informative branch and “Planet AGE Craft Tycoon” promotes financial education on Roblox.

HISTORY

BPI’s origins date back to 1981 with the establishment of SPI – Sociedade Portuguesa de Investimentos, which had a diversified shareholder base, mainly composed of national companies, including 100 of the most dynamic Portuguese firms and four of the most important international financial institutions.

In 1985 SPI underwent a transformation that gave rise to BPI, the first Portuguese private bank set up following the reopening of the sector to private initiative, after the nationalisations of 1975. In 1986, BPI became the first bank listed on the Portuguese stock exchange.

In 1991, ten years after its creation, BPI, which in the meantime had already achieved a clear leadership in the main areas of Investment Banking, expanded its business to commercial banking through the acquisition of Banco Fonsecas & Burnay (BFB).

In 1995, the institution was converted into a bank holding company. This reorganisation, which led to the specialisation of the Group’s units, was accompanied by an important reinforcement of its shareholder structure with the entry of two new strategic partners La Caixa Group and Allianz Group.

In 1996, BPI doubled in size with the acquisition of Banco de Fomento e Exterior (BFE) and Banco Borges & Irmão (BBI). Two years later, in 1998, Banco BPI was formed by the merger of the commercial banks – BFB, BFE and BBI –, concentrating commercial banking activity in a single entity under a single brand.

In 2002, BFA was created, in Angola, from the transformation of BPI’s Luanda branch into a fully-fledged Angolan-law bank. In 2008, 49.9 per cent. of BFA’s share capital was sold to Unitel, S.A.. Following the initial public offering of BFA, BPI sold 14.75 per cent. of BFA’s share capital and decreased its equity stake in BFA’s share capital from 48.1 per cent. to 33.35 per cent..

In 2012, BPI implemented a Recapitalisation Plan that involved the issuance of €1.5 billion of contingent convertible subordinated bonds (“CoCos”) subscribed by the Portuguese State, aimed at fulfilling the recapitalisation exercise

proposed by the EBA. In 2014, BPI fully reimbursed the CoCos, completing the reimbursement to the State three years ahead of schedule.

In April 2016, CaixaBank, holding on that date 44.1 per cent. of BPI's share capital, launched a public tender offer on all BPI's shares.

In January 2017, BPI sold to Unitel, S.A. an equity interest representing 2 per cent. of BFA's share capital reducing its stake to 48.1 per cent..

In February 2017, upon completion of the public tender offer, CaixaBank took over control of BPI, raising its stake up to 84.5 per cent.. BPI became part of one of the largest Iberian financial groups.

In May 2018, CaixaBank acquired from Allianz the entire 8,4 per cent. stake held by the latter in BPI, after which it held 92.9 per cent. of BPI.

In December 2018, following the compulsory acquisition of any remaining shares of the Issuer by CaixaBank, CaixaBank's reached 100 per cent. of BPI's share capital and BPI was de-listed.

ESTABLISHMENT AND DOMICILE

The Issuer is domiciled in Avenida da Boavista, 1117, 4100-129, Porto, Portugal. The telephone number of the Issuer is +351 22 207 5000.

LEGAL FORM

The Issuer is registered as a bank with the Bank of Portugal and operates under the legal name of "Banco BPI, S.A.". The Issuer also operates under the commercial name of "BPI". It is a limited liability company (*sociedade anónima*) under Portuguese law registered for an indefinite term in the Commercial Register of Porto, under the sole registration and taxpayer number 501 214 534 as at 23 October 1981.

LEGAL ENTITY IDENTIFIER

The Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code of the Issuer is 3DM5DPGI3W6OU6GJ4N92.

ISSUER'S WEBSITE

The Issuer's website is www.bancobpi.pt. Unless specifically incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus, information contained on the website does not form part of this Base Prospectus and has not been scrutinised or approved by the competent authority.

OBJECT AND PURPOSE

According to its constitutional documents (in particular to Article 3 of the Issuer's Memorandum and Articles of Association), the scope of the Issuer is to carry on banking business including any additional, related or similar operations compatible with the said business to the full extent permitted by law. The Issuer may also participate in partnership association agreements, complementary corporate conglomerates or European conglomerates of economic interest and may acquire, either originally or subsequently, shares or portions of capital in public limited companies and interests in unlimited liability companies of any object whatsoever and even if subject to special laws.

SHAREHOLDER

The Issuer's sole shareholder as of the date of this Base Prospectus is:

Shareholder	No. of shares held	% of capital held
CaixaBank, S.A.	1 456 924 237	100 per cent.

Currently the Issuer has a set of internal procedures and regulations which define the functions of the Executive Committee of Board of Directors, of the Nominations, Evaluation and Remunerations Committee, of the Risk Committee, of the Audit and Internal Control Committee and of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. These internal procedures and rules comply with applicable laws and regulations in force and governance best practices, namely in what concerns transactions with related parties and these measures implemented by the Issuer are also thought to avoid the major shareholder position's abuse.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW OF THE ISSUER

The Issuer's business is focused on commercial banking in Portugal and is organised around two main segments: (i) Individuals and businesses and (ii) Corporates and Institutions.

Individuals and Small Businesses

Individuals, Businesses, Premier and InTouch Banking is responsible for commercial initiatives with individual customers, entrepreneurs, and small businesses. The Branch network is geared towards mass-market customers and small businesses. For the affluent customers – high net worth customers or customers with potential for wealth accumulation – the Issuer has a network of Financial Advisors working on Premier Centres or specific retail Branches, who provide specialised financial advisory services.

In 2020, the Issuer opened its first InTouch Centre, offering a new commercial approach where individual customers have at their disposal a dedicated Manager with whom they can communicate by telephone or by chat via BPI App, from anywhere and during extended hours.

BPI's Private Banking area, made up of a team of experts in Portugal, provides discretionary management and financial advice specialist services to high-net-worth individual customers.

Corporates and Institutional Clients

Through a specialised network, Corporate and Institutional Banking serves companies and institutional customers, namely public sector and state-controlled organisations. The network includes two Real Estate Business Centres, which are designed to offer a more focused support to customers, developers and builders, involved in large residential real estate projects.

Corporate and Investment Banking manages the relationship with the largest Portuguese corporate groups, insurance companies and subsidiaries of the largest Spanish companies.

SHARE CAPITAL

As at the date of this Base Prospectus, BPI's share capital amounted to €1,293,063,324.98 and was represented by 1,456,924,237 ordinary shares with no nominal value (all issued shares are fully paid).

SELECTED HISTORICAL KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following tables contain selected key financial information for the periods ended 30 September 2025 (unaudited results), 30 June 2025 (limited review report on the condensed interim financial statements), 31 December 2024 and 2023 (audited).

Income Statement as at 30 September 2025

In M.€	Sep 24	Sep 25	Δ%
Net interest income	738.4	658.5	-11%
Dividend income	53.5	56.7	6%
Equity accounted income	43.3	31.7	-27%
Net fee and commission income	243.5	226.6	-7%
Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities and other	12.4	6.5	-48%
Other operating income and expenses	-26.5	-8.4	69%
Gross income	1 064.6	971.6	-9%
Staff expenses	-186.3	-191.2	3%
Other administrative expenses	-141.8	-141.3	0%
Depreciation and amortisation	-47.8	-50.5	6%
Recurring operating expenses	-375.9	-383.0	2%
Non-recurrent costs	-39.9	-0.3	-99%
Operating expenses	-415.8	-383.3	-8%
Net operating income	648.8	588.3	-9%
Impairment losses and other provisions	-26.5	-28.9	9%
Gains and losses in other assets	2.3	-32.0	-
Net income before income tax	624.6	527.3	-16%
Income tax	-180.5	-138.0	-24%
Net income	444.1	389.3	-12%

Balance sheet as at 30 September 2025

In M.€	Dec 24	Sep 25
ASSETS		
Cash and cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	3 286	1 771
Financial assets held for trading, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income	1 480	1 736
Financial assets at amortised cost	35 346	37 414
Of which: Loans to Customers	30 571	32 138
Investments in joint ventures and associates	247	216
Tangible assets	192	174
Intangible assets	112	104
Tax assets	270	257
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	14	13
Other assets	124	217
Total assets	41 072	41 901
LIABILITIES		
Financial liabilities held for trading	57	48
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	36 146	37 066
Deposits - Central Banks and Credit Institutions	718	783
Deposits - Customers	30 501	32 056
Debt securities issued	4 694	3 977
Of which: subordinated liabilities	434	426
Other financial liabilities	232	250
Provisions	32	27
Tax liabilities	258	166
Other liabilities	567	601
Total Liabilities	37 061	37 907
Shareholders' equity attributable to the shareholders of BPI	4 011	3 994
Non controlling interests	0	0
Total Shareholders' equity	4 011	3 994
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	41 072	41 901

BANCO BPL S.A.**CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2025**

(Amounts expressed in thousand euros)

	Notes	30-06-2025	31-12-2024
ASSETS			
Cash, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	8	1 850 434	3 286 054
Financial assets held for trading	9	60 049	55 465
Non-trading financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	10	41 219	44 928
Equity instruments		41 219	44 878
Debt securities			50
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11	1 733 525	1 379 801
Equity instruments		450 381	439 244
Debt securities		1 283 144	940 557
Financial assets at amortised cost	12	37 491 317	35 345 836
Debt securities		8 866 863	8 070 354
Loans and advances - Central Banks and other Credit Institutions		1 258 720	897 370
Loans and advances - Customers		27 365 734	26 378 112
Derivatives - Hedge accounting	13	4 887	1 305
Fair value changes of the hedged items in portfolio hedge of interest rate risk		(48 298)	(47 036)
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	14	214 081	247 227
Tangible assets	15	177 671	191 995
Intangible assets	16	104 817	112 390
Tax assets	24	119 892	269 748
Current tax assets		1 149	144 749
Deferred tax assets		118 743	124 999
Other assets	17	150 188	169 822
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	18	13 220	14 058
Total assets		41 913 002	41 071 593
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities held for trading	9	64 985	57 232
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	19	37 154 136	36 145 753
Deposits - Credit Institutions		791 579	718 148
Deposits - Customers		31 879 991	30 501 340
Debt securities issued		4 231 281	4 693 788
Memorandum items: subordinated liabilities		432 588	433 960
Other financial liabilities		251 285	232 477
Derivatives - Hedge accounting	13	8 346	6 032
Fair value changes of the hedged items in portfolio hedge of interest rate risk		25 911	16 029
Provisions	20	27 524	32 158
Pending legal issues and tax litigation		16 460	20 508
Commitments and guarantees given		9 241	9 796
Other provisions		1 823	1 853
Tax liabilities	24	114 776	258 479
Current tax liabilities		106 954	252 939
Deferred tax liabilities		7 822	5 540
Other liabilities	21	669 198	544 923
Total Liabilities		38 064 876	37 060 606
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital	23	1 293 063	1 293 063
Equity instruments issued other than capital	23	275 000	275 000
Accumulated other comprehensive income	23	(431 201)	(449 580)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		(376 867)	(404 466)
Tangible assets		703	703
Actuarial gains or (-) losses on defined benefit pension plans		(287 464)	(304 283)
Share of other recognised income and expense of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates		(947)	(535)
Fair value changes of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(89 159)	(100 351)
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss		(54 334)	(45 114)
Foreign currency translation		(48 303)	(28 288)
Fair value changes of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(12 958)	(20 580)
Share of other recognised income and expense of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates		6 927	3 754
Retained earnings	23	2 357 569	2 267 004
Other reserves	23	79 244	37 258
Profit or loss for the year		274 451	588 242
Total Equity		3 848 126	4 010 987
Total Equity and Total Liabilities		41 913 002	41 071 593

BANCO BPL S.A.**CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 30 JUNE 2025**

(Amounts expressed in thousand euros)

	Notes	30-06-2025	30-06-2024
Interest income	26	738 050	852 064
Interest expense	26	(296 100)	(360 413)
NET INTEREST INCOME		441 950	491 651
Dividend income	27	56 688	53 475
Share of the profit or (-) loss of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates accounted for using the equity method	14	19 538	28 724
Fee and commission income	28	168 992	182 501
Fee and commission expenses	28	(19 110)	(14 569)
Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of financial assets & liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	29	(16)	177
Gains or (-) losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net	29	2 924	3 172
Gains or (-) losses on non-trading financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss, net	29	(930)	(1 796)
Gains or (-) losses from hedge accounting, net	29	2 134	7 506
Exchange differences [gain or (-) loss], net	29	1 896	6 029
Other operating income	30	30 988	13 332
Other operating expenses	30	(39 678)	(40 991)
GROSS INCOME		665 376	729 211
Administrative expenses		(220 087)	(241 775)
Staff expenses	31	(126 598)	(147 645)
Other administrative expenses	32	(93 489)	(94 130)
Depreciation	15/16	(33 365)	(31 450)
Provisions or (-) reversal of provisions	20	529	1 400
Commitments and guarantees given		555	1 386
Other provisions		(26)	14
Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	33	(28 572)	(5 886)
Financial assets at amortised cost		(28 572)	(5 886)
Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	14	(21 565)	
Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of non-financial assets, net		27	1 204
Profit or (-) loss from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations	34	346	838
PROFIT OR (-) LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		362 689	453 542
Tax expenses or (-) income related to profit or loss from continuing operations	24	(88 238)	(126 713)
PROFIT OR (-) LOSS AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		274 451	326 829
PROFIT OR (-) LOSS FOR THE YEAR	36	274 451	326 829

BANCO BPL S.A.**BALANCE SHEETS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousand euros)

	Notes	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
ASSETS			
Cash, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	8	3 286 054	1 856 228
Financial assets held for trading	9	55 465	56 113
Non-trading financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	10	44 928	55 466
Equity instruments		44 878	55 419
Debt securities		50	47
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11	1 379 801	1 253 332
Equity instruments		439 244	469 166
Debt securities		940 557	784 166
Financial assets at amortised cost	12	35 345 836	34 540 701
Debt securities		8 070 354	7 319 484
Loans and advances - Central Banks and other Credit Institutions		897 370	1 260 815
Loans and advances - Customers		26 378 112	25 960 402
Derivatives - Hedge accounting	13	1 305	2 554
Fair value changes of the hedged items in portfolio hedge of interest rate risk		(47 036)	(68 581)
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	14	247 227	220 740
Tangible assets	15	191 995	208 062
Intangible assets	16	112 390	105 534
Tax assets	24	269 748	170 496
Current tax assets		144 749	27 934
Deferred tax assets		124 999	142 562
Other assets	17	169 822	212 590
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	18	14 058	14 536
Total assets		41 071 593	38 627 771
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities held for trading	9	57 232	58 115

Financial liabilities at amortised cost	19	36 145 753	33 705 352
Deposits - Credit Institutions		718 148	1 061 525
Deposits - Customers		30 501 340	29 251 657
Debt securities issued		4 693 788	3 106 221
<i>Memorandum items: subordinated liabilities</i>		433 960	434 805
Other financial liabilities		232 477	285 949
Derivatives - Hedge accounting	13	6 032	5 262
Fair value changes of the hedged items in portfolio hedge of interest rate risk		16 029	(29 375)
Provisions	20	32 158	39 907
Pending legal issues and tax litigation		20 508	26 253
Commitments and guarantees given		9 796	11 757
Other provisions		1 853	1 897
Tax liabilities	24	258 479	210 880
Current tax liabilities		252 939	178 767
Deferred tax liabilities		5 540	32 113
Other liabilities	21	544 923	662 902
Total Liabilities		37 060 606	34 653 043
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital	23	1 293 063	1 293 063
Equity instruments issued other than capital	23	275 000	275 000
Accumulated other comprehensive income	23	(449 580)	(431 112)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		(404 466)	(361 220)
Tangible assets		703	703
Actuarial gains or (-) losses on defined benefit pension plans		(304 283)	(289 863)
Share of other recognised income and expense of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates		(535)	(36)
Fair value changes of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(100 351)	(72 024)
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss		(45 114)	(69 892)
Foreign currency translation		(28 288)	(37 732)
Fair value changes of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(20 580)	(30 902)
Share of other recognised income and expense of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates		3 754	(1 258)
Retained earnings	23	2 267 004	2 279 248
Other reserves	23	37 258	34 556
Profit or loss for the year		588 242	523 973
Total Equity		4 010 987	3 974 728
Total Equity and Total Liabilities		41 071 593	38 627 771

BANCO BPI, S.A.**STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEARS ENDED ON 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousand euros)

	Notes	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
Interest income	26	1 689 298	1 445 764
Interest expense	26	(710 293)	(496 830)
NET INTEREST INCOME		979 005	948 934
Dividend income	27	53 497	74 538
Share of the profit or (-) loss of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates accounted for using the equity method	14	60 014	60 597
Fee and commission income	28	355 550	320 026
Fee and commission expenses	28	(28 931)	(28 580)
Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of financial assets & liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net	29	212	(7 197)
Gains or (-) losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net	29	5 084	6 832
Gains or (-) losses on non-trading financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss, net	29	(3 402)	(417)
Gains or (-) losses from hedge accounting, net	29	11 695	9 003
Exchange differences [gain or (-) loss], net	29	8 911	(29 495)
Other operating income	30	25 075	18 333
Other operating expenses	30	(50 354)	(104 109)
GROSS INCOME		1 416 356	1 268 465
Administrative expenses		(490 706)	(452 854)
Staff expenses	31	(312 636)	(283 379)
Other administrative expenses	32	(178 070)	(169 475)
Depreciation	15/16	(64 402)	(73 336)
Provisions or (-) reversal of provisions	20	(6 219)	(2 448)
Commitments and guarantees given		1 961	642
Other provisions		(8 180)	(3 090)
Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	33	(30 660)	(51 722)
Financial assets at amortised cost		(30 660)	(51 722)
Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	14	(8 961)	(1 568)
Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment on non-financial assets		(452)	
Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, net	34		8 454
Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of non-financial assets, net		(1)	(1 395)
Profit or (-) loss from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations	35	1 750	1 770
Profit or (-) loss before tax from continuing operations		816 705	695 366
Tax expenses or (-) income related to profit or loss from continuing operations	24	(228 463)	(171 393)
PROFIT OR (-) LOSS AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		588 242	523 973
PROFIT OR (-) LOSS FOR THE YEAR	36	588 242	523 973

The auditor's reports on the limited review of the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Issuer as at June 2025 and on the consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the years ended on 31 December 2024 and on 31 December 2023 did not include any reserves.

Please refer to the complete versions of the auditor's reports included in the annual reports and half year report of the Issuer, together with the respective financial statements, which are incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus.

INVESTMENTS

There have been no material investments by the Issuer since 30 September 2025.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Issuer's governance model is structured in compliance with the Portuguese Companies Code as follows:

- the company's management is entrusted to the Board of Directors which includes an Executive Committee to which the Board of Directors has delegated wide management powers for conducting the day-to-day business activity. Within the ambit of the Board of Directors, two specialist commissions function, composed exclusively of non-executive members: (i) the Risk Committee and (ii) the Nominations, Evaluation and Remuneration

Committee. In September 2017, as foreseen in the corporate statutes a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was created.

- the oversight functions are attributed to the Audit Committee (“*Comissão de Auditoria*”) – whose key terms of reference include supervising the management of the company, ensuring compliance with the legal and regulatory provisions, the statutes and provisions issued by the supervisory authorities, as well as general policies, provisions and practices adopted internally, setting the terms of its coordination with the Risk Committee, including the work to be developed and the report to be carried out by the latter, with a view to assisting the performance of the Audit Committee's functions, following up on the situation and the evolution of all risks to which the Bank is subject, relying, for this purpose, on the assistance of the Risk Committee and any related work, analyses and recommendations that this Committee presents to the Audit Committee, verifying the adequacy of and supervising compliance with the policies, criteria and accounting practices adopted and any supporting documents in accordance with accounting standards, supervising the statutory audit of accounts, issuing an opinion on the report, accounts and proposals presented by the Board of Directors, supervising the process of preparing and disclosing financial information, supervising the effectiveness of the internal control, internal assessing and supervising the Statutory Auditor's independence, particularly when he or she provides additional services to the company, receiving communications concerning any irregularities occurring within the company and submitted by shareholders, employees or others and fulfilling any other duties assigned to it by law.
- the General Shareholders' Meeting, composed of all the shareholders of the Issuer, deliberates on the issues which are specifically attributed to it by the law or by the Articles of Association – including the election of the governing bodies, the approval of the directors' reports, the annual accounts, the distribution of profits, and capital increases –, as well as if so solicited by the Board of Directors, on matters dealing with the company's management.
- the Company Secretary is appointed by the Board of Directors and performs the functions contemplated in the law and others attributed pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Issuer.

MANAGEMENT

The following is an updated list of the members of the Board of Directors (term of office 2023-2025). The business address of each of the below-mentioned members of the Board of Directors is Banco BPI, S.A., Avenida da Boavista, 1117, 4100-129 Porto, Portugal.

Board of Directors

Chairman:	Fernando Ulrich
Vice-Chairman:	Cristina Rios Amorim
Chief Executive Officer:	João Pedro Oliveira e Costa
Members:	
Executive member	Afonso Fuzeta Eça
Executive member	Ana Rosas Oliveira
Non-executive member	António Lobo Xavier
Executive member	Diogo Sousa Louro
Non-executive member	Fátima Barros

Executive member	Francisco Artur Matos
Non-executive member	Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaache
Non-executive member	Inês Valadas
Non-executive member	Javier Pano
Non-executive member	Joana Freitas
Non-executive member	Natividad Capella
Executive member	Susana Trigo Cabral

Relevant activities outside BPI

Name	Position	Companies
Fernando Ulrich	Non-Executive Director	CaixaBank, S.A.
Cristina Rios Amorim	Non-Executive Vice-Chairman	Amorim Investimentos e Participações, SGPS, S.A.
	Non-Executive Director	Amorim, Sociedade Gestora de Participações, S.A.
	Executive Director and CFO	Corticeira Amorim, SGPS, S.A.
	Member of the Board (Non-Executive)	AEM – Associação de Empresas Emitentes de Valores Cotados em Mercado (representing Corticeira Amorim SGPS, S.A.)
João Pedro Oliveira e Costa	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾
Afonso Fuzeta Eça	Non-Executive Director	SIBS, SGPS, S.A.
	Non-Executive Director	SIBS Forward Payment Solutions S.A.
Ana Rosas Oliveira	Member of “Conselho de Curadores”	Fundação AEP (representing BANCO BPI, S.A.)
	Vice-Chairman of the General Meeting	COTEC PORTUGAL – Associação Empresarial para a Inovação (representing BANCO BPI, S.A.)
	Member of “Conselho Geral e de Supervisão”	Associação Porto Business School (PBS) – U. Porto (representing BANCO BPI, S.A.)
António Lobo Xavier	Non-Executive Director	NOS, SGPS, S.A.
	President of the General and Supervisory Board	EDP-Energias de Portugal, S.A.
	Non-Executive Director	BA Glass, Serviços de Gestão e Investimento, S.A.

Diogo Sousa Louro Fátima Barros	President of General Meeting of Shareholders	Têxtil Manuel Gonçalves, S.A.
	President of General Meeting of Shareholders	Mysticinvest – Holding S.A.
	Member of Advisory Council	Council of State Presidency of Portuguese Republic
	Member of “Conselho de Curadores”	Fundação Belmiro de Azevedo
	Member of “Conselho de Curadores”	Fundação Francisco Manuel dos Santos
	Non-Executive Vice-Chairman	Sogrape, SGPS, S.A.
	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾
Francisco Artur Matos Gonzalo Gortázar	Executive Director	Fundação Francisco Manuel dos Santos
	Non-Executive Director	Brisa Concessão Rodoviária, S.A.
	Member of “Conselho de Curadores”	Fundação António Pargana
	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾	Not applicable ⁽¹⁾
Maria Inês Valadas	Chief Executive Officer	CaixaBank, S.A.
	Non-Executive Chairman	CaixaBank Payments & Consumer, EFC, S.A.
	Non-Executive Chairman	VidaCaixa S. A. U. Sociedad Unipersonal.
	Executive Director	Vodafone Portugal - Comunicações Pessoais, S.A.
Javier Pano	Chief Financial Officer	CaixaBank, S.A.
Joana Freitas	Non-Executive Vice-Chairman	Cecabank, S.A.
	Non-Executive Director	EDA - Electricidade dos Açores, S.A.
	Executive Director	EDP - Gestão da Produção de Energia, S.A.
	Chairman of the Generation and Environment Committee	Eurelectric - Federation of the European Electricity Industry
Natividad Capella	Member of the Board (Non-Executive)	International Hydropower Association
	Head of Corporate Risk Management Function & Planning	CaixaBank, S.A.

	Non-Executive Director	VidaCaixa, S. A. U. Sociedad Unipersonal.
	Non-Executive Director	CaixaBank Wealth Management Luxembourg, S.A.
Susana Trigo Cabral	Non-Executive Director	VidaCaixa S. A. U. Sociedad Unipersonal.

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ “Not applicable” means no activities outside BPI.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Issuer is not aware of any potential conflicts of interests between any duties to the Issuer by any of the members of either the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors in respect of their private interests and/or other duties.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee performs the functions attributed to it by law, the Articles of Association and the Issuer's internal regulations.

The following is an updated list of the members of the Audit Committee (term of office 2023-2025):

Chairman:	Fátima Barros
Members:	António Lobo Xavier
	Inês Valadas
	Joana Freitas
	Natividad Capella

Relevant activities of the members of the Audit Committee outside BPI

Please see table above concerning the Board of Directors.

The composition of the Audit Committee is deliberated upon by the General Shareholders' Meeting of the Issuer. The Audit Committee exercises its function for terms of three years.

Besides any other competence set out in law or in the Bank's Articles of Association, the Audit Committee is responsible for:

- supervising the management of the company;
- ensuring compliance with the legal and regulatory provisions, the statutes and provisions issued by the supervisory authorities, as well as general policies, provisions and practices adopted internally;
- setting the terms of its coordination with the Risk Committee, including the work to be developed and the report to be carried out by the latter, with a view to assisting the performance of the Audit Committee's functions;
- following up on the situation and the evolution of all risks to which the Bank is subject, relying, for this purpose, on the assistance of the Risk Committee and any related work, analyses and recommendations that this Committee presents to the Audit Committee;

- verifying the adequacy of and supervising compliance with the policies, criteria and accounting practices adopted and any supporting documents in accordance with accounting standards;
- supervising the statutory audit of accounts;
- issuing an opinion on the report, accounts and proposals presented by the Board of Directors;
- supervising the process of preparing and disclosing financial and non-financial information, particularly in matters of sustainability;
- supervising the effectiveness of the internal control, internal audit and risk management systems;
- assessing and supervising the Statutory Auditor's independence, particularly when he or she provides additional services to the company;
- receiving communications concerning any irregularities occurring within the company and submitted by shareholders, employees or others;
- and fulfilling any other duties assigned to it by law.

The Audit Committee meets every month with exception of August.

The Issuer is not aware of any potential conflicts of interest between any duties *vis-à-vis* the Issuer of the members of the Audit Committee and their private interests or other duties.

STATUTORY AUDITOR

The term of office of the current Statutory Auditor (“*Revisor Oficial de Contas*”) is two years. CaixaBank, as the sole shareholder, reappointed on 19 December 2024, under the terms of Article 10, paragraph 3, of the Bank’s Articles of Association, PricewaterhouseCoopers, SROC, S.A. as the Statutory Auditor for the period of 2025-2026.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, SROC, S.A., member of the Portuguese Association of the Chartered Accountants (“*Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas*”) with number 183 and registered with CMVM with number 20161485, with registered office at Palácio Sottomayor, Rua Sousa Martins, 1-3rd, 1069-316 Lisbon, has designated José Manuel Henriques Bernardo, member of the Portuguese Association of the Chartered Accountants with number 903 and registered with the CMVM with number 20160522, to represent it for the period beginning in January 2025.

The alternate member is Ana Maria Ávila de Oliveira Lopes Bertão, member of the Portuguese Association of the Chartered Accountants with number 902 and registered with the CMVM with number 20160521.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties to the Bank of the persons listed above and their private interest or duties.

FORM OF THE NOTES, CLEARING AND PAYMENTS

Form of the Notes

The Notes will be represented in dematerialised book entry form (*forma escritural*) and are registered (*nominativas*). The Notes will be held through the accounts of affiliate members of the Portuguese central securities depository and the manager of the Portuguese settlement system, *Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A.*, whose commercial designation is Euronext Securities Porto (“**Interbolsa**”), as operator and manager of the *Central de Valores Mobiliários* (the “**CVM**”).

Clearing and Settlement

Interbolsa manages the operation of the central securities depository in the Republic of Portugal known as *sistema centralizado* in which securities in book entry form can be registered (the “**Book Entry Registry**” and each entry a “**Book Entry**”). The CVM is composed of interconnected securities accounts, through which securities (and inherent rights) are created, held and transferred. This allows Interbolsa to control the number of securities created, held and transferred. Issuer of securities, financial intermediaries which are Affiliate Members (Direct Registration Entities) of Interbolsa and the Bank of Portugal, all participate in the CVM.

The CVM provides for all the procedures which allow the owners of securities to exercise their rights.

In relation to each issue of securities, CVM comprises *inter alia*, (i) the issue account, opened by the issuer in the CVM and which reflects the full amount of securities issued and (ii) the control accounts opened by each of the financial intermediaries which participate in Interbolsa's centralised system, and which reflect, at all times, the aggregate nominal amount of securities held in the individual securities accounts opened by holders of securities with each of the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa (as defined below).

Title to the Notes passes upon registration in the records of an Affiliate Member of Interbolsa. Each person shown in the records of an Affiliate Member of Interbolsa as having an interest in Notes shall be treated as the holder of the principal amount of the Notes recorded.

The expression “**Affiliate Member of Interbolsa**” means any authorised financial intermediary entitled to hold control accounts with Interbolsa on behalf of Noteholders and includes any depository banks appointed by: (i) Euroclear and CBL, for the purposes of holding accounts on behalf of Euroclear and CBL with Interbolsa; or (ii) other financial intermediaries that do not hold control accounts directly with Interbolsa, but which hold accounts with an Affiliate Member of Interbolsa, which in turn has an account with Interbolsa.

Notes registered with Interbolsa will be attributed an International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) code through Interbolsa's codification system and will be accepted for clearing through CVM, the clearing system operated at Interbolsa as well as through the clearing systems operated by Euroclear and CBL and settled by Interbolsa's settlement system.

Payments

Payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes will be subject to Portuguese laws and regulations, notably the regulations from time to time issued and applied by the CMVM and Interbolsa.

The Issuer must give Interbolsa advance notice of all payments and provide all necessary information for that purpose, notably the identity of the financial intermediary integrated in Interbolsa appointed by the Issuer to act as the paying agent in respect of the Notes (the “**Paying Agent**”) responsible for the relevant payment.

Prior to any payment the Paying Agent shall provide Interbolsa with a statement of acceptance of its role of Paying Agent.

Interbolsa must notify the Paying Agent of the amounts to be settled, which will be determined by Interbolsa on the basis of the account balances of the accounts of the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa.

On the date on which any payment in respect of the Notes is to be made, the corresponding entries and counter-entries will be made by Interbolsa in the Bank of Portugal current accounts held by the Paying Agent and by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa.

Accordingly, payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes will be (i) **if made in euro** (a) credited, according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, by the Paying Agent (acting on behalf of the Issuer) to the payment current-accounts used by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa for payments in respect of securities held through Interbolsa and thereafter (b) credited by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from the aforementioned payment current-accounts to the accounts of the owners of those Notes or through Euroclear and CBL, to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the beneficial owners of those Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL as the case may be; (ii) **if made in currencies other than euro** (a) transferred, on the payment date and according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, from the account held by the Paying Agent in the Foreign Currency Settlement System (“*Sistema de Liquidação em Moeda Estrangeira*”), managed by Caixa Geral de Depósitos, to the relevant accounts of the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa, and thereafter (b) transferred by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from such relevant accounts to the accounts of the owners of Notes or through Euroclear and CBL to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the owners of Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL, as the case may be.

In the case of Notes admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon (the regulated market of Euronext) and listed on the Official List of Euronext Lisbon, the Final Terms will be displayed on the website of the CMVM) (www.cmvm.pt). In the case of Notes listed on any other stock exchange or offered to the public in one or more member states of the European Economic Area other than Portugal, the Final Terms will be displayed on the website (www.bancobpi.pt) of the Issuer or in accordance with the requirements of the laws and regulations of that member state.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS FOR RETAIL NOTES

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme with a denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in another currency).

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “Prospectus Regulation”). Consequently, no key information document required by regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.]⁷

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (“UK”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“EUWA”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (“FSMA”) and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.]⁸

[MiFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE/PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES ONLY TARGET MARKET – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in [Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”)] [MiFID II]; and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “distributor”) should take into

⁷ Legend to be included on front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products or the Issuer wishes to prohibit offers to EEA retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

⁸ Legend to be included on front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products or the Issuer wishes to prohibit offers to UK retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

consideration the manufacturer [’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer [’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[UK MiFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE/PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES ONLY TARGET MARKET – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook (“COBS”), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the [European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018/EUWA] (“UK MiFIR”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “UK distributor”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a UK distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 309B(1)(c) OF THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES ACT (CHAPTER 200I) OF SINGAPORE (as amended or modified from time to time, the “SFA”) - [Insert notice if classification of the Notes is not “prescribed capital markets products”, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA or Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products)].⁹

[The Notes will only be admitted to trading on [insert name of relevant QI market/segment], which is [an EEA regulated market/a specific segment of an EEA regulated market] (as defined in MiFID II), to which only qualified investors (as defined in the Prospectus Regulation) can have access and shall not be offered or sold to non-qualified investors.]¹⁰

[Amounts payable under the Notes may be calculated by reference to [specify benchmark (as this term is [defined in the Benchmark Regulation])] which is provided by [legal name of the benchmark administrator]. As at the date of this Final Terms, [legal name of the benchmark administrator] [appears / does not appear] on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011) (“**Benchmark Regulation**”).

[As far as the Issuer is aware, [specify benchmark (as this term is defined in the Benchmark Regulation)] [does not fall within the scope of the Benchmark Regulation / the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the Benchmark Regulation apply] such that [legal name of the benchmark administrator] is not currently required to obtain authorisation or registration (or, if located outside the EU, recognition, endorsement or equivalence).]

[Date]

⁹ Relevant Manager(s)/Dealer(s) to consider whether it / they have received the necessary product classification from the Issuer prior to the launch of the offer, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA.

¹⁰ Legend to be included for Notes with a minimum denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or equivalent in another currency) which will only be admitted to trading on a regulated market, or a specific segment of a regulated market, to which only qualified investors can have access.

Banco BPI, S.A.

(incorporated with limited liability in the Republic of Portugal)

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]

under the EUR 7,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

for the issue of Senior Notes, Dated Subordinated Notes, Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the “*Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes*”/“*Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*” (the “**Conditions**”) set forth in the Base Prospectus dated 18 December 2025 [and the supplement dated [●]], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2017/1129). This document (including any Schedule hereto) constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented] in order to obtain all the relevant information. The Base Prospectus [as so supplemented] and the Final Terms are available for viewing at www.cmvm.pt and at www.bancobpi.pt, and for collection from Avenida da Boavista, 1117, 4100-129, Porto, Portugal.

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or subparagraphs. Italics denote directions for completing the Final Terms.]

[When adding any other final terms or information consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.]

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. (a) Series Number: | [] |
| (b) Tranche Number: | [] |
| (c) Date on which the Notes become fungible: | [Not Applicable/The Notes shall be consolidated, form a single series and be interchangeable for trading purposes with the [Series number] on [insert date/the Issue Date]] |
| 2. Specified Currency or Currencies: | [] |
| 3. Aggregate Nominal Amount [of Notes admitted to trading]: | |
| (a) [Series: | []] |
| (b) [Tranche: | []] |
| 4. Issue Price: | [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date] (if applicable)] |

5. (a) Specified Denomination¹¹:

[]

(N.B. the minimum denomination of each Note admitted to trading on a European Economic Area exchange or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Regulation will be EUR 1,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency) or such other higher amount as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency.)

(N.B. If an issue of Notes is (i) NOT admitted to trading on an European Economic Area exchange; and (ii) only offered in the European Economic Area or in the UK in circumstances where a prospectus is not required to be published under the Prospectus Regulation the [EUR 1,000] minimum denominations is not required.

The Notes will only be tradeable in one Specified Denomination)

(b) Calculation Amount:

[]

6. (a) Issue Date:

[]

(b) Interest Commencement Date:

[specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]

(N.B. Not relevant for Zero Coupon Notes.)

7. Maturity Date:

[Fixed rate - specify date/ Floating rate - Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to [specify month and year] (the “Scheduled Maturity Date”)/ Not Applicable]

8. Interest Basis:

[[] per cent. Fixed Rate, Reset provisions [Applicable/Not applicable]]

[[EURIBOR/SONIA/SOFR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]

[Zero Coupon]

(further particulars specified below)

9. Redemption/Payment Basis:

[Redemption at par]

10. Put/Call Options:

[Investor Put]

[Issuer Call]

[Clean-up Call Option]

[Not Applicable]

[(further particulars specified below)]

11. (a) Status of the Notes:

Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements

¹¹ The minimum denomination of the Notes will be, if in euro, EUR 1,000, if in any currency other than euro, in an amount in such other currency exceeding the equivalent of EUR 1,000 at the time of the issue of the Notes.

- (b) [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: []

(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation

is required for the particular tranche of Notes)

12. Method of distribution:

[Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

13. Fixed Rate Note Provisions:

[Applicable/ [as per 14 (b) below] / Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

(a) Rate(s) of Interest:

[] per cent. per annum [payable

[annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear]

(i) Fixed Coupon Amount:

[]/[Not Applicable]

(ii) Broken Amount(s):

[]/[Not Applicable]

(b) Reset Provisions:

[Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining lines of this subparagraph)

(i) Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date:

[] per cent. per annum payable in arrears

(ii) First Margin

[[+/-][] per cent. per annum]/[Not Applicable]

(iii) Fixed Coupon Amount up to (but excluding) the First Reset Date:

[]

(iv) Subsequent Margin:

[[+/-][] per cent. per annum / [Not Applicable]

(v) First Reset Date

[]

(vi) Second Reset Date:

[]/[Not Applicable]

(vii) Subsequent Reset Date(s):

[]/[Not Applicable]

(viii) Determination Procedure:

[screen page determination]

(ix) Relevant Screen Page

[]

(x) Reset Determination Date(s):

[]

(xi) Mid-Swap Rate:

[]

(xii) Mid-Swap Maturity:

[]

(xiii) Reference Banks:

[]

(xiv) Calculation Agent:

[]

(xv) Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate:

[]

(c) Interest Payment Date(s):

[[] in each year]

(N.B. This will need to be completed in the case of long or short coupons)

(d) Day Count Fraction:

[30/360 / Actual/Actual (ICMA)/ Actual /Actual (ICMA Rule 251) / 1/1]]

(e) Determination Date(s):

[Not Applicable/ [] in each year]

[Insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon.

N.B. This will need to be amended in the case of regular interest payment dates which are not of equal duration.

N.B. Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA)]

14. Floating Rate Note Provisions:

[Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

(a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: []

(b) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention/ Preceding Business Day Convention]

(c) Additional Business Centre(s): []

(d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]

(e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent): []

(f) Screen Rate Determination: [Applicable / Not Applicable]

• Reference Rate: []

(Either EURIBOR, SONIA or SOFR)

• Interest Determination Date(s): []

(Second day on which the T2 System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period if EURIBOR)

(in the case of Notes where the Reference Rate is SONIA):

[As defined in Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)]

(in the case of Notes where the Reference Rate is SOFR):

[[•] U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date]

• Relevant Screen Page: []

(In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate or amend the fallback provisions appropriately)

• [Calculation Method:

Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA: [SONIA Compounded Daily]/[SONIA Index Compounded Daily]/[SONIA Weighted Average]]

[Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR: [SOFR Arithmetic Mean]/[SOFR Compound: [SOFR Compound with Lookback]/[SOFR Compound with Observation Period Shift]/]/[SOFR Compound with Payment Delay]/[SOFR Index with Observation Shift]]]

- Observation Method *[Include where the Calculation Method is SONIA Compounded Daily: [Lag]/[Lock-out]/[Shift]]*
- p (for the purposes of the Observation Period) : *[[specify] [London Banking Days]/[U.S. Government Securities Business Days]/[As per the Conditions]/[Not applicable]]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA or SOFR (where the Calculation Method is SOFR Compound: SOFR Compound with Lookback))
- [Observation Shift Days: *[[specify] U.S. Government Securities Business Days]/[As per the Conditions]/[Not Applicable]]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR and the Calculation Method is SOFR Compound: SOFR with Observation Period Shift or SOFR Index with Observation Shift)
- Interest Payment Delay *[Not Applicable / [] U.S. Government Securities Business Day(s)]*
- Interest Period End Dates: *[specify] [The Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period] [Not Applicable]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA and the Observation Method is “Shift” or SOFR and the Calculation Method is Compound with Payment Delay)
- [SOFR Cut-Off Date: *[As per Conditions]/[[specify] U.S. Government Securities Business Days]/[Not Applicable]]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR. Must apply where the Calculation Method is SOFR Arithmetic Mean)
- [SOFR Replacement Alternatives Priority: *[As per Conditions]/[specify order of priority of SOFR Replacement Alternatives listed in Condition [•].]*
- [ISDA Definitions: *[2006 ISDA Definitions]/[2021 ISDA Definitions]]*
- (g) ISDA Determination: *[Applicable / Not Applicable]*
 - ISDA Definitions: *[2006 ISDA Definitions]/[2021 ISDA Definitions]*
 - Floating Rate Option: *[]*
 - Designated Maturity: *[]*
 - Reset Date: *[]*
- (h) Margin(s): *[+/-] [] per cent. per annum*
- (i) Minimum Rate of Interest: *[Not Applicable / [] per cent. per annum]*
- (j) Maximum Rate of Interest: *[Not Applicable / [] per cent. per annum]*
- (k) Day Count Fraction: *[Actual/Actual (ISDA)*
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30E/360
30E/360 (ISDA)

1/1]

(See Condition 4 for alternatives)

15. Zero Coupon Note Provisions:

[Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

(a) Accrual Yield:

[] per cent. per annum

(b) Reference Price:

[]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

16. Issuer Call:

[Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

(a) Optional Redemption Date(s):

[]

(b) Optional Redemption Amount:

[] per Calculation Amount

(If issuer call is applicable, it shall be at or below par, unless in case of Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements)

(c) If redeemable in part:

(i) Minimum Redemption Amount:

[]

(ii) Maximum Redemption Amount:

[]

(d) Notice period:

[From [date] until [date]/ On [date]]

17. Investor Put:

[Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph. Investor put can only be selected in case of Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements)

(a) Optional Redemption Date(s):

[]

(b) Optional Redemption Period:

[]

(c) Optional Redemption Amount:

[] per Calculation Amount

(d) Notice period:

[From [date] until [date]/ On [date]]

18. Clean-up Call Option:

[Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(a) [Clean-up Call Effective Date:

[Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes]/[●]]

(b) [Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage:

[75 per cent.]/[●]]

(c) [Clean-up Call Option Amount:

[●] per Calculation Amount]

(d) [Notice Period:

[●] days

19. Final Redemption Amount: ☐ per Calculation Amount
20. (i) MREL Disqualification Event: ☐ [Applicable / Not Applicable]
- (ii) Early Redemption Amount payable on redemption for taxation or regulatory reasons or on event of default, if applicable, or on an illegality and/or the method of calculating the same or upon the occurrence of a Capital Event or a MREL Disqualification Event (if required or if different from that set out in Condition 6 regarding the Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes and Condition 6 regarding the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes): ☐ per Calculation Amount

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

21. Form of Notes: Dematerialised book entry form, registered (*nominativas*) Notes
22. Additional Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to Payment Days: ☐ [Not Applicable/☐
- (Note that this item relates to the place of payment and not Interest Period end dates to which item 15(c) relates)*

DISTRIBUTION

23. (a) If syndicated, names and addresses of Managers [and underwriting commitments]: ☐ [Not Applicable/give names and addresses [and underwriting commitments]]
- (Include names and addresses of entities agreeing to underwrite the issue on a firm commitment basis and names and addresses of the entities agreeing to place the issue without a firm commitment or on a “best efforts” basis if such entities are not the same as the Managers)*
- (b) Date of [Subscription] Agreement: ☐
- (c) Stabilising Manager (if any): ☐ [Not Applicable/give name]
24. If non-syndicated, name [and address] of relevant Dealer: ☐ [Not Applicable/Name [and address]]
25. Total commission and concession: ☐ per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount
26. U.S. Selling Restrictions: ☐ [Reg. S Compliance Category/ Not Applicable]
27. Non-exempt Offer: ☐ [Not Applicable] [An offer of the Notes may be made by the Managers [and [specify names of other financial intermediaries/placers making non-exempt offers, to the extent known OR consider a generic description of other parties involved in non-exempt offers (e.g. “other parties authorised by the Managers”) or (if relevant) note that other parties may make non-exempt offers in the Public Offer Jurisdictions during the Offer Period, if not known]] (together with the Managers, the “**Financial Intermediaries**”) other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation during the period from [specify date] until [specify date or a formula such as “the Issue Date” or “the date which falls [•] Business Days thereafter”] (“**Offer Period**”)]

- See Part B below
28. Non-exempt Offer Jurisdictions: *[Specify relevant Member State(s) where the issuer intends to make Non-exempt Offers, which must therefore be jurisdictions where the Base Prospectus and any supplements have been passported (in addition to the jurisdiction where approved and published)]*
- (N.B. Consider any local regulatory requirements necessary to be fulfilled so as to be able to make a non-exempt offer in relevant jurisdictions. No such offer should be made in any relevant jurisdiction until those requirements have been met. Non-exempt offers may only be made into jurisdictions in which the base prospectus (and any supplement) has been notified/passported.)*
29. Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors: [Applicable / Not Applicable]
- (If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no KID will be prepared in the EEA, “Applicable” should be specified.)*
30. Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors: [Applicable / Not Applicable]
- If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no KID will be prepared in the UK, “Applicable” should be specified*
31. [Singapore Sales to Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors only: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (Consider deleting this subparagraph if no sales are being made to Singapore)*
- (If the Notes are offered to Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors in Singapore only, “Applicable” should be specified.*
- If the Notes are also offered to investors other than Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors in Singapore, “Not Applicable” should be specified, however, parties, should consider the Monetary Authority of Singapore’s Notice on Business Conduct Requirements for Corporate Finance Advisers on 23 February 2023 and the related due diligence requirements, and “Not Applicable” should only be specified if no corporate finance advice is given by any Manager or Dealer)]*
32. Relevant Benchmark[s]: [Amounts payable under the Notes will be calculated by reference to [] which is provided by []. As at [], [] [appears/does not appear] on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011) (the “EU Benchmarks Regulation”).]

[As at the date of these Final Terms, [insert legal name(s) of the benchmark administrator(s)] [is/are] [not] included in the register of administrators established and maintained by the Financial Conduct Authority pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK Benchmarks Regulation”).]

[As far as the Issuer is aware, [specify benchmark(s) (as this term is defined in the UK Benchmarks Regulation)] [does/do] not fall within the scope of the UK Benchmarks Regulation/the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the UK Benchmarks Regulation apply] such that [insert legal name(s) of the benchmark administrator(s)] [is/are] not currently required to obtain authorisation or registration (or, if located outside the UK, recognition, endorsement or equivalence).] / [Not Applicable]

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue [and] [offer to the public in the Public Offer Jurisdictions] [and] admission to Listing on [the Official List of Euronext Lisbon/[other]] and to trading on the regulated market of [Euronext Lisbon/[other]] of the Notes described herein pursuant to the EUR 7,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme of Banco BPI, S.A..

[THIRD PARTY INFORMATION]

[*Relevant third party information*] has been extracted from [*specify source*]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [*specify source*], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

By:

Duly authorised

By:

Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

[Application [has been/will be] made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes [to be admitted to listing to the Official List of [Euronext Lisbon/OTHER] and] to be admitted to trading on the [non/]regulated market of [Euronext Lisbon/OTHER] from [].] [Not Applicable.]

(Where documenting a fungible issue need to indicate that original notes are already admitted to trading.)

2. RATINGS

Ratings:

[The Notes to be issued [[have been]/[are expected to be]] rated [insert details] by [insert the legal name of the relevant credit rating agency entity(ies) and associated defined terms]. Each of [defined terms] is established in the [European Economic Area (“EEA”) / United Kingdom (“UK”)] and is registered under [Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the “CRA Regulation”) / Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “UK CRA Regulation”)].

[[Insert the legal name of the relevant non-EEA / non-UK CRA entity] is not established in the [EEA / UK] and has not applied for registration under the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]. The ratings have been endorsed by [insert the legal name of the relevant EEA-registered / UK-registered CRA entity] in accordance with the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]. [Insert the legal name of the relevant EEA CRA / UK CRA entity] is established in the [EEA / UK] and registered under the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]]. The list of registered and certified rating agencies is published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“ESMA”) on its website (<https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk>) in accordance with the CRA Regulation. [ESMA has indicated that ratings issued in [the United States/Canada/Hong Kong/Singapore/Argentina/Mexico/UK (delete as appropriate)] which have been endorsed by [insert the legal name of the relevant EEA CRA entity that applied for registration] may be used in the EEA by the relevant market participants.]]/[Not Applicable.]

(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)

[Need to include a brief explanation of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the rating provider.]

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. - Amend as appropriate if there are other interests]

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.)]

4. REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES

- (i) Reasons for the offer: [See “Use of Proceeds” in the Base Prospectus []]
(See “Use of Proceeds” wording in the Base Prospectus - if reasons for offer different from what is disclosed in the Base Prospectus, include those reasons here)
- [(ii) Estimated net proceeds: []
(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding.)]
- [(iii) Estimated total expenses: []
(Expenses are required to be broken down into each principal intended “use” and presented in order of priority of such “uses”.)]

5. YIELD (Fixed Rate Notes only)

- Indication of yield: [Based upon the Issue Price of [], at the Issue Date the anticipated yield of the Notes is [] per cent. per annum./ Not Applicable]

6. HISTORIC INTEREST RATES (Floating Rate Notes Only)

[Details of historic EURIBOR/SONIA/SOFR rates can be obtained electronically and free of charge from Reuters/ Not Applicable.]

7. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

- ISIN Code: []
- Common Code: []/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]
- CFI: [[Include code], as updated, as set out on the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN]/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]
- FISN: [[Include code], as updated, as set out on the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN]/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]
- Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., Clearstream Banking, S.A. or Interbolsa and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)]
- Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
- Names and addresses of Additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): []/[Not Applicable]
- [Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes] [No]

[Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be registered with Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A. in its capacity as a securities settlement system, and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria.] *[Include this text if “Yes” is selected]*

8. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE OFFER

Offer Period:	[From [] to [] / Not applicable]
Offer Price:	[Issue Price/Not applicable/ <i>specify</i>]
[Conditions to which the offer is subject:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Description of the application process:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Description of the option to reduce subscriptions and the process for refunding excess amounts paid by applicants:]	[Not Applicable/[]]
[Details of the minimum and/or maximum amount of application:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Description of possibility to reduce subscriptions and manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Details of the method and time limits for paying up and delivering the Notes:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Manner in and date on which results of the offer are to be made public:]	[Not applicable/insert manner and date]
[Procedure for exercise of any right of pre-emption, negotiability of subscription rights and treatment of subscription rights not exercised:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered]	[Qualified investors/non-qualified investors/Not Applicable]
Whether tranche(s) have been reserved for certain countries:	[Not applicable/[]]
[Process for notification to applicants of the amount allotted and the indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made:]	[Not applicable/[]]
[Amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscriber or purchaser:]	[Not applicable/ <i>give details</i>]
[Name(s) and address(es), to the extent known to the Issuer, of the placers in the various countries where the offer takes place.]	[Not applicable/ <i>give details</i>]

An issue-specific summary of the Notes is annexed to these Final Terms. *[To be prepared and attached pursuant to Article 8(9) of the Prospectus Regulation.]*

FORM OF FINAL TERMS FOR WHOLESALE NOTES

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme with a denomination of (i) at least EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in another currency) and/or (ii) are to be admitted to trading only on a regulated market, or a specific segment of a regulated market, to which only qualified investors (as defined in the Prospectus Regulation) have access.

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS]

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“EEA”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “Prospectus Regulation”). Consequently, no key information document required by regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.]¹²

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS]

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (“UK”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“EUWA”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (“FSMA”) and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK PRIIPs Regulation”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.]¹³

[MiFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE/PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES ONLY TARGET MARKET] – *Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible*

¹² Legend to be included on front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products or the Issuer wishes to prohibit offers to EEA retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

¹³ Legend to be included on front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products or the Issuer wishes to prohibit offers to UK retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in [Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”)]**[MiFID II]**; and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer [‘s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer [‘s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[UK MiFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE/PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES ONLY TARGET MARKET – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook (“**COBS**”), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the [European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018/EUWA] (“**UK MiFIR**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**UK distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[‘s/s’] target market assessment; however, a UK distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[‘s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 309B(1)(c) OF THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES ACT (CHAPTER 2001) OF SINGAPORE (as amended or modified from time to time, the “**SFA**”) - [Insert notice if classification of the Notes is not “prescribed capital markets products”, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA or Excluded Investment Products (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products)].¹⁴

[The Notes will only be admitted to trading on [insert name of relevant **QI** market/segment], which is [an EEA regulated market/a specific segment of an EEA regulated market] (as defined in MiFID II), to which only qualified investors (as defined in the Prospectus Regulation) can have access and shall not be offered or sold to non-qualified investors.]¹⁵

[Amounts payable under the Notes may be calculated by reference to [specify benchmark (as this term is [defined in the Benchmark Regulation])] which is provided by [legal name of the benchmark administrator]. As at the date of this Final Terms, [legal name of the benchmark administrator] [appears / does not appear] on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011) (“**Benchmark Regulation**”).

[As far as the Issuer is aware, [specify benchmark (as this term is defined in the Benchmark Regulation))] [does not fall within the scope of the Benchmark Regulation / the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the Benchmark Regulation

¹⁴ Relevant Manager(s)/Dealer(s) to consider whether it / they have received the necessary product classification from the Issuer prior to the launch of the offer, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA.

¹⁵ Legend to be included for Notes with a minimum denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or equivalent in another currency) which will only be admitted to trading on a regulated market, or a specific segment of a regulated market, to which only qualified investors can have access.

apply] such that [legal name of the benchmark administrator] is not currently required to obtain authorisation or registration (or, if located outside the EU, recognition, endorsement or equivalence).]]

[The Notes will only be admitted to trading on [insert name of relevant QI market/segment], which is [an EEA regulated market/a specific segment of an EEA regulated market] [(and, for these purposes, reference to the EEA includes the United Kingdom)] (as defined in MiFID II), to which only qualified investors (as defined in the Prospectus Regulation) can have access and shall not be offered or sold to non-qualified investors.]¹⁶

[Date]

Banco BPI, S.A.

(incorporated with limited liability in the Republic of Portugal)

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]

under the EUR 7,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

for the issue of Senior Notes, Dated Subordinated Notes, Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the [*“Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes”/“Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes”*] (the **“Conditions”**) set forth in the Base Prospectus dated 18 December 2025 [and the supplement dated [●]], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2017/1129). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented] in order to obtain all the relevant information. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. The Base Prospectus [as so supplemented] and the Final Terms are available for viewing at www.cmvm.pt and at www.bancobpi.pt, and for collection from Avenida da Boavista, 1117, 4100-129, Porto, Portugal.

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or subparagraphs. Italics denote directions for completing the Final Terms.]

¹⁶ Legend to be considered for inclusion for Notes with a minimum denomination of at least EUR 100,000 (or equivalent in another currency), and which will only be admitted to trading on a regulated market, or a specific segment of a regulated market, to which only qualified investors can have access.

[When adding any other final terms or information consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.]

1. (a) Series Number: ☐
- (b) Tranche Number: ☐
- (c) Date on which the Notes become fungible: [Not Applicable/The Notes shall be consolidated, form a single series and be interchangeable for trading purposes with the [Series number] on [insert date/the Issue Date]]
2. Specified Currency or Currencies: ☐
3. Aggregate Nominal Amount
 - (a) Series: ☐
 - (b) Tranche: ☐
4. Issue Price: ☐ per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date] (if applicable)]
5. (a) Specified Denominations¹⁷: ☐

(N.B. Notes must have a minimum denomination of EUR 100,000 (or equivalent) in order to benefit from the wholesale exemption set out in Article 1(4)(c) of the Prospectus Regulation.)

(N.B. If an issue of Notes is (i) NOT admitted to trading on an European Economic Area exchange; and (ii) only offered in the European Economic Area in circumstances where a prospectus is not required to be published under the Prospectus Regulation the [EUR 100,000] minimum denomination is not required.

The Notes will only be tradeable in one Specified Denomination)
- (b) Calculation Amount: ☐
6. (a) Issue Date: ☐
- (b) Interest Commencement Date: [specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]

(NB: Not relevant for Zero Coupon Notes]
7. Maturity Date¹⁸: [Fixed rate - specify date/ Floating rate - Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to [specify month and year] (the “Scheduled Maturity Date”)/ Not applicable]
8. Interest Basis: [[☐ per cent. Fixed Rate, Reset provisions [Applicable/Not applicable]]

[[EURIBOR/SONIA/SOFR] +/- ☐ per cent. Floating Rate]

[Zero Coupon]

(further particulars specified below)

¹⁷ The minimum denomination of the Notes will be, if in euro, EUR 100,000, if in any currency other than euro, in an amount in such other currency exceeding the equivalent of EUR 100,000 at the time of the issue of the Notes.

¹⁸ There will be no final Maturity Date in the case of Undated Subordinated Notes and Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

9. Redemption/Payment Basis: [Redemption at par¹⁹ / Current Principal Amount²⁰]
10. Put/Call Options: [Investor Put²¹]
[Issuer Call]
[Clean-up Call Option]
[Not Applicable]
[(further particulars specified below)]
11. (a) Status of the Notes: [Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements / Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements Condition 9(a) [Applicable / Not Applicable] / Condition 9(b) [Applicable/ Not Applicable / Senior Non-Preferred Notes / [Dated/Undated] [Subordinated/Deeply Subordinated]

[If undated Deeply Subordinated: [Condition 2(c) Conversion: [Applicable]][Not Applicable]]
- (b) [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: []
(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Notes.)
12. Method of distribution: [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]
13. Capital Ratio Event (if different from Condition 2(b)(i)): *(N.B. Only applicable to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. Please specify the relevant percentage if higher than 5.125 per cent.)*

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. Fixed Rate Note Provisions: [Applicable/ [as per 14 (b) below]/ Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Rate(s) of Interest: [] per cent. per annum [payable
[annually/semi-annually/quarterly/ monthly] in arrear]
- (i) Fixed Coupon Amount: []/[Not Applicable]
- (ii) Broken Amount(s): []/[Not Applicable]
- (b) Reset Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining lines of this subparagraph)
- (i) Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date: [] per cent. per annum payable in arrears
- (ii) First Margin [[+/-][] per cent. per annum]/[Not Applicable]
- (iii) Fixed Coupon Amount up to (but excluding) the First Reset Date: []
- (iv) Subsequent Margin: [+/-][] per cent. per annum /[Not Applicable]

¹⁹ Applicable to all Notes, other than Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

²⁰ Applicable only to Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

²¹ Only applicable to Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements.

- (v) First Reset Date []
- (vi) Second Reset Date: [] Not Applicable]
- (vii) Subsequent Reset Date(s): []/[Not Applicable]
- (iii) Determination Procedure: [screen page determination/[]]
- (viii) Relevant Screen Page []
- (ix) Reset Determination Date(s): []
- (x) Mid-Swap Rate: []
- (iv) Mid-Swap Maturity: []
- (xi) Reference Banks: []
- (v) Calculation Agent: []
- (xii) Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate: []
- (c) Interest Payment Date(s): [Subject to Condition 4] [[] in each year]
(N.B. This will need to be completed in the case of long or short coupons)
- (d) Day Count Fraction: [30/360 / Actual/Actual (ICMA)/ Actual /Actual (ICMA Rule 251) / 1/1]]
- (e) Determination Date(s): [Not Applicable/ [] in each year]
[Insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon.
N.B. This will need to be amended in the case of regular interest payment dates which are not of equal duration.
N.B. Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
- 15. Floating Rate Note Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable] [Subject to Condition 4]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
 - (a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: []
 - (b) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention/ Preceding Business Day Convention]
 - (c) Additional Business Centre(s): []
 - (d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
 - (e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Paying Agent): []
 - (f) Screen Rate Determination: [Applicable / Not Applicable]
 - Reference Rate: []

- (Either EURIBOR, SONIA or SOFR)
- Interest Determination Date(s): ☐
(Second day on which the T2 System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period if EURIBOR)
(in the case of Notes where the Reference Rate is SONIA):
☐ [As defined in Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)]
(in the case of Notes where the Reference Rate is SOFR):
☒ U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date
 - Relevant Screen Page: ☐ *(In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate or amend the fallback provisions appropriately)*
 - [Calculation Method: *Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA: [SONIA Compounded Daily]/[SONIA Index Compounded Daily]/[SONIA Weighted Average]*
[Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR: [SOFR Arithmetic Mean]/[SOFR Compound: [SOFR Compound with Lookback]/[SOFR Compound with Observation Period Shift]/[SOFR Compound with Payment Delay]/[SOFR Index with Observation Shift]]]
 - Observation Method *[Include where the Calculation Method is SONIA Compounded Daily: [Lag]/[Lock-out]/[Shift]]*
 - p (for the purposes of the Observation Period): ☒ *[specify] [London Banking Days]/[U.S. Government Securities Business Days]/[As per the Conditions]/[Not applicable]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA or SOFR (where the Calculation Method is SOFR Compound: SOFR Compound with Lookback))
 - [Observation Shift Days: ☒ *U.S. Government Securities Business Days]/[As per the Conditions]/[Not Applicable]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR and the Calculation Method is SOFR Compound: SOFR with Observation Period Shift or SOFR Index with Observation Shift)
 - Interest Payment Delay ☒ *[Not Applicable / [] U.S. Government Securities Business Day(s)]*
 - Interest Period End Dates: ☒ *[specify] [The Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period] [Not Applicable]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SONIA and the Observation Method is "Shift" or SOFR and the Calculation Method is Compound with Payment Delay)

- [SOFR Cut-Off Date: *[As per Conditions]/[specify] U.S. Government Securities Business Days/[Not Applicable]*
(Include where the Reference Rate is SOFR. Must apply where the Calculation Method is SOFR Arithmetic Mean)
- [SOFR Replacement Alternatives Priority: *[As per Conditions]/[specify order of priority of SOFR Replacement Alternatives listed in Condition [•].]*
- [ISDA Definitions: *[2006 ISDA Definitions]/[2021 ISDA Definitions]*
- (g) ISDA Determination: *[Applicable / Not Applicable]*
 - ISDA Definitions *[2006 ISDA Definitions]/[2021 ISDA Definitions]*
 - Floating Rate Option: *[]*
 - Designated Maturity: *[]*
 - Reset Date: *[]*
- (h) Margin(s): *[+/-] [] per cent. per annum*
- (i) Minimum Rate of Interest: *[Not Applicable / [] per cent. per annum]*
- (j) Maximum Rate of Interest: *[Not Applicable / [] per cent. per annum]*
- (k) Day Count Fraction: *[Actual/Actual (ISDA)*
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
30E/360
30E/360 (ISDA)
1/1]
(See Condition 4 for alternatives)

16. Zero Coupon Note Provisions: ²²

- (a) Accrual Yield: *[Applicable/Not Applicable]*
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
[] per cent. per annum
- (b) Reference Price: *[]*

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17. Issuer Call:

- [Applicable/Not Applicable]*
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): *[]*
- (b) Optional Redemption Amount: *[] per Calculation Amount*
(If issuer call is applicable, it shall be at or below par, unless in case of Ordinary Senior

²² Not applicable to Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements)

- (c) If redeemable in part:
 - (i) Minimum Redemption Amount: []
 - (ii) Maximum Redemption Amount: []
- (d) Notice period: [From [date] until [date]/ On [date]]
- 18. Investor Put: [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph. Investor put can only be selected in case of Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements)

 - (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
 - (b) Optional Redemption Period: [.]
 - (c) Optional Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
 - (d) Notice period: [From [date] until [date]/ On [date]]
- 19. Clean-up Call Option: [Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

[Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes]/[●]]

 - (a) [Clean-up Call Effective Date: [75 per cent.]/[●]]
 - (b) [Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage: [●] per Calculation Amount]
 - (c) [Clean-up Call Option Amount: [●] days]
 - (d) [Notice Period: [] per Calculation Amount]
- 20. Final Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
- 21. (i) MREL Disqualification Event [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (ii) Early Redemption Amount payable on redemption for taxation or regulatory reasons or on event of default, if applicable, or on an illegality and/or the method of calculating the same or upon the occurrence of a Capital Event or a MREL Disqualification Event (if required or if different from that set out in Condition 6 regarding the Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes and Condition 6 regarding the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes): [] per Calculation Amount

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

- 22. Form of Notes: Dematerialised book entry form, registered (*nominativas*) Notes
 - 23. Additional Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to Payment Days: [Not Applicable/[]]
- (Note that this item relates to the place of payment and not Interest Period end dates to which item 15(c) relates)*

DISTRIBUTION

- 24. (a) If syndicated, names of Managers: [Not Applicable/give names]

- (b) Date of [Subscription] Agreement: []
- (c) Stabilising Manager (if any): [Not Applicable/give name]
25. If non-syndicated, name [and address] of relevant Dealer: [Not Applicable/Name [and address]]
26. Total commission and concession: [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount
27. U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category/ Not Applicable]
28. Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors: [Applicable / Not Applicable]
- (If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no KID will be prepared in the EEA, “Applicable” should be specified.)*
29. Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors: [Applicable / Not Applicable]
- If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no KID will be prepared in the UK, “Applicable” should be specified*
30. [Singapore Sales to Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors only: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (Consider deleting this subparagraph if no sales are being made to Singapore)
- (If the Notes are offered to Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors in Singapore only, “Applicable” should be specified.*
- If the Notes are also offered to investors other than Institutional Investors and Accredited Investors in Singapore, “Not Applicable” should be specified, however, parties, should consider the Monetary Authority of Singapore’s Notice on Business Conduct Requirements for Corporate Finance Advisers on 23 February 2023 and the related due diligence requirements, and “Not Applicable” should only be specified if no corporate finance advice is given by any Manager or Dealer)]*
31. Relevant Benchmark[s]: [Amounts payable under the Notes will be calculated by reference to [] which is provided by []. As at [], [] [appears/does not appear] on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011) (the “EU Benchmarks Regulation”).]

[As at the date of these Final Terms, [insert legal name(s) of the benchmark administrator(s)] [is/are] [not] included in the register of administrators established and maintained by the Financial Conduct Authority pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “UK Benchmarks Regulation”).]

[As far as the Issuer is aware, [specify benchmark(s) (as this term is defined in the UK Benchmarks Regulation)] [does/do] not fall within the scope of the UK Benchmarks Regulation/the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the UK Benchmarks Regulation apply] such that [insert legal name(s) of the benchmark administrator(s)] [is/are] not currently required to obtain authorisation or registration (or, if located outside the UK, recognition, endorsement or equivalence).] / [Not Applicable]

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue [and] admission to Listing on [the Official List of Euronext Lisbon/[OTHER]] and to trading on the regulated market of [Euronext Lisbon/[OTHER]] of the Notes described herein pursuant to the EUR 7,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme of Banco BPI, S.A..

[THIRD PARTY INFORMATION]

[Relevant third party information] has been extracted from [specify source]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [specify source], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

By:

Duly authorised

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

By:

Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

- (a) Listing and Admission to Trading [Application [has been/will be] made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes [to be admitted to listing on the [Official List of Euronext Lisbon/OTHER] and] to be admitted to trading on the [non/regulated market [of Euronext Lisbon/OTHER] from [.] [Not Applicable.]
- (b) Estimate of total expenses relating to admission to trading: []

2. RATINGS

Ratings: [The Notes to be issued [[have been]/[are expected to be]] rated [*insert details*] by [*insert the legal name of the relevant credit rating agency entity(ies) and associated defined terms*]. Each of [*defined terms*] is established in the [European Economic Area (“*EEA*”) / United Kingdom (“*UK*”)] and is registered under [Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the “*CRA Regulation*”) / Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the “*UK CRA Regulation*”)].

[[*Insert the legal name of the relevant non-EEA / non-UK CRA entity*] is not established in the [EEA / UK] and has not applied for registration under the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]. The ratings have been endorsed by [*insert the legal name of the relevant EEA-registered / UK-registered CRA entity*] in accordance with the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]. [*Insert the legal name of the relevant EEA CRA / UK CRA entity*] is established in the [EEA / UK] and registered under the [CRA Regulation / UK CRA Regulation]]. The list of registered and certified rating agencies is published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“*ESMA*”) on its website (<https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk>) in accordance with the CRA Regulation. [ESMA has indicated that ratings issued in [the United States/Canada/Hong Kong/Singapore/Argentina/Mexico/UK (*delete as appropriate*)] which have been endorsed by [*insert the legal name of the relevant EEA CRA entity that applied for registration*] may be used in the EEA by the relevant market participants.]]/[Not Applicable.]

(*The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.*)

[*Need to include a brief explanation of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the rating provider.*]

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. - *Amend as appropriate if there are other interests*]

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.)]

4. USE OF PROCEEDS, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS

[(i) Use of proceeds:

[See “Use of Proceeds” in the Base Prospectus []]

(See “Use of Proceeds” wording in the Base Prospectus - if reasons for offer different from what is disclosed in the Base Prospectus, include those reasons here)

[(ii) Estimated net proceeds:

[]

(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding.)]

5. YIELD (FIXED RATE NOTES ONLY)

[]

Indication of yield:

[Based upon the Issue Price of [], at the Issue Date the anticipated yield of the Notes is [] per cent. per annum./ Not Applicable]

6. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

ISIN Code:

[]

Common Code:

[]/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]

CFI:

[[Include code], as updated, as set out on the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN]/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]

FISN:

[[Include code], as updated, as set out on the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN]/[Not Applicable]/[Not Available]

Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., Clearstream Banking, S.A. or Interbolsa and the relevant identification number(s)

[Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)]

Delivery:

Delivery [against/free of] payment

Names and addresses of Additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):

[]/[Not Applicable]

[Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility:

[Yes] [No]

[Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be registered with

Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A. in its capacity as a securities settlement system, and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria.] [Include this text if “Yes” is selected]

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SENIOR AND THE SUBORDINATED NOTES

The following are (i) the Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes and (ii) the Terms and Conditions of the Subordinated Notes, which will be incorporated into each Note settled by Central de Valores Mobiliários, the clearing system operated at Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários S.A.. The Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes and the Terms and Conditions of the Subordinated Notes are hereinafter referred as the “Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes” **The Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes above have not been approved (i) by the competent banking prudential supervisory authority (the “Competent Authority”), in this case the European Central Bank, the Bank of Portugal, or such other or successor authority which is responsible for prudential supervision and/or empowered by national law to supervise the Issuer and Group as part of the supervisory system in operation in Portugal, or (ii) by such authority which is the resolution authority (as defined in the CRR), in this case the Single Resolution Board or such other or successor authority which is the relevant resolution authority in respect of the Issuer and the Group (the “Resolution Authority”, any of the Competent Authorities and the Resolution Authority, the “Relevant Authority”).** If any amendments to the Terms and Conditions of the Senior Notes and the Subordinated Notes are required by the Relevant Authority, a new Supplement to the Base Prospectus will be made by the Banco BPI, S.A. (the “**Issuer**” or “**Banco BPI**”). The applicable Final Terms in relation to any Tranche of Notes may specify terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified in the following Terms and Conditions, complete the following Terms and Conditions for the purpose of such Notes. The applicable Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) will be incorporated into and applicable to each Note.

This Note is one of a Series (as defined below) of Notes issued by the Issuer pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined below).

References herein to the “Notes” shall be references to the Notes of this Series and shall mean any Note. In accordance with Portuguese Law, Undated Subordinated Notes are not classified as bonds (*obrigações*).

The Notes have the benefit of an Amended and Restated Agency Agreement (such Agency Agreement as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Agency Agreement**”) dated 18 December 2025, and made by Banco BPI, S.A. in its capacity as agent bank (the “**Agent**”, which expression shall include any successor agent), paying agent (the “**Paying Agent**” which expression shall include any successor paying agent) and Issuer and agreed to by any subsequent agent, paying agent, transfer agent, and/or agent bank appointed by the Issuer.

The Final Terms for this Note (or the relevant provisions thereof) are incorporated into this Note and supplements these Terms and Conditions and may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified in these Terms and Conditions, complete these Terms and Conditions for the purposes of this Note. References to the “**Applicable Final Terms**” mean the Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) incorporated into this Note in relation to a specific issue and following the “**Form of Final Terms**”.

The applicable final terms for each Tranche of Notes will state in particular whether this Note is (i) an Ordinary Senior Note (“**Ordinary Senior Note**”) (and whether it is or not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements), (ii) a Non Preferred Senior Note (“**Non Preferred Senior Note**”) (Ordinary Senior Notes and Non Preferred Senior Notes are together referred as “**Senior Notes**”), (iii) a dated subordinated Note (a “**Dated Subordinated Note**”) or (iv) an undated

subordinated Note (an “**Undated Subordinated Note**”). Dated Subordinated Notes and Undated Subordinated Notes are together referred as “**Subordinated Notes**”.

Any reference to “**Noteholders**” or “**holders**” in relation to any Notes shall mean each person shown in the book entry records of a financial institution, which is licensed to act as a financial intermediary under the Portuguese Securities Code (“*Código dos Valores Mobiliários*” or the “*Portuguese Securities Code*”) and the regulations issued by Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários (Portuguese Securities Market Commission, the “**CMVM**”), by Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A., whose commercial designation is Euronext Securities Porto (“**Interbolsa**”), as operator of the Portuguese centralised securities system (“**CVM**”), or otherwise applicable rules and regulations and which is entitled to hold control accounts (each such institution an “**Affiliate Member of Interbolsa**”), as having an interest in the principal amount of the Notes.

As used herein, “**Tranche**” means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) and “**Series**” means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Agency Agreement are available for viewing during normal business hours at the specified office of the Paying Agent. Copies of the applicable Final Terms are available for viewing and obtainable during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer and of the Paying Agent save that, if this Note is an unlisted Note of any Series, the applicable Final Terms will only be obtainable by a Noteholder holding one or more unlisted Notes of that Series and such Noteholder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Paying Agent as to its holding of such Notes and identity. The Noteholders are deemed to have notice of, and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms which are applicable to them. The statements in these Terms and Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Agency Agreement.

Words and expressions defined in the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms shall have the same meanings where used in these Terms and Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms, the applicable Final Terms will prevail.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION, TITLE AND TRANSFER

The Notes are represented in dematerialised book entry (*forma escritural*) and registered (*nominativas*), in the currency (“**Specified Currency**”)²³ and denomination (“**Specified Denomination**”) as specified in the applicable Final Terms. This Note may be a Senior Note, a Dated Subordinated Note or an Undated Subordinated Note, as indicated in the applicable Final Terms.

This Note may be a Fixed Rate Note (with or without Reset Provisions applicable), a Floating Rate Note or a Zero Coupon Note, depending upon the interest basis shown in the applicable Final Terms.

²³ The minimum denomination of Notes will be, if in euro, EUR 1,000, or if in any currency other than Euro, in an amount in such other currency equal to or exceeding the equivalent of EUR 1,000.

References to Euroclear and/or CBL and/or Interbolsa shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Title to the Notes will be evidenced by book entries in accordance with the Portuguese Securities Code and the regulations issued by the CMVM, by Interbolsa or otherwise applicable thereto. Each person shown in the book entry records of an Affiliate Member of Interbolsa as having an interest in the Notes shall be deemed to be the holder of the principal amount of the Notes recorded.

Title to the Notes is subject to compliance with all rules, restrictions and requirements applicable to the activities of Interbolsa.

One or more certificates in relation to the Notes (each, a “**Certificate**”) will be delivered by the relevant Affiliate Member of Interbolsa in respect of a registered holding of Notes upon the request by the relevant Noteholder and in accordance with that Affiliate Member of Interbolsa's procedures pursuant to Article 78 of the Portuguese Securities Code.

The Notes will be registered in the relevant issue account of the Issuer with Interbolsa and will be held in control accounts opened by each Affiliate Member of Interbolsa on behalf of the Noteholders. The control account of a given Affiliate Member of Interbolsa will reflect at all times the aggregate principal amount of Notes held in the individual securities' accounts of the Noteholders with that Affiliate Member of Interbolsa.

The person or entity registered in the book entry registry of the Central de Valores Mobiliários (the “**Book Entry Registry**” and each such entry therein, a “**Book Entry**”) as the holder of any Note shall (except as otherwise required by law) be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes (whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any other interest therein).

The Issuer and the Paying Agent may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law) deem and treat the person or entity registered in the Book Entry Registry as the holder of any Note and the absolute owner for all purposes. Proof of such registration is made by means of a Certificate issued by the relevant Affiliate Member of Interbolsa pursuant to Article 78 of the Portuguese Securities Code.

No Noteholder will be able to transfer Notes, or any interest therein, except in accordance with Portuguese law and regulations. Notes may only be transferred in accordance with the applicable procedures established by the Portuguese Securities Code and the regulations issued by the CMVM or Interbolsa, as the case may be, and the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa through which the Notes are held.

2. STATUS OF THE NOTES

Important: as a result of applicable laws or regulations, including any EU Directive or Regulation, establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions (namely the BRRD) and any implementation thereof into Portugal, the Notes may be mandatorily written-down or converted into more subordinated instruments, including ordinary shares of the Issuer.

If the Issuer enters into resolution, its eligible liabilities (including the Senior Non-Preferred Notes, and which may include as well Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirement) will be subject to bail-in, meaning potential write-down or conversion into

equity securities or other instruments. The sequence of any resulting write-down or conversion of eligible instruments under Article 48 of the BRRD provides for claims to be written-down or converted into equity in accordance with the hierarchy of claims provided in the applicable insolvency legislation. Because the Senior Non-Preferred Notes are senior non preferred liabilities, the Issuer expects them to be written down or converted in full after any subordinated obligations of the Issuer, and prior to any Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements.

(a) Status of the Senior Notes

The Senior Notes which specify their status as Ordinary Senior Notes (“**Ordinary Senior Notes**”) or as Senior Non Preferred Notes (“**Senior Non-Preferred Notes**”, together with the Ordinary Senior Notes, the “**Senior Notes**”) in the relevant Final Terms constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured (subject to the provisions of Condition 3 in relation to Ordinary Senior Notes which are not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements), unguaranteed and (in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes) unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer. Ordinary Senior Notes will rank senior to any Senior Non-Preferred Notes and *pari passu* among themselves and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured (subject as aforesaid) and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, from time to time outstanding. Senior Non-Preferred Notes will rank *pari passu* among themselves and *pari passu* with Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities, from time to time outstanding. Accordingly, the payment obligations in respect of principal and interest rank:

- (i) in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes:
 - (a) *pari passu* among themselves and with any Senior Higher Priority Liabilities; and
 - (b) senior to (i) Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities and (ii) any present and future subordinated obligations (*créditos subordinados*) of the Issuer (including, for the avoidance of doubt, all Subordinated Notes); and
- (ii) in the case of Senior Non-Preferred Notes:
 - (a) *pari passu* among themselves and with any Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities;
 - (b) junior to the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities (and, accordingly, upon the insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer the claims in respect of Senior Non-Preferred Notes will be met after payment in full of the Senior Higher Priority Liabilities; for the avoidance of doubt, upon the insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer the claims in respect of Senior Non-Preferred Notes will in any case be met only after payment in full of the liabilities defined as “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR); and
 - (c) senior to any present and future subordinated obligations (*créditos subordinados*) of the Issuer (including, for the avoidance of doubt, all Subordinated Notes).

For the avoidance of doubt, the ranking of the Issuer’s liabilities under the Senior Non-Preferred Notes in case of insolvency is determined by Article 8-A of Decree-Law no. 199/2006 of 25 October 2006, as amended.

(b) Status of the Subordinated Notes

The Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured and subordinated obligations of the Issuer as provided below and rank and will rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other present and future obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or are expressed to rank by law or pursuant their terms *pari passu* with the Subordinated Notes (if any).

In the event of insolvency or winding-up of the Issuer and subject to exceptions provided by mandatory applicable law the claims of the holders of Subordinated Notes against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Subordinated Notes (to the extent permitted by Portuguese law) will: (i) be subordinated in the manner described in these Conditions to the claims of all Senior Creditors (including for the avoidance of doubt any creditor to whom the Issuer is liable for any “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR); (ii) rank at least *pari passu* with the claims of holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute, or would but for any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital constitute, Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or otherwise by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank, *pari passu* with the Subordinated Notes and/or the Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer and (iii) rank *senior* to: (1) the claims of the holders of all obligations or securities of the Issuer which constitute Tier 1 Capital of the Issuer, (2) the claims of holders of all other obligations or securities of the Issuer which by law rank, or by their terms are expressed to rank *junior* to the Subordinated Notes and/or Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer and (3) claims of holders of all share capital and/or preference shares of the Issuer.

The Issuer will only issue Subordinated Notes with the purpose of being qualified as Tier 2 Capital.

(c) Definitions

For the purpose of Condition 2(a):

“**Senior Higher Priority Liabilities**” means any obligations in respect of principal and interest of the Issuer under any Ordinary Senior Notes and any other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations (*créditos comuns*) of the Issuer, other than the Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities; and

“**Senior Non-Preferred Liabilities**” means any unsubordinated and unsecured senior non preferred obligations of the Issuer under Article 8-A of Decree-Law no. 199/2006, of 25 October, as amended, which provides for the legal recognition of unsubordinated and unsecured senior non preferred obligations in Portugal.

For the purpose of Condition 2(b):

“**Senior Creditors**” means creditors of the Issuer (A) who are unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer or (B) whose claims are subordinated to the claims of other creditors of the Issuer other than those creditors: (i) whose claims relate to obligations or securities which constitute Tier 1 Capital of the Issuer or Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer or (ii) whose claims rank by law, or by their terms are expressed to rank, *pari passu* with, or junior to, the claims of the holders of the Subordinated Notes.

“**Tier 1 Capital**” and “**Tier 2 Capital**” each have the respective meaning given to such terms under the CRR.

In accordance with Article 145-I of the RGICSF and the BRRD, the resolution authority may, in the exercise of its powers, and subject to the conditions therein, including to restore the credit institution's viability, (a) reduce (up to zero) the nominal amount of the Subordinated Notes or (b) convert them to ordinary shares of the Issuer.

In accordance with Article 145-U (bail-in) of the RGICSF and the BRRD, the resolution authority may, in the exercise of its powers, and subject to the conditions therein, including to restore the credit institution's viability, (a) reduce (up to zero) the nominal amount of the Senior Non Preferred Notes (as well as other Senior Notes) or (b) convert them to ordinary shares of the Issuer.

In accordance with Article 8-B of Decree-Law no. 199/2006, of 25 October, as amended, (i) all claims resulting from Tier 1 Capital or Tier 2 Capital instruments will, in insolvency proceedings of the Issuer, have a lower priority ranking than any claim that does not result from an own funds item (as defined in the CRR), irrespective of any such instrument not being fully recognised as own funds item; (ii) any such claims resulting from Tier 1 Capital instruments will have a lower ranking than any such claims resulting from Tier 2 Capital instruments; (iii) any such claims resulting from common equity Tier 1 Capital instruments will have a lower ranking than any such claims resulting from additional Tier 1 Capital instruments.

Under Portuguese law a preferential claim (privilégio creditório) is generally provided to all bank depositors vis-à-vis holders of any senior or subordinated unsecured debt (including Senior Notes and Subordinated Notes).

This Condition 2 describes the legal and regulatory regime applicable to the Notes and accordingly the provisions of this Condition 2 are subject to any changes in that legal and regulatory regime.

For the avoidance of doubt, when used in these Conditions, any, direct or indirect, reference to CRR, CRD IV and BRRD includes in each case any past or (if applicable) future amendments to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (the “**CRR**”), Directive 2013/36/EU (the “**CRD IV**”) and Directive 2014/59/EU (the “**BRRD**”) since its respective publication, including, as respectively applicable, by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 (the “**CRR 2**”), by Directive (EU) 2019/878 (the “**CRD V**”) and by Directive (EU) 2019/879 (the “**BRRD 2**”).

3. NEGATIVE PLEDGE

This Condition 3 shall apply only to Ordinary Senior Notes which are not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and references to “Notes” and “Noteholders” shall be construed accordingly.

So long as any of the above Notes remains outstanding, the Issuer shall not create or permit to be outstanding any mortgage, charge, lien, pledge or other similar encumbrance or security interest upon the whole or any part of its undertaking or assets, present or future (including any uncalled capital), to secure any Indebtedness (as defined below) or any guarantee or indemnity given in respect of any Indebtedness, without, in the case of the creation of an encumbrance or security interest, at the same time and, in any other case, promptly according to the Noteholders an equal and rateable interest in the same or providing to the Noteholders such other security as shall be approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders.

As used herein:

“Indebtedness” means any borrowings having an original maturity of more than one year in the form of or represented

by bonds, notes, debentures or other securities (not comprising, for the avoidance of doubt, preference shares or other equity securities) but excluding any Covered Bonds (as defined below):

- (i) where more than 50 per cent. in aggregate principal amount of such bonds, notes, debentures or other securities are initially offered outside the Republic of Portugal by or with the authorisation of the Issuer; and
- (ii) which with the authorisation of the Issuer are, or are intended to be, listed or traded on any stock exchange, over-the-counter or other organised market for securities (whether or not initially distributed by way of private placing).

“*Covered Bonds*” (“*obrigações cobertas*”) means any bonds or notes issued by the Issuer, the obligations of which benefit from a special creditor privilege (“*privilegio creditório especial*”) as a result of them being collateralised by a defined pool of assets comprised of mortgage loans or other loans permitted by applicable Portuguese legislation to be included in the pool of assets and where the requirements for that collateralisation are regulated by applicable Portuguese legislation, namely the Legal Regime of Covered Bonds, attached o Decree-Law no. 31/2022 of 6 May.

For the avoidance of doubt, there is no negative pledge in respect of Ordinary Senior Notes which are eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, Senior Non Preferred Notes and Subordinated Notes.

4. INTEREST

(a) *Interest on Fixed Rate Notes*

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the interest commencement date (i.e. the Issue Date of the Notes or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms and hereinafter “**Interest Commencement Date**”) at a certain rate of interest (i.e. the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) payable in respect of the Notes specified in the relevant Final Terms or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of these conditions and/or the relevant Final Terms. Hereinafter “**Rate of Interest**”). Interest will be payable in arrears on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year up to (and including) the Maturity Date. Interest will be calculated on the full nominal amount outstanding of the Fixed Rate Notes and will be paid to Interbolsa for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures.

As used in these Terms and Conditions, “**Fixed Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date.

If interest is required to be calculated for a period other than a Fixed Interest Period, such interest shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to the full nominal amount outstanding of the Fixed Rate Notes and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention.

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 4(a):

- (i) if “*Actual/Actual (ICMA Rule 251)*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Accrual Period (as defined below) divided by the number of days in the Fixed Interest Period;

- (ii) if “*Actual/Actual (ICMA)*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms;
 - (a) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the “Accrual Period”) is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; or
 - (b) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - (1) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - (2) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year;
- (iii) if “30/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months) divided by 360; and
- (iv) if “1/1” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, 1.

(b) *Reset Provisions on Fixed Rate Notes*

These provisions are applicable to the Notes only if Reset Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable:

- (i) Each Fixed Rate Reset Note bears interest (a) from (and including) the interest commencement date (i.e. the Issue Date of the Notes or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms and hereinafter “**Interest Commencement Date**”) to (but excluding) the First Reset Date at the rate per annum equal to the Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date; (b) from (and including) the First Reset Date until (but excluding) the Second Reset Date or, if no such Second Reset Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Maturity Date at the rate per annum equal to the First Reset Rate of Interest; and (c) for each subsequent interest period thereafter (if any), at the rate per annum equal to the relevant Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest, payable in each case, in arrears on the Interest Payment Date(s) so specified in the relevant Final Terms.
- (ii) If on any Reset Determination Date the Relevant Screen Page is not available or the Mid-Swap Rate does not appear on the Relevant Screen Page, the Calculation Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide

the Calculation Agent with its Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as at approximately 12 (noon) in the Relevant Financial Centre of the Specified Currency on the Reset Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) for the relevant Reset Period shall be the sum of the arithmetic mean (rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards)) of the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable), all as determined by the Calculation Agent. If on any Reset Determination Date only one or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with a Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as provided in the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) shall be determined to be the Rate of Interest as at the last preceding Reset Date or, in the case of the first Reset Determination Date, the First Reset Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date.

For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

“Determination Date” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms;

“Determination Period” means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to but excluding the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date);

“First Margin” means the margin specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“First Reset Date” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“First Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the First Reset Date until (but excluding) the Second Reset Date or, if no such Second Reset Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Maturity Date;

“First Reset Rate of Interest” means, in respect of the First Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date as the sum of the relevant Mid-Swap Rate and the First Margin;

“Mid-Swap Maturity” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Mid-Market Swap Rate” means for any Reset Period the mean of the bid and offered rates for the fixed leg payable with a frequency equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (calculated on the day count basis customary for fixed rate payments in the Specified Currency, such day count basis as determined by the Calculation Agent) of a fixed for floating interest rate swap transaction in the Specified Currency which transaction (i) has a term equal to the relevant Reset Period and commencing on the relevant Reset Date, (ii) is in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market and (iii) has a floating leg based on the Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate for the Mid-Swap Maturity (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) (calculated on the day count basis customary for floating rate payments in the Specified Currency, such day count basis as determined by the Calculation Agent);

“Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation” means a quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate;

“Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate” means the rate as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Mid-Swap Rate” means, in relation to a Reset Determination Date and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), either:

- (a) if Single Mid-Swap Rate is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the rate for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - a. with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and
 - b. commencing on the relevant Reset Date,which appears on the Relevant Screen Page; or
- (b) if Mean Mid-Swap Rate is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the arithmetic mean (expressed as a percentage rate per annum and rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards)) of the bid and offered swap rate quotations for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - a. with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and
 - b. commencing on the relevant Reset Date,which appear on the Relevant Screen Page,

in either case, as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the Relevant Financial Centre of the Specified Currency on such Reset Determination Date, all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Banks” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms or, if none, four major banks in the swap, money, securities or other market most closely connected with the relevant Mid-Swap Rate as selected by the Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute;

“Relevant Screen Page” means the page specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Reset Date” means the First Reset Date, the Second Reset Date and each Subsequent Reset Date (as applicable), in each case as adjusted (if so specified in the relevant Final terms) in accordance with Condition 4 as if the relevant Reset Date was an Interest Payment Date;

“Reset Determination Date” means, in respect of the First Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the First Reset Date, in respect of the first Subsequent Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the Second Reset Date and, in respect of each Subsequent Reset Period thereafter, the second Business Day prior to the first day of each such Subsequent Reset Period, or in each case as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Reset Note” means a Note on which interest is calculated at reset rates payable in arrear on a fixed date or dates in each year and/or at intervals of one, two, three, six or 12 months or at such other date or intervals as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant dealer(s) (as indicated in the relevant Final Terms);

“Reset Period” means the First Reset Period or a Subsequent Reset Period, as the case may be;

“Second Reset Date” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Margin**” means the margin specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Reset Date**” means the date or dates specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Reset Period**” means the period from (and including) the Second Reset Date to (but excluding) the next Subsequent Reset Date, and each successive period from (and including) a Subsequent Reset Date to (but excluding) the next succeeding Subsequent Reset Date;

“**Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest**” means, in respect of any Subsequent Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date as the sum of the relevant Mid-Swap Rate and the relevant Subsequent Margin. For avoidance of doubt, if the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest is a floating interest provisions regarding Floating Rate Notes shall apply and if the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest is a fixed interest provisions regarding Fixed Rate Notes shall apply; and

“**sub-unit**” means, with respect to any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, with respect to euro, means 1 cent.

(c) ***Interest on Floating Rate Notes***

(i) ***Interest Payment Dates***

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and such interest will be payable in arrears on either:

- (A) the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year specified in the applicable Final Terms; or
- (B) if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms, each date (each such date, together with each Specified Interest Payment Date, an “**Interest Payment Date**”) which falls the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Such interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period (which expression shall, in these Terms and Conditions, mean the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or the first) Interest Payment Date). Interest will be calculated on the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes and will be paid to Interbolsa for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures.

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- (1) in any case where Specified Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 4(c)(i)(B) above, the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (i) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (B) below shall apply *mutatis mutandis* or (ii) in the case of (y) above, shall be postponed to the next Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (A) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and

(B) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or

- (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next Business Day; or
- (3) the Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or
- (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In these Terms and Conditions, “**Business Day**” means a day which is both:

- (A) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in Lisbon and each Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (B) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency or (2) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (T2) System (the “**T2 System**”) is open.

“**Business Day Convention**”, in relation to any particular date, has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms and, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, may have different meanings in relation to different dates and, in this context, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

- (A) “**Following Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day;
 - (B) “**Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention**” or “**Modified Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day;
 - (C) “**Preceding Business Day Convention**” means that the relevant date shall be brought forward to the first preceding day that is a Business Day;
- (ii) *Rate of Interest*

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms.

- (A) *ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as a rate equal

to the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), provided that in circumstances where under the ISDA Definitions the Calculation Agent would be required to exercise any discretion, including the selection of any reference banks and seeking quotations from reference banks, when calculation the relevant ISDA Rate, the relevant determination(s) which require the Calculation Agent to exercise its discretion shall instead be made by the Issuer or its designee. For the purposes of this subparagraph (A), “**ISDA Rate**” for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating (i) if “2006 ISDA Definitions”, as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes; or if “2021 ISDA Definitions” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the latest version of the 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions (including each Matrix (and any successor Matrix thereto), as defined in such 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions) as published by ISDA on its website (www.isda.org) as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes (together, the “**ISDA Definitions**”) and under which:

- (1) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
- (2) the Designated Maturity is a period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (3) the relevant Reset Date is the day specified in the applicable Final Terms

For the purposes of this subparagraph (A), “*Floating Rate*”, “*Calculation Agent*”, “*Floating Rate Option*”, “*Designated Maturity*” and “*Reset Date*” have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

“*Margin*” has the meaning given in the applicable Final Terms.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms, the Minimum Rate of Interest shall be deemed to be zero.

(B) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes, referencing EURIBOR*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (1) the offered quotation; or
- (2) the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate (EURIBOR, as specified in the applicable Final Terms) which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if, in the case of subclause 4(c)(ii)(B)(1), no offered quotation appears or, in the case of subclause 4(c)(ii)(B)(2), fewer than three offered quotations appear, in each case as

at the Specified Time, the Issuer shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate at approximately the Specified Time on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Issuer with offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for the Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Issuer. If on any Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Issuer with an offered quotation as provided in the preceding paragraph, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum which the Issuer determines as being the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the rates, as communicated to (and at the request of) the Issuer by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market or the inter-bank market of the relevant financial centre (if any other Reference Rate is used) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any) or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Issuer with offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Issuer suitable for the purpose) informs the Issuer it is quoting to leading banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market or the inter-bank market of the relevant financial centre (if any other Reference Rate is used) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period).

In these Conditions:

“**Reference Banks**” means, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, selected by the Issuer acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, and by reference to such sources as it deems appropriate.

The Agency Agreement contains provisions for determining the Rate of Interest in the event that the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if, in the case of (1) above, no such offered quotation appears or, in the case of (2) above, fewer than three such offered quotations appear, in each case as at the time specified in the preceding paragraph.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being other than EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided in the applicable Final Terms.

(C) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes, referencing SONIA*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is SONIA, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, as provided below, be Compounded Daily SONIA, where:

- (A) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “**SONIA Compounded Daily**”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SONIA plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upward.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“**Compounded Daily SONIA**” means with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment in Sterling during the Observation Period corresponding to such Interest Period (with the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (“**SONIA**”), as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent as at the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows, and the resulting percentage will be rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded up:

- (x) If “Lag” or “Lock-out” is specified on the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i - pLBD \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}; \text{ or}$$

- (y) if “Shift” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

“**d**” is, for any Observation Period, the number of calendar days in such Observation Period;

“**d₀**” is, for any Observation Period, the number of London Banking Days in such Observation Period;

“**i**” is, for any Observation Period, a series of whole numbers from one to d₀, each representing the relevant London Banking Day in chronological order from, and including, the first London Banking Day in such Observation Period to, and including, the last London Banking Day in such Observation Period;

“**Interest Determination Date**” means, in respect of any Interest Period, the date falling p London Banking Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling p London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes are due and payable);

“**Lock-out Period**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from and including the day following the

Interest Determination Date to, but excluding, the Interest Period End Date falling at the end of such Interest Period;

“London Banking Day or LBD” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“ n_i ”, for any London Banking Day “ i ” in the relevant Observation Period, means the number of calendar days from and including such London Banking Day “ i ” up to but excluding the following London Banking Day;

“Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from and including the date falling “ p ” London Banking Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first Interest Period shall begin on and include the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on, but excluding, the date falling “ p ” London Banking Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “ p ” London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, in any, on which the Notes become due and payable);

“ p ” means, for any Interest Period, the number of London Banking Days by which an Observation Period precedes an Interest Period, as specified in the applicable Final Terms (or, if no such number is specified, five London Banking Days);

“Reference Day” means each London Banking Day in the relevant Interest Period that is not a London Banking Day falling in the Lock-out Period;

the **“SONIA reference rate”** means, in respect of any London Banking Day, a reference rate equal to the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) rate for such London Banking Day as provided by the administrator of SONIA to authorised distributors and as then published on the Relevant Screen Page or, if the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, as otherwise published by such authorised distributors (in each case on the London Banking Day immediately following such London Banking Day); and

“ $SONIA_i$ ” means, in respect of any London Banking Day “ i ”:

- (x) if “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the SONIA reference rate in respect of $pLBD$ in respect of such London Banking Day; or
- (y) if “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms:
 - 1) in respect of any London Banking Day i that is a Reference Day, the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such Reference Day; otherwise
 - 2) the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding the Interest Determination Date for the relevant Interest Period;
- (z) if “Shift” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the SONIA reference rate for such London Banking Day; and

“**SONIA_{i-pLBD}**” means:

- (x) if “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of a London Banking Day, SONIA_i in respect of the London Banking Day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to such London Banking Day (pLBD); or
- (y) if “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of a London Banking Day, SONIA_i in respect of such London Banking Day

- (B) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SONIA Index Compounded Daily”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SONIA Index plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“**Compounded Daily SONIA Index**” means with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment in Sterling (with the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) as a reference rate for the calculation of interest) by reference to the screen rate or index for compounded daily SONIA rates administered by the administrator of the SONIA reference rate that is published or displayed by such administrator or other information service from time to time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as further specified in the applicable Final Terms (the “**SONIA Compounded Index**”) and will be calculated as follows:

$$\left(\frac{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{end}}{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{start}} - 1 \right) \times \frac{365}{d}$$

Where, in each case:

“**d**” is the number of calendar days from (and including) the day in relation to which SONIA Compounded IndexStart is determined to (but excluding) the day in relation to which SONIA Compounded IndexEnd is determined;

“**London Banking Day**” or “**LBD**” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“**p**” means five London Banking Days or such greater number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Compounded IndexStart**” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index determined in relation to the day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period; and

“**SONIA Compounded IndexEnd**” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index determined in relation to the day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the Interest Period End Date for

such Interest Period (or the date falling “p” London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable).

- (C) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SONIA Weighted Average”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Weighted Average SONIA plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of the Conditions:

“Weighted Average SONIA” means:

- (x) where “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the sum of the SONIA reference rate in respect of each calendar day during the relevant Observation Period divided by the number of calendar days during such Observation Period. For these purposes, the SONIA reference rate in respect of any calendar day which is not a London Banking Day shall be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such calendar day; or
 - (y) where “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the sum of the SONIA reference rate in respect of each calendar day during the relevant Interest Period divided by the number of calendar days in the relevant Interest Period, provided that, for any calendar day of such Interest Period falling in the Lock-out Period for the relevant Interest Period, the SONIA reference rate for such calendar day will be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding the first day of such Lock-out Period. For these purposes, the SONIA reference rate in respect of any calendar day which is not a London Banking Day shall, subject to the preceding proviso, be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such calendar day.
- (D) Where the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period is calculated in accordance with Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)(B) above, if the relevant SONIA Compounded Index is not published or displayed by the administrator of the SONIA reference rate or other information service by 5.00 p.m. (London time) (or, if later, by the time falling one hour after the customary or scheduled time for publication thereof in accordance with the then-prevailing operational procedures of the administrator of the SONIA reference rate or of such other information service, as the case may be) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for the Interest Period for which the SONIA Compounded Index is not available in accordance with Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)(A) above and for these purposes the “Observation Method” shall be deemed to be “Shift.
- (E) If, in respect of any London Banking Day, the Calculation Agent determines that the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or has not otherwise been published by the relevant authorised distributors, such SONIA reference rate shall be:
- (i) (a) the Bank of England’s Bank Rate (the Bank Rate) prevailing at close of business on the relevant

London Banking Day; plus (b) the arithmetic mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five London Banking Days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or

- (ii) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors) for the first preceding London Banking Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of the Bank of England publishing guidance as to (a) how the SONIA reference is to be determined or (b) any rate that is to replace the SONIA reference rate, the Calculation Agent, as applicable, shall follow such guidance to determine the SONIA reference rate for so long as the SONIA reference is not available or has not been published by the authorised distributors.

If, in respect of any London Business Day in the relevant Observation Period, the Calculation Agent determines that the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or has not otherwise been published by the relevant authorised distributors, such SONIA reference rate shall be:

- (A) (I) the Bank of England's Bank Rate (the Bank Rate) prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Banking Day; plus (II) the mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five London Banking Days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or
- (B) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors) for the first preceding London Business Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors).

If the Interest Rate cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Condition, the Interest Rate shall be (A) that determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period) or (B) if there is no such preceding Interest Determination Date, the initial Interest Rate which would have been applicable to the Notes for the first Interest Period had the Notes been in issue for a period equal in duration to the scheduled first Interest Period but ending on (and excluding) the Interest Commencement Date (but applying the Margin applicable to the first Interest Period).

If the relevant Series of Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding the definition specified above, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due

and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date.

(D) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing SOFR*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is SOFR, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, as provided below, be calculated in accordance with the following Conditions:

- (A) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SOFR Arithmetic Mean”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the SOFR Arithmetic Mean plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows, and the resulting percentage will be rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.
- (B) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SOFR Compound”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SOFR on the relevant Interest Determination Date plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent with the resulting percentage being rounded, if necessary, to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“**Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page**” means the Bloomberg screen designated “SOFRRATE” or any successor page or service;

“**Compounded Daily SOFR**” means with respect to an Interest Period, an amount equal to the rate of return for each calendar day during the Interest Period, compounded daily, calculated by the Calculation Agent on the Interest Determination Date, as follows:

- (a) if “SOFR Compound with Lookback” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i - pUSBD \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“**d**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of calendar days in such Interest Period;

“**d0**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**i**” means a series of whole numbers from one to d0, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“Lookback Period” or p means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“ n_i ” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day i , the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Day i up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“SOFRI” means, in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Day i , the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day; and

“SOFRI-pUSBD” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day i , SOFRI in respect of the U.S. Government Securities Business Day falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Lookback Period prior to such U.S. Government Securities Business Day i (pUSBD), provided that, unless SOFR Cut-Off Date is specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, SOFRI in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Day i in the period from, and including, the SOFR Cut-Off Date to, but excluding, the next occurring Interest Period End Date, will be SOFRI in respect of the SOFR Cut-Off Date for such Interest Period

(b) if “SOFR Compound with Observation Period Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFRI - \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“ d ” means, in respect of an Observation Period, the number of calendar days in such Observation Period;

“ d_0 ” means, in respect of an Observation Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Observation Period;

“ i ” means a series of whole numbers from one to d_0 , each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Observation Period;

“ n_i ” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day i , the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Day i up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from, and including, the date falling the number of Observation Shift Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period and ending on, but excluding, the date that is the number of Observation Shift Days prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period

“Observation Shift Days” means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

“**SOFR_i**” means, in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i, the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day.

(c) if “SOFR Compound with Payment Delay” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“**d**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of calendar days in such Interest Period;

“**d0**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**i**” means a series of whole numbers from one to d0, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“**Interest Period End Dates**” shall have the meaning specified in the applicable Final Terms; Interest Payment Dates shall be the dates occurring the number of Business Days equal to the Interest Payment Delay following each Interest Period End Date; provided that the Interest Payment Date with respect to the final Interest Period will be the Maturity Date or, if the Notes are to be redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, such earlier date on which the Notes become due and payable;

“**Interest Payment Delay**” means the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Interest Determination Date**” shall be the Interest Period End Date at the end of each Interest Period; provided that the Interest Determination Date with respect to the final Interest Period will be the SOFR Cut-Off Date;

“**ni**” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i; and

“**SOFR_i**” means, for any U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i in the relevant Interest Period, the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i.

For purposes of calculating SOFR Compound with Payment Delay with respect to the final Interest Period, the level of SOFR for each U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the period from and including the SOFR Cut-Off Date to but excluding the Maturity Date or any earlier date on which the Notes become due and payable, as applicable, shall be the level of SOFR in respect of such SOFR Cut-Off Date.

(d) if “SOFR Index with Observation Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(\frac{SOFR \times Index_{Final}}{SOFR \times Index_{Initial}} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{dc};$$

where:

“**dc**” means, in respect of each Interest Period, the number of calendar days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**Interest Period End Dates**” shall have the meaning specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Observation Shift Days**” means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**SOFR Index**” means with respect to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, (i) the SOFR Index value as published by the NY Federal Reserve as such index appears on the NY Federal Reserve's Website at the SOFR Determination Time; or (ii) if the SOFR Index specified in (i) above does not so appear, unless both a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred, the SOFR Index as published in respect of the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day for which the SOFR Index was published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website;

“**SOFR IndexFinal**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the value of the SOFR Index on the date falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Observation Shift Days prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period;

“**SOFR IndexInitial**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the value of the SOFR Index on the date falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Observation Shift Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, the Interest Commencement Date);

“**NY Federal Reserve**” means the Federal Reserve Bank of New York;

“**NY Federal Reserve's Website**” means the website of the NY Federal Reserve, currently at www.newyorkfed.org, or any successor website of the NY Federal Reserve or the website of any successor administrator of SOFR;

“**Reuters Page USDSOFR=**” means the Reuters page designated “USDSOFR=” or any successor page or service

“**SOFR**” means the rate determined by the Calculation Agent in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day, in accordance with the following provisions:

- (i) the Secured Overnight Financing Rate in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day that appears at approximately 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) (the “**SOFR Determination Time**”) on the NY Federal Reserve's Website on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day, as such rate is reported on the Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page for such U.S. Government Securities Business Day or, if no such rate is reported on the Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page, then the Secured Overnight Financing Rate that is reported on the Reuters Page USDSOFR= or, if no such rate is reported

on the Reuters Page USDSOFR=, then the Secured Overnight Financing Rate that appears at approximately 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the NY Federal Reserve's Website on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day (the "**SOFR Screen Page**"); or

- (ii) if the rate specified in (i) above does not so appear and the Calculation Agent determines that a SOFR Transition Event has not occurred, the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website for the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day for which the Secured Overnight Financing Rate was published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website;

"SOFR Arithmetic Mean" means, with respect to an Interest Period, the arithmetic mean of SOFR for each calendar day during such Interest Period, as calculated by the Calculation Agent, provided that, SOFR in respect of each calendar day during the period from, and including, the SOFR Cut-Off Date to, but excluding, the next occurring Interest Period End Date will be SOFR on the SOFR Cut-Off Date. For these purposes, SOFR in respect of any calendar day which is not a U.S. Government Securities Business Day shall, subject to the preceding proviso, be deemed to be SOFR in respect of the U.S. Government Securities Business Day immediately preceding such calendar day;

"SOFR Cut-Off Date" means, unless specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of an Interest Period, the fourth U.S. Government Securities Business Day prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period (or such other number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms); and

"U.S. Government Securities Business Day" means any day except for a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

Notwithstanding Conditions 4(ii)(D)(A) to 4(ii)(D)(B) above, if the Calculation Agent determines on or prior to the SOFR Determination Time, that a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred with respect to the relevant SOFR Benchmark (as defined below), then the provisions set forth in Condition below will apply to all determinations of the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period thereafter.

(C) **SOFR Replacement Provision**

If the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent), determines at any time prior to the SOFR Determination Time on any U.S. Government Securities Business Day that a SOFR Transition Event and the related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred, the Issuer will appoint an agent (the Replacement Rate Determination Agent) which will determine the SOFR Replacement. The Replacement Rate Determination Agent may be (x) a leading bank, broker-dealer or benchmark agent in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency as appointed by the Issuer, (y) the Issuer, (z) an affiliate of the Issuer or the Calculation Agent or (zz) such other entity that the Issuer determines to be competent to carry out such role.

In connection with the determination of the SOFR Replacement, the Replacement Rate Determination Agent will determine appropriate SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes.

Any determination, decision or election that may be made by the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) or Replacement Rate Determination Agent (as the case may be) pursuant to these provisions, will (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding on the Issuer, the Calculation Agent, the Agent and the Noteholders.

Following the designation of a SOFR Replacement, the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) may subsequently determine that a SOFR Transition Event and a related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred in respect of such SOFR Replacement, provided that the SOFR Benchmark has already been substituted by the SOFR Replacement and any SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes in connection with such substitution have been applied. In such circumstances, the SOFR Replacement shall be deemed to be the SOFR Benchmark and all relevant definitions shall be construed accordingly.

In connection with the SOFR Replacement Provisions above, the following definitions shall apply:

“2006 ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. or any successor thereto, as amended or supplemented from time to time, or any successor definitional booklet for interest rate derivatives published from time to time;

“2021 ISDA Definitions” means, in relation to a Series of Notes, the latest version of the 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions (including each Matrix (and any successor Matrix thereto), as defined in such 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions) as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of Notes of the relevant Series, as published by ISDA on its website (www.isda.org);

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions or the 2021 ISDA Definitions, as applicable in accordance with the applicable Final Terms;

“ISDA Fallback Adjustment” means the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be determined upon the occurrence of an index cessation event with respect to SOFR for the applicable tenor;

“ISDA Fallback Rate” means the rate that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be effective upon the occurrence of a SOFR Transition Event with respect to SOFR for the applicable tenor excluding the applicable ISDA Fallback Adjustment;

“Relevant Governmental Body” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and/or the NY Federal Reserve or a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and/or the NY Federal Reserve or any successor thereto;

“SOFR Benchmark” means (a) (unless “SOFR Index with Observation Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms) SOFR or (b) SOFR Index (each as defined in Condition 4(ii)(D)(B) above);

“SOFR Replacement” means any one (or more) of the SOFR Replacement Alternatives to be determined by the Replacement Rate Determination Agent as of the SOFR Replacement Date if the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) determines that a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date

have occurred on or prior to the SOFR Determination Time in respect of any determination of the SOFR Benchmark on any U.S. Government Securities Business Day in accordance with:

- (i) the order of priority specified SOFR Replacement Alternatives Priority in the applicable Final Terms;
or
- (ii) if no such order of priority is specified, in accordance with the priority set forth below:
 - Relevant Governmental Body Replacement;
 - ISDA Fallback Replacement; and
 - Industry Replacement,

provided that, in each case, if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent is unable to determine the SOFR Replacement in accordance with the first SOFR Replacement Alternative listed, it shall attempt to determine the SOFR Replacement in accordance with each subsequent SOFR Replacement Alternative until a SOFR Replacement is determined. The SOFR Replacement will replace the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the purpose of determining the relevant Rate of Interest in respect of the relevant Interest Period and each subsequent Interest Period, subject to the occurrence of a subsequent SOFR Transition Event and related SOFR Replacement Date;

“SOFR Replacement Alternatives” means: (a) the sum of: (i) the alternative rate that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body as the replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the relevant Interest Period and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the Relevant Governmental Body Replacement); (b) the sum of: (i) the ISDA Fallback Rate and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the ISDA Fallback Replacement); or (c) the sum of: (i) the alternative rate that has been selected by the Replacement Rate Determination Agent as the replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the relevant Interest Period giving due consideration to any industry-accepted rate as a replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for U.S. dollar-denominated floating rate securities at such time and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the Industry Replacement);

“SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes” means, with respect to any SOFR Replacement, any technical, administrative or operational changes (including, but not limited to, changes to timing and frequency of determining rates with respect to each interest period and making payments of interest, rounding of amounts or tenors, day count fractions, business day convention and other administrative matters) that the Replacement Rate Determination Agent decides may be appropriate to reflect the adoption of such SOFR Replacement in a manner substantially consistent with market practice (or, if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent determines that adoption of any portion of such market practice is not administratively feasible or if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent determines that no market practice for use of the SOFR Replacement exists, in such other manner as the Replacement Rate Determination Agent or the Calculation Agent, as the case may be, determines is reasonably necessary, acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner);

“SOFR Replacement Date” means the earliest to occur of the following events with respect to the then-current SOFR Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof): (a) in the case of sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) of the definition of “SOFR Transition Event” the later of (i) the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein and (ii) the date on which the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark permanently or indefinitely ceases to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component); or (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (c) of the definition of “SOFR Transition Event” the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein; or (c) in the case of sub-paragraph (d), the last such consecutive U.S. Government Securities Business Day on which the SOFR Benchmark has not been published,

provided that, in the event of any public statements or publications of information as referenced in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) above, should such event or circumstance referred to in such a public statement or publication occur on a date falling later than three months after the relevant public statement or publication, the SOFR Transition Event shall be deemed to occur on the date falling three months prior to such specified date (and not the date of the relevant public statement or publication).

For the avoidance of doubt, if the event giving rise to the SOFR Replacement Date occurs on the same day as, but earlier than, the SOFR Determination Time in respect of any determination, the SOFR Replacement Date will be deemed to have occurred prior to the SOFR Determination Time for such determination.

“SOFR Transition Event” means the occurrence of any one or more of the following events with respect to the then-current SOFR Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof): (a) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) announcing that such administrator has ceased or will cease to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant); (b) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), the central bank for the currency of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), which states that the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) has ceased or will cease to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant); (c) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) announcing that the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) is no longer representative, the SOFR Benchmark (or such

component, if relevant) has been or will be prohibited from being used or that its use has been or will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, either generally or in respect of the Notes; or (d) the SOFR Benchmark is not published by its administrator (or a successor administrator) for six consecutive U.S. Government Securities Business Days; and

“Unadjusted SOFR Replacement” means the SOFR Replacement prior to the application of any SOFR Replacement Adjustment.

(iii) *Minimum Rate of Interest and/or Maximum Rate of Interest*

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Minimum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is less than such Minimum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Minimum Rate of Interest.

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Maximum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is greater than such Maximum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Maximum Rate of Interest.

(iv) *Determination of Rate of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts*

The Agent, in the case of Floating Rate Notes will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the **“Interest Amount”**) payable on the Floating Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period by applying the Rate of Interest to the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Floating Rate Note comprises more than one Calculation Amount, the Interest Amount payable in respect of such Note shall be the aggregate of the amounts (determined in the manner provided above) for each Calculation Amount comprising the Specified Denomination without any further rounding.

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest for any Interest Period:

- (A) if *“Actual/Actual (ISDA)”* or *“Actual/Actual”* is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (B) if *“Actual/365 (Fixed)”* is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;
- (C) if *“Actual/365 (Sterling)”* is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;

(D) if “*Actual/360*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;

(E) if “*30/360*”, “*360/360*” or “*Bond Basis*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“ Y_1 ” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“ Y_2 ” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“ M_1 ” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“ M_2 ” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“ D_1 ” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number is 31, in which case D_1 will be 30; and

“ D_2 ” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31 and D_1 is greater than 29, in which case D_2 will be 30;

(F) if “*30E/360*” or “*Eurobond Basis*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“ Y_1 ” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“ Y_2 ” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“ M_1 ” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“ M_2 ” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“ D_1 ” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D_1 will be 30; and

“ D_2 ” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D_2 will be 30;

- (G) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (H) if “1/I” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, 1.

(v) *Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts*

The Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed (by no later than the first day of each Interest Period) and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 13 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13. For the purposes of this paragraph, the expression “**London Business Day**” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in London.

(vi) *Certificates to be final*

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 4(c), whether by the Agent or, if applicable, the Calculation Agent, shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Agent, the Calculation Agent (if applicable), the Paying Agent and all Noteholders, and (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) no liability to the Issuer, or the Noteholders, shall attach to the Agent or the Calculation Agent (if

applicable) in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

For the avoidance of doubt, any amount of interest calculated and due on any Notes will not be amended pursuant to these Conditions on the basis of the credit standing of the Issuer.

(d) *Accrual of interest*

Each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date for its redemption.

(e) *Benchmark discontinuation*

This Condition 4(e) applies only if this Note is a Reset Note or a Floating Rate Note. If a Benchmark Event occurs in relation to an Original Reference Rate when any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be determined by reference to such Original Reference Rate, then the following provisions shall apply to the Notes:

- (i) The Issuer shall use its reasonable endeavors, as soon as reasonably practicable, to appoint at its own expense an Independent Adviser to determine (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes), no later than 10 days prior to the Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) relating to the next Interest Period or Reset Period (as applicable) for which the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) is otherwise to be determined by reference to the Original Reference Rate (the “**IA Determination Cut-Off Date**”), (1) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate, for the purposes of determining each relevant Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) applicable to the Notes and (2) in either case, an Adjustment Spread. Without prejudice to the definitions thereof, for the purposes of determining any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread, the Independent Adviser will take into account any relevant and applicable market precedents as well as any published guidance from relevant associations involved in the establishment of market standards and/or protocols in the international debt capital markets;
- (ii) If the Issuer (i) is unable to appoint an Independent Adviser; or (ii) the Independent Adviser appointed fails to determine a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(e), in either case prior to the relevant IA Determination Cut-Off Date, the Issuer (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and following consultation with the Independent Adviser in the event one has been appointed) may determine (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes), no later than the Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) relating to the next Interest Period or Reset Period (as applicable) for which the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) is otherwise to be determined by reference to the Original Reference Rate, (a) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate and (b) in either case, an Adjustment Spread in accordance with this Condition 4(e). Without prejudice to the definitions thereof, for the purposes of determining any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread, the Issuer will take into account any relevant and applicable market precedents as well as any published guidance from relevant associations involved in the establishment of market standards and/or protocols in the international debt capital markets;

- (iii) If a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) is determined by an Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above, such Successor Rate or, failing which, Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) shall (subject to adjustment as provided in paragraph (iv) below) subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the relevant Rate(s) of Interest (or the relevant component part(s) thereof) for all relevant future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the subsequent operation of, and to further adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(e));
- (iv) If a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) is determined by an Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, will determine the Adjustment Spread to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) for each determination of a relevant Rate of Interest (or a relevant component part thereof) by reference to such Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable);
- (v) If the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines (in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread in accordance with the above provisions, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer may (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes) also specify changes to these Conditions and/or the Agency Agreement in order to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate and/or the Adjustment Spread (as applicable), including, but not limited to, (1) the Day Count Fraction, Relevant Screen Page, Business Day Convention, Interest Determination Date, Reset Determination Date, time at which the Relevant Screen Page is observed and/or the definition of Reference Rate and (2) the method for determining the fall-back rate in relation to the Notes (such amendments, together the “**Benchmark Amendments**”). For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer and the Agent shall effect such consequential amendments to the Agency Agreement and/or these Conditions as may be required in order to give effect to the application of this Condition 4(e). No consent shall be required from the holders of the Notes in connection with determining or giving effect to the Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate or the Adjustment Spread (as applicable) or any Benchmark Amendments, including for the execution of any documents or other steps to be taken by the Issuer or the Agent (if required or useful);
- (vi) The Issuer shall promptly, following the determination of any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate, Adjustment Spread and/or Benchmark Amendments (as applicable), give notice thereof to the holders of the Notes in accordance with Condition 13 and the Agent (if different from the Issuer). Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the relevant Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable), the applicable Adjustment Spread and the specific terms of any other Benchmark Amendments, and their effective date;
- (vii) An Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to this Condition 4(e) shall act in good faith in a commercially reasonable manner and (in the absence of bad faith or fraud) shall have no liability whatsoever to the Agent or

the Noteholders for any advice given to the Issuer or in connection with any determination made by the Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, pursuant to this Condition 4(e);

- (viii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(e), no Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate or Adjustment Spread will be adopted, nor will any other amendment to these Conditions be made to effect the Benchmark Amendments, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to: (1) prejudice the qualification of the Notes as (i) in the case of Subordinated Notes, Tier 2 Instruments of the Issuer and/or Notes available to meet any MREL Requirement (however called or defined by then Applicable MREL Regulations) of the Group or the Issuer and/or (ii) in the case of Senior Preferred MREL Eligible Notes or Senior Non-Preferred Notes, “eligible liabilities” (or any equivalent or successor term) available to meet any MREL Requirement (however called or defined by then Applicable MREL Regulations) of the Group or the Issuer; and/or (2) result in the Relevant Authority treating the next Interest Payment Date or Reset Date, as applicable, as the effective maturity of the Notes, rather than the relevant Maturity Date; and
- (ix) Without prejudice to the obligations of the Issuer under this Condition 4(e), the Original Reference Rate and the other provisions in this Condition 4 will continue to apply for the purposes of determining the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) on the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) (1) if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)) is unable to or does not determine a Successor Rate or an Alternative Reference Rate or (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread in accordance with this Condition 4(e), and (2) if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer does determine a Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(e) but the Agent (if different from the Issuer) has not been notified of the Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable), the applicable Adjustment Spread and any Benchmark Amendments in accordance with paragraph (v) above prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, this paragraph 4(e)(ix) shall apply to the determination of the Rate of Interest on the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) only, and the Rate of Interest applicable to any subsequent Interest Period(s) or Reset Period(s) (as applicable) is subject to the subsequent operation of, and to adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(e).

- (x) For the purposes of these Conditions:

“**Adjustment Spread**” means either a spread (which may be positive or negative), or the formula or methodology for calculating a spread, in either case, which the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines is required to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) and is the spread, formula or methodology which:

- (1) in the case of a Successor Rate, is formally recommended in relation to the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate by any Relevant Nominating Body; or
- (2) in the case of a Successor Rate for which no such recommendation has been made or in the case of an Alternative Reference Rate, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following

consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner determines is recognised or acknowledged as being in customary market usage in international debt capital markets transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable); or

- (3) if neither (a) nor (b) above applies, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner determines as being industry standard for over-the-counter derivative transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable); or
- (4) if none of (a), (b) or (c) above applies, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case in its discretion and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines to be appropriate.

“Alternative Reference Rate” means the rate that the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines has replaced the Original Reference Rate in customary market usage in the international debt capital markets for the purposes of determining rates of interest (or the relevant component part thereof) in respect of bonds denominated in the same Specified Currency as the Notes and with an interest period or reset period (as applicable) of a comparable duration to the relevant Interest Period or relevant Reset Period (as applicable), or, if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines that there is no such rate, such other rate as the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines in its discretion is most comparable to the Original Reference Rate.

“Benchmark Amendments” has the meaning given to it in Condition 4(e)(v).

“Benchmark Event” means, in respect of an Original Reference Rate:

- (1) the Original Reference Rate ceasing to exist or ceasing to be published for a period of at least 5 Business Days; or
- (2) the later of (i) a public statement by the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that it will, on or prior to a specified date, cease to publish the Original Reference Rate, permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of the Original Reference Rate) and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (2)(i); or
- (3) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate, that the Original Reference Rate has been or will be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or
- (4) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will, on or prior to a specified date, be permanently or indefinitely discontinued and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (4)(i); or

- (5) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will be prohibited from being used or that its use will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, in each case on or prior to a specified date and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (5)(i); or that the Original Reference Rate has, or will on or prior to the next Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Period (as applicable), become unlawful for the Issuer, the Agent or any Calculation Agent specified in the applicable Final Terms, as the case may be, to calculate any payments due to be made to the Noteholders using the Original Reference Rate; or
- (6) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will, as of a specified date, no longer be representative of its relevant underlying market and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (6)(i).

“Independent Adviser” means an independent financial institution of international repute or an independent financial adviser experienced in the international debt capital markets, in each case appointed by the Issuer under Condition 4(e)(i).

“Original Reference Rate” means the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) originally specified for the purpose of determining the relevant Rate of Interest (or any component part(s) thereof) applicable to the Notes in respect of any Interest Period(s) or Reset Period(s) as applicable (provided that if, following one or more Benchmark Events, such originally specified Reference Rate (or any Successor Rate or Alternative Rate which has replaced it) has been replaced by a (or a further) Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and a Benchmark Event subsequently occurs in respect of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate, the term “Original Reference Rate” shall include any such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate).

“Relevant Nominating Body” means, in respect of an Original Reference Rate:

- (1) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, or any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable); or
- (2) any working group or committee sponsored by, chaired or co-chaired by or constituted at the request of (a) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, (b) any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable), (c) a group of the aforementioned central banks or other supervisory authorities or (d) the Financial Stability Board or any part thereof.

“Successor Rate” means the rate that the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines is a successor to, or replacement of, the Original Reference Rate which is formally recommended by any Relevant Nominating Body.

5. PAYMENTS

(a) *Fiscal and other laws*

Payments will be subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in the place of payment or other laws and regulation to which the Issuer or its Agents are subject, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7.

(b) *Payments in respect of the Notes*

Payment of principal and interest in respect of Notes will be (i) **if made in euro** (a) credited, according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, by the Paying Agent (acting on behalf of the Issuer) to the payment current-accounts used by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa for payments in respect of securities held through Interbolsa and thereafter (b) credited by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from the aforementioned payment current-accounts to the accounts of the owners of those Notes or through Euroclear and CBL, to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the beneficial owners of those Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL as the case may be; (ii) **if made in currencies other than euro** (a) transferred, on the payment date and according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, from the account held by the Paying Agent in the Foreign Currency Settlement System (“*Sistema de Liquidação em Moeda Estrangeira*”), managed by Caixa Geral de Depósitos, to the relevant accounts of the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa, and thereafter (b) transferred by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from such relevant accounts to the accounts of the owners of Notes or through Euroclear and CBL to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the owners of Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL, as the case may be.

The holders of Notes are reliant upon the procedures of Interbolsa to receive payment in respect of Notes.

(c) *General provisions applicable to payments*

The Issuer will be discharged by payment to Interbolsa in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the entities shown in the records of Interbolsa as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Notes must look solely to Interbolsa for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer to, or to the order of, the holder of such Notes.

(d) *Payment Day for the Notes*

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay. For these purposes, “**Payment Day**” means any day which (subject to Condition 9) is:

- a. a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in Lisbon; and
- b. either (A) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (if other than London and any Additional Financial Centre) or (B) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the T2 System is open and Interbolsa, Euroclear and/or CBL, as the case may be, are open for general business.

(e) ***Interpretation of principal and interest***

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (i) any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to principal under Condition 7;
- (ii) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iii) the Early Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iv) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (v) any premium and any other amounts (other than interest) which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to interest in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable, any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to interest under Condition 7.

6. REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE

(a) ***Redemption***

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at the amount specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms in the relevant Specified Currency on the Maturity Date (if applicable) (the “**Final Redemption Amount**”).

The minimum maturity of any Notes will be 398 (three hundred and ninety eight) days from their Issue Date.

Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements

Without prejudice to the foregoing, the original maturity date of any Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements will also be subject to such minimum or maximum maturity from their date of effective disbursement as may be required from time to time by Capital Regulations or other applicable banking laws and regulations in force at that time, including any Applicable MREL Regulations.

Subordinated Notes

The Dated Subordinated Notes have an original maturity of at least five years and redemption at the option of the Issuer may only take place after five years from their date of issuance or any different minimum period permitted under Capital Regulations. The Undated Subordinated Notes do not have a stated maturity (*perpetual*).

The Subordinated Notes can only be early redeemed or called in prior to the date of their contractual maturity in accordance with (and subject to) the conditions set out in Articles 77 and 78 of the CRR being met and not before five years from the date of issuance.

The Subordinated Notes can only be early redeemed or called before five years from the date of issuance where the conditions set out in Article 78(4) of the CRR are met or if the Issuer becomes insolvent or liquidated.

Accordingly, the Subordinated Notes are only subject to be called or early redeemed within 5 years from its issue date pursuant to Condition 6(b), 6(f) and 9(b).

Any call option or early redemption in respect of the Subordinated Notes are subject to both of the following conditions:

- (i) The Issuer obtaining prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with Article 78 of the CRR, where either:
 - 1. The Issuer has replaced the Notes with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the Issuer earlier than, or at the same time as, the call or early redemption; or
 - 2. The Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the own funds of the Issuer would following such call or early redemption exceed the requirements laid down in Article 92(1) of the CRR and the combined buffer requirement as defined in Portuguese legislation transposing point (6) of Article 128 of the CRD IV by a margin that the Relevant Authority considers necessary on the basis of Portuguese legislation transposing Article 104(3) of the CRD IV;
- (ii) In addition to (i), in respect of a redemption prior to the fifth anniversary of the issuance, if and to the extent required under Article 78(4) of the CRR:
 - 1. In the case of Condition 6(b) (*Redemption for Tax Reasons*), the Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the change in the applicable tax treatment of the Notes is material and was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date; or
 - 2. In the case of Condition 6(f) (*Redemption due to the occurrence of a Capital Event*), the Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the change in the regulatory classification of the Notes was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date.

For this purposes a “**Capital Event**” is deemed to have occurred when the Issuer determines after consultation with the Relevant Authority that there is a change in the regulatory classification of the Subordinated Notes under the Capital Regulations that was not reasonably foreseeable at the time of the Subordinated Notes issuance and that would result in their exclusion in full or in part from the Issuer’s or the Group’s own funds (other than as a consequence of write-down or conversion, where applicable) or in reclassification as a lower quality form of the Issuer’s or the Group’s own funds and that the Relevant Authority considers to be sufficiently certain. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) the foregoing does not comprise the result of any applicable limitation on the amount of such capital as applicable to the Issuer; (ii) any amortisation of Subordinated Notes pursuant to Article 64 of the CRR (or any equivalent or successor provision) shall not constitute a Capital Event.

“**Capital Regulations**” means at any time any requirements of Portuguese law or contained in the relevant rules of European Union law that are then in effect in Portugal relating to capital adequacy and applicable to the Issuer or to its Group, including but not limited to the CRR, MREL regulations, national laws and regulations implementing the CRD V, the BRRD, the SRM Regulations, and those regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies relating to capital adequacy, minimum requirements for eligible liabilities, resolution and/or solvency then in effect of the European Central Bank, the Relevant Authority or such other or successor governmental authority exercising primary bank supervisory authority from time to time, in each case with respect to prudential or resolution matters in relation to the Issuer, in each

case to the extent then in effect in Portugal including the RGICSF (whether or not such requirements, guidelines or policies have the force of law and whether or not they are applied generally or specifically to the Issuer).

For the avoidance of doubt, any redemption of Notes prior to their maturity is always subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, who is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will provide such permission (if requested). For the avoidance of doubt, any refusal of the Relevant Authority to grant permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

Any redemption under this Condition may only be made if it is done in accordance with Articles 77 and 78a of the CRR, Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 241/2014 and/or any other Own Funds Requirements Regulations then in force, as applicable.

(b) Redemption for tax reasons

The Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer, in whole or in part, on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Agent and, in accordance with Condition 11, the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable):

- (i) If, with the exception of Notes issued by the Issuer, which are not issued by the Issuer within the scope of the Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November, as amended (the “**Decree-Law**”), on the occasion of the next payment due under the Notes, (A) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts in respect of interest as provided or referred to in Condition 7 (Taxation) or (B) in the case of Subordinated Notes, Senior Non Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, the Issuer would not be entitled to claim a deduction in computing taxation liabilities in the Tax Jurisdiction (as defined in Condition 7 (Taxation)) in respect of any payment of interest to be made on the Notes on the occasion of the next payment date due under the Notes or the value of such deduction to the Issuer would be materially reduced, in each case as a result of any change in the laws or regulations of the Tax Jurisdiction or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change becomes effective on or after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of a Series of Notes (and (without prejudice to Condition 6(a)(ii) in respect of Subordinated Notes) with respect to Senior Non Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, which change is material and was not reasonably foreseeable at the Issue Date to the Resolution Authority’s satisfaction); and
- (ii) In case of Subordinated Notes subject also to the requirements described under Condition 6(a) *Redemption* (i) and (ii). For the avoidance of doubt, any redemption of Notes prior to their maturity is always subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, who is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will provide such permission (if requested). For the avoidance of doubt, any refusal of the Relevant Authority to grant permission in accordance with Article 78 of the CRR shall not constitute a default for any purpose.
- (iii) Such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due; and

- (iv) In the case of Senior Non Preferred Notes or Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, subject to the applicable prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, For the avoidance of doubt, the Resolution Authority is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Resolution Authority will provide such permission (if requested). For the avoidance of doubt, any refusal of the Relevant Authority to grant permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

Notes redeemed pursuant to this Condition 6(b) will be redeemed at their Early Redemption Amount referred to in 6(h) below together (if appropriate) with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption.

(c) *Redemption due to MREL Disqualification Event*

If, in the case of Senior Non Preferred Notes and of Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements where the MREL Disqualification Event has been specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms only, a MREL Disqualification Event has occurred and is continuing, then the Issuer may, at its option, elect to redeem in accordance with these Conditions all, but not some only, of the relevant Notes (as applicable).

Any such election and redemption is subject to the applicable prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, which may include that the relevant MREL Disqualification Event was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date to the Resolution Authority's satisfaction.

(d) *Definitions*

"Applicable MREL Regulations" means, at any time, the laws, regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies then in effect in Portugal giving effect to the MREL Requirement then applicable to the Issuer and/or the Group, including, without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, CRD IV, the BRRD and those regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies giving effect to the MREL Requirement (whether or not such requirements, guidelines or policies have the force of law and whether or not they are applied generally or specifically to the Issuer and/or the Group), all the foregoing as amended or superseded from time to time;

"Group" means the Issuer and its subsidiaries taken as a whole;

A **"MREL Disqualification Event"** occurs when the Issuer determines, after consultation with the Relevant Authority), in respect of Senior Non Preferred Notes or Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements that, all or part of the outstanding nominal amount of the relevant Notes does not fully qualify as MREL Eligible Instruments of the Issuer and/or the Group, except where such non-qualification (a) is due solely to the remaining maturity of the relevant Notes being less than any period required for such Notes to be considered MREL Eligible Instruments by Applicable MREL Regulations then in force, (b) any applicable limits on the amount of "eligible liabilities" (or any equivalent or successor term) permitted or allowed to meet any MREL Requirement(s) being exceeded or (c) is as a result of the relevant Notes being bought back by (or on behalf of) the Issuer or by a third party funded by the Issuer;

"MREL-Eligible Instrument" means an instrument that complies with the MREL Requirements; and

“**MREL Requirements**” means the minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities applicable to the Issuer and/or the Group under the Applicable MREL Regulations.

(e) Redemption at the option of the Issuer (Issuer Call)

If Issuer Call is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, at its sole discretion, having given:

- (i) not less than 5 nor more than 30 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13; and
- (ii) not less than 15 days before the giving of the notice referred to in (i), notice to the Agent;

(which notices shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all or some only of the Notes then outstanding on any Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount or not more than a Higher Redemption Amount, in each case as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes shall be redeemed *pari passu* and on a pro rata basis in accordance with the rules of Interbolsa.

In the case of Subordinated Notes, the Issuer has the right, but not the duty, to redeem the Subordinated Notes. Such right may only be exercised after obtaining the permission of the Relevant Authority and (with the exceptions provided for under Article 78(4) of the CRR) only after 5 (five) years from its issue date. The Relevant Authority is not obliged to permit the early redemption requested by the Issuer (if requested) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will permit such early redemption request.

In case of Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, these may only be redeemed or called by the Issuer with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations.

(f) Redemption due to the occurrence of a Capital Event

The Subordinated Notes may be redeemed, only in whole, by the Issuer, if a Capital Event occurs, as defined above, that the Relevant Authority considers to be sufficient certain and subject to requirements described under Condition 6 (a) (*Redemption*) (i) and (ii).

For the avoidance of doubt, any amortisation of Subordinated Notes pursuant to the CRR as it stands on the Issue Date shall not constitute a Capital Event.

(g) Clean-up Call Option

If (i) Clean-up Call Option is specified as “Applicable” in the relevant Final Terms and (ii) the Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage (or more) of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes originally issued has been redeemed or purchased and subsequently cancelled in accordance with this Condition 6, the Issuer may, from (and including) the Clean-up Call Effective Date, having given not more than the maximum period nor less than minimum period of notice specified in the relevant Final Terms to the Paying Agent and, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders at any time redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at the Clean-up Call Option Amount specified in the relevant Final

Terms together, if applicable, with unpaid interest accrued to (but excluding) such date fixed for redemption. Upon the expiry of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Notes accordingly.

For the purposes of this Condition 6(g), any further securities issued pursuant to Condition 15 so as to be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes outstanding at that time will be deemed to have been originally issued.

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage” means 75 per cent. or such other higher percentage specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Clean-up Call Effective Date” means (i) in the case of Senior Notes, the Issue Date of the first tranche of the Notes and (ii) in the case of Subordinated Notes, the date specified in the relevant Final Terms or such earlier specified date as the Relevant Authority has first given the Issuer its consent or permission to; and

“Optional Redemption Date” means any date so specified in the applicable Final Terms and/or any date falling in the Optional Redemption Period specified in the applicable Final Terms, the first and last days inclusive.

(h) *Redemption at the option of the Noteholders of Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements (Investor Put)*

In accordance with the Capital Regulations or other applicable banking laws and regulations in force at that time, including any Applicable MREL Regulations Investor Put is not permitted for Subordinated Notes, and will also not be foreseen for Senior Non-Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements.

If Investor Put is specified in the applicable Final Terms of the Ordinary Senior Notes, upon the holder of any Note giving to the Issuer in accordance with Condition 13 not less than 5 nor more than 30 days' notice the Issuer will, upon the expiry of such notice, redeem, subject to, and in accordance with, the terms specified in the applicable Final Terms, such Note on the Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date. It may be that before an Investor Put can be exercised, certain conditions and/or circumstances will need to be satisfied. Where relevant, the provisions will be set out in the applicable Final Terms.

To exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must, within the notice period, give notice by way of a put notice (the **“Put Notice”**) to the Paying Agent of such exercise in accordance with the standard procedures of Interbolsa in a form acceptable to Interbolsa from time to time and, at the same time present or procure the presentation of a Certificate to the Paying Agent.

Any Put Notice given by a holder of any Note pursuant to this paragraph shall be irrevocable except where prior to the due date of redemption an Event of Default has occurred and continues, in which event such holder, at its option, may elect by notice to the Issuer to withdraw the notice given pursuant to this paragraph and instead to declare such Note forthwith due and payable pursuant to Condition 9.

(i) *Early Redemption Amounts*

Early Redemption Amounts

For the purpose of paragraph 6(b), paragraph 6(c) and paragraph 6(f) above and Condition 9, each Note will be redeemed

at the Early Redemption Amount calculated as follows, subject always to the last paragraph below:

- a. in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount equal to the Issue Price, at the Final Redemption Amount thereof;
- b. in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount (other than a Zero Coupon Note) which is or may be less or greater than the Issue Price or which is payable in a Specified Currency other than that in which the Note is denominated, at the amount specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms or, if no such amount or manner is so specified in the applicable Final Terms, at its nominal amount;
- c. in the case of a Zero Coupon Note, at an amount (the “**Amortised Face Amount**”) calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Early Redemption Amount} = \text{RP} \times (1 + \text{AY})^y$$

where:

“**RP**” means the Reference Price;

“**AY**” means the Accrual Yield expressed as a decimal; and

“**y**” is a fraction the numerator of which is equal to the number of days (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each) from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator of which is 360,

or on such other calculation basis as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

No Note (other than Ordinary Senior Notes which are not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements) may be early redeemed at an amount higher than par.

(j) Purchases

Subject to the next paragraphs, the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may at any time purchase Notes at any price in the open market or otherwise.

In respect of the Subordinated Notes, the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries shall have the right to purchase Subordinated Notes only in accordance (and subject to) the conditions set out in Articles 77 and 78 of the CRR being met, including the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, and not before five years from issuance, except where the conditions set out in Article 78(4) of the CRR are met or, in the case of repurchase for market-making purposes, where the conditions set out in Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 241/2014 (the regulatory technical standards RTS in own funds) (“**CDR**”) are met and particularly with respect to the predetermined amount defined by the Relevant Authority as per Article 29(3)(b) of the CDR.

For the avoidance of any doubt, the Relevant Authority is not obliged to provide the permission for any purchase and any refusal to grant such permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

In respect of the Senior Non Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, a purchase of the relevant Notes by the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may take place only in accordance with Capital

Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, including by complying with the conditions set out under Articles 77 and 78a of the CRR, and will be subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, without prejudice to any other requirements.

For the avoidance of any doubt, the Resolution Authority is not obliged to provide the permission for any purchase and any refusal to grant such permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose. If a purchase by the Issuer takes place without fulfilment by the Issuer of the conditions of the above paragraphs, the purchase will be cancelled and the holder of the Notes will be obliged to repay or return to the Issuer all amounts received from the Issuer.

Subject to the Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, the Notes may be held, resold or, at the option of the Issuer or the relevant subsidiary, cancelled by Interbolsa following receipt by Interbolsa of notice thereof by or on behalf of the Issuer. Notes purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer or any subsidiary of the Issuer shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Condition 14 or the Agency Agreement.

(k) Cancellation

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled. All Notes so cancelled and any Notes purchased and cancelled pursuant to paragraph (g) above cannot be reissued or resold.

Regarding Subordinated Notes, Senior Non Preferred Notes and Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, this Condition 6 describes the legal and regulatory regime applicable thereto and accordingly the provisions of this Condition 6 are subject to any changes in that legal and regulatory regime.

7. TAXATION

(a) *Taxation relating to all payments by the Issuer in respect of Notes not issued within the scope of Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2015*

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes by the Issuer and not issued within the scope of the Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2015 (“**Decree Law**”) – special tax regime on debt securities – will be subject to withholding tax or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Republic of Portugal which are required by law. No additional amounts will be paid by the Issuer in respect of such withholding or deduction.

(b) *Taxation relating to all payments by the Issuer in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law*

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law by the Issuer will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Tax Jurisdiction unless such withholding or deduction is required by law or regulation. In such event, the Issuer will pay such additional amounts as shall be necessary in order that the net amounts received by the holders of the Notes after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts of interest which would otherwise have been receivable in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law in relation

to any payment of interest in the absence of such withholding or deduction; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable:

- (i) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder in the Tax Jurisdiction; and/or
- (ii) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder who is liable for such taxes or duties in respect of such Note by reason of his having some connection with a Tax Jurisdiction other than the mere holding of such Note; and/or
- (iii) where the relevant Certificate is presented for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting the same for payment on such 30th day assuming that day to have been a Payment Day (as defined in Condition 5(d)); and/or
- (iv) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder in respect of whom the information (which may include certificates) required in order to comply with the Decree-Law, and any implementing legislation, is not received by no later than the second ICSD Business Day prior to Relevant Date, or which does not comply with the formalities in order to benefit from tax treaty benefits, when applicable; and/or
- (v) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder (i) resident for tax purposes in the Tax Jurisdiction or when the investment income is imputable to a permanent establishment of the Noteholder located in Portuguese territory or (ii) resident in a tax haven jurisdiction as defined in Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time, with the exception of (a) central banks and governmental agencies, as well as international institutions recognised by the Tax Jurisdiction, of those tax haven jurisdictions, and (b) tax haven jurisdictions which have a double taxation treaty in force or a tax information exchange agreement in place with the Tax Jurisdiction provided that all procedures and information required under Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005, as amended, regarding (a) and (b) above are complied with; and/or
- (vi) to, or to a third party on behalf of (a) a Portuguese resident legal entity subject to Portuguese corporation tax (with the exception of entities that benefit from a waiver of Portuguese withholding tax or from Portuguese income tax exemptions), or (b) a legal entity not resident in the Republic of Portugal acting with respect to the holding of the Notes through a permanent establishment located in the Portuguese territory (with the exception of permanent establishments that benefit from a waiver of Portuguese withholding tax).

For the purposes of this Condition 7:

“ICSD Business Day” means any day which:

- (i) is not a Saturday or Sunday; and
- (ii) is not 25 December or 31 December.

“Relevant Date” means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Paying Agent on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13.

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“Tax Jurisdiction” means the Republic of Portugal or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax.

Any obligation to pay additional amounts provided for in this Condition 7 will be limited to cover withholdings or deductions in respect of payments of interest (and not, for the avoidance of doubt, payments of principal or any other amounts) in respect of Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, Senior Non-Preferred Notes or Subordinated Notes.

8. PRESCRIPTION

Claims for principal and interest in respect of the Notes shall become void unless the relevant Certificates are surrendered within twenty years and five years respectively of the Relevant Date.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

(a) *Events of Default relating to Ordinary Senior Notes not eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and relating to Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms)*

If one or more of the following events (each an **“Event of Default”**) shall occur and be continuing with respect to any Senior Note (any reference to *“Note”* and *“Notes”* shall be construed accordingly):

- (i) the Issuer fails to make payment of any principal or interest due in respect of the Notes and such failure to pay continues, in the case of principal, for a period of seven days or, in the case of interest, for a period of 14 days; or
- (ii) the Issuer defaults in the performance or observance of or compliance with any other obligation on its part in respect of the Notes and (except where such default is not capable of remedy, where no such notice shall be required) such default shall continue for a period of 30 days after written notice of such default shall have been given to the Issuer by a holder of the Note; or
- (iii) insolvency or liquidation proceedings (for the avoidance of doubt, any reconstruction, amalgamation, merger, spin-off or other structural modification will not be considered as an Event of Default) are commenced by a court against the Issuer or the Issuer institutes such proceedings or suspends payments or offers or makes a general arrangement for the benefit of all its creditors; or
- (iv) any order shall be made by any competent court or resolution passed for the winding-up or liquidation of the Issuer, except for the purposes of a Permitted Reorganisation; or
- (v) the repayment of any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money (as defined in Condition 9(c)) owing by the Issuer is accelerated by reason of default and such acceleration has not been rescinded or annulled, or the Issuer defaults (after whichever is the longer of any originally applicable period of grace and 14 days after the due date) in any payment of any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money or in the honouring of any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money provided that no such event referred to in this subparagraph (v) shall constitute an Event of Default unless the Indebtedness for Borrowed Money whether alone or when aggregated

with other Indebtedness for Borrowed Money relating to all (if any) other such events which shall have occurred shall exceed EUR 25,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency or currencies) or, if greater, an amount equal to 1 per cent. of BPI's Shareholders' Funds (as defined in Condition 9(c));

then any holder of a Note may, by written notice to the Issuer at the specified office of the Agent, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Agent, declare any Notes held by the holder to be forthwith due and payable whereupon the same shall become forthwith due and payable at the Early Redemption Amount (as described in Condition 6(h)), together with accrued interest (if any) to the date of repayment, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind.

(b) *Events of Default relating to Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements (where so specified in the relevant Final Terms) and relating to Senior Non- Preferred Notes*

With respect to any Ordinary Senior Note eligible to comply with MREL Requirements or Senior Non-Preferred Note, if insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer (an “**Event of Default**”, which for the avoidance of doubt does not include any reconstruction, amalgamation, merger, spin-off or other structural modification) occurs and is continuing, any holder of a such a Note may, by written notice to the Issuer at the specified office of the Agent, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Agent, declare any such Note held by the holder to be forthwith due and payable whereupon the same shall, when permitted by the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, become forthwith due and payable at the Early Redemption Amount (as described in Condition 6(h)), together with accrued interest (if any) to the date of repayment, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind.

Without prejudice to the above, if the Issuer breaches any of its obligations under these Notes, the Common Representative (if any) may, subject as provided below, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings as it may think fit to enforce such obligations provided that the Issuer shall not as a consequence of such proceeding be obliged to pay any sum or sums sooner than the same would otherwise have been payable by it.

For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of these Conditions governing the Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements and Senior Non Preferred Notes do not give any holder thereof or the Common Representative (if any, acting at its discretion, or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders) the right to accelerate the future scheduled payment of interest or principal, other than in case of the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer, as provided for in the relevant provisions of the CRR being Article 63(1) and (in the case of MREL-Eligible Instruments which are not Subordinated Notes) Article 72b(2)(1). Accordingly, resolution proceedings or a moratorium imposed by a resolution authority in respect of the Issuer shall not constitute an Event of Default.

However, nothing in this Condition 9 shall prevent the Common Representative from instituting proceedings for the winding-up of the Issuer (to the extent permitted by law at the relevant time) and/or proving in any winding-up of the Issuer in respect of any payment obligations of the Issuer pursuant to or arising from such Notes (including any damages awarded for breach of any such obligations).

Any redemption pursuant to this Condition 9(b) prior to the relevant maturity date may only be made by the Issuer with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations including any Applicable MREL Regulations.

(c) Events of Default relating to Subordinated Notes

With respect to any Subordinated Notes, if insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer (an “**Event of Default**”, which for the avoidance of doubt does not include any reconstruction, amalgamation, merger, spin-off or other structural modification) occurs and is continuing, any holder of a Subordinated Note may, by written notice to the Issuer at the specified office of the Agent, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Agent, declare any Subordinated Notes held by the holder to be forthwith due and payable whereupon the same shall, when permitted by the applicable Capital Regulations, become forthwith due and payable at the Early Redemption Amount (as described in Condition 6(h)), together with accrued interest (if any) to the date of repayment, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind.

Without prejudice to (i) and (ii) above, if the Issuer breaches any of its obligations under the Notes, the Common Representative (if any) may, subject as provided below, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings as it may think fit to enforce such obligations provided that the Issuer shall not as a consequence of such proceeding be obliged to pay any sum or sums sooner than the same would otherwise have been payable by it.

For the avoidance of doubts, the provisions of these Conditions governing the Subordinated Note do not give any holder of Subordinated Notes or the Common Representative (if any, acting at its discretion, or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders) the right to accelerate the future scheduled payment of interest or principal, other than in the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer, as provided for in the relevant provisions of the CRR being (in the case of Subordinated Notes) Article 63(l). Accordingly, resolution proceedings or a moratorium imposed by a resolution authority in respect of the Issuer shall not constitute an Event of Default.

However, nothing in this Condition 9 shall prevent the Common Representative from instituting proceedings for the winding-up of the Issuer (to the extent permitted by law at the relevant time) and/or proving in any winding-up of the Issuer in respect of any payment obligations of the Issuer pursuant to or arising from the Notes (including any damages awarded for breach of any such obligations).

Any redemption pursuant to this Condition 9(c) prior to the relevant maturity date may only be made by the Issuer with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations.

(d) Definitions

For the purposes of this Condition 9:

“**Indebtedness for Borrowed Money**” means any present or future indebtedness for or in respect of (i) money borrowed, or (ii) any notes, bonds, debentures, loan stock or other securities offered, issued or distributed whether by way of offer to the public, private placement, acquisition consideration or otherwise and whether issued in cash or in whole or in part for consideration other than cash; and

“**BPI's Shareholders' Funds**” means, at any relevant time, a sum equal to the aggregate of Banco BPI's shareholders' equity as certified by the independent auditors of Banco BPI by reference to the latest audited consolidated financial statements of Banco BPI.

“**Permitted Reorganisation**” means a reconstruction, merger or amalgamation (i) which has been approved by an Extraordinary Resolution at a meeting of Noteholders; or (ii) where the entity resulting from any such reconstruction,

merger or amalgamation is a credit institution (“*instituição de crédito*”) under Article 3 of RGICSF, as amended and restated (or superseded) and has a rating for long term/short term ratings assigned by Moody’s, Fitch and/or S&P, equivalent to or higher than the long term/short term ratings of the Issuer, immediately prior to such reconstruction, merger or amalgamation.

10. WAIVER OF SET-OFF

No Noteholder may at any time exercise or claim any Waived Set-Off Rights against any right, claim, or liability the Issuer has or may have or acquire against such Noteholder, directly or indirectly, howsoever arising (and, for the avoidance of doubt, including all such rights, claims and liabilities arising under or in relation to any and all agreements or other instruments of any sort, whether or not relating to such Note) and each Noteholder shall be deemed to have waived all Waived Set-Off Rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law in relation to all such actual and potential rights, claims and liabilities. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any Noteholder by the Issuer in respect of, or arising under or in connection with the Notes is discharged by exercising a right comprised within the Waived Set-Off Rights, such Noteholder shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the Issuer and, until such time as payment is made, shall hold an amount equal to such amount in trust for the Issuer and accordingly any such discharge shall be deemed not to have taken place.

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Condition is intended to provide, or shall be construed as acknowledging, any right of deduction, set-off, netting, compensation, retention or counterclaim or that any such right is or would be available to any Noteholder of any Note but for this Condition.

(a) Definitions

“**Waived Set-Off Rights**” means any and all rights of or claims of any Noteholder for deduction, set-off, netting, compensation, retention or counterclaim arising directly or indirectly under or in connection with any Note.

11. SUBSTITUTION AND VARIATION

This Condition 11 applies to Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements, Senior Non Preferred Notes and Subordinated Notes. If a Capital Event, a MREL Disqualification Event or a circumstance giving rise to the right of the Issuer to redeem the Notes for taxation reasons under Condition 6(b) occurs and is continuing, the Issuer may substitute all (but not some only) of the Notes (as the case may be) or modify the terms of all (but not some only) of the Notes, without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, so that they are substituted for, or varied to, become, or remain, Qualifying Notes, subject to having given not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13, the Agent (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date for substitution or, as applicable, variation), and subject to obtaining the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, in accordance with the applicable CRR, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, if and as required for such purpose thereunder.

Any such notice shall specify the relevant details of the manner in which such substitution or variation shall take effect and where the Noteholders can inspect or obtain copies of the new terms and conditions of the Notes. Such substitution or variation will be effected without any cost or charge to the Noteholders.

Noteholders shall, by virtue of subscribing and/or purchasing and holding any Notes, be deemed to accept the substitution or variation of the terms of such Notes and to grant to the Issuer full power and authority to take any action and/or to execute and deliver any document in the name and/or on behalf of the Noteholders which is necessary or convenient to complete the substitution or variation of the terms of the Notes.

(a) Definitions

“**Qualifying Notes**” means, at any time, any securities denominated in the Specified Currency and issued directly by the Issuer not otherwise materially less favourable to the investors than the terms of the Notes provided that such securities shall:

- (i) (a) in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements or Senior Non-Preferred Notes, contain terms which comply with the then current requirements for MREL-Eligible Instruments as embodied in the Applicable MREL Regulations, and (b) in the case of Tier 2 Subordinated Notes, contain terms which comply with the then current requirements for their inclusion in the Tier 2 Capital of the Issuer; and
- (ii) carry the same rate of interest as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 11; and
- (iii) have the same denomination and aggregate outstanding principal amount as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 11; and
- (iv) have the same date of maturity and the same dates for payment of interest as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 11; and
- (v) have at least the same ranking as set out in Condition 2; and
- (vi) not, immediately following such substitution or variation, be subject to a Capital Event, a MREL Disqualification Event and/or an early redemption right for taxation reasons according to Condition 6(b), as applicable; and
- (vii) be listed or admitted to trading on any stock exchange as selected by the Issuer, if the Notes were listed or admitted to trading on a stock exchange immediately prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 11.

For the avoidance of doubt, any variation in the ranking of the relevant Notes as set out in Condition 2 resulting from any such substitution or modification shall be deemed not to be materially less favourable to the interests of the investors of the Notes where the ranking of such Notes following such substitution or modification is at least the same ranking as is applicable to such Notes under Condition 2 on the issue date of such Notes.

12. PAYING AGENT

The name of the initial Paying Agent and its initial specified office are set out below.

The Issuer is entitled to vary or terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent and/or appoint additional or other paying agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any paying agent acts, provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be a paying agent with its specified office in a country outside the Tax Jurisdiction;
- (b) so long as the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or admitted to listing by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a paying agent with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange (or any other relevant authority); and
- (c) there will at all times be a paying agent in Portugal capable of making payment in respect of the Notes as contemplated by these terms and conditions of the Notes, the Agency Agreement and applicable Portuguese law and regulation.

In acting under the Agency Agreement, the paying agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and do not assume any obligation to, or relationship of agency or trust with, any Noteholders. The Agency Agreement contains provisions permitting any entity into which any paying agent is merged or converted or with which it is consolidated or to which it transfers all or substantially all of its assets to become the successor paying agent.

13. NOTICES

All notices regarding the Notes will be deemed to be validly given on the date of such publication if published if and for so long as the Notes are admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon, by means of electronic publication on the CMVM's information system (www.cmvm.pt) or on the website of the Issuer. The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules and regulations of any stock exchange (or any other relevant authority) on which the Notes are for the time being listed. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers, and, in the case of publication on the CMVM's official website (www.cmvm.pt), on the date of such publication.

All notices regarding the Notes shall, at any time, comply with the applicable Portuguese law requirements, namely pursuant to the Portuguese Companies Code and the CMVM's Regulation no. 1/2023, of 26 April.

14. MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION AND WAIVER

Meetings may be convened by the Common Representative (if any) or, if (i) no Common Representative has been appointed or (ii) if appointed, the relevant Common Representative has failed to convene a meeting, by the chairman of the general meeting of shareholders of the Issuer, and shall be convened if requested by Noteholders holding not less than 5 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. The quorum required for a meeting convened to pass a resolution other than an Extraordinary Resolution will be any person or persons holding or representing Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof; and the quorum required for a meeting convened to pass an Extraordinary Resolution will be a person or persons holding or representing at least 50 per cent. of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, any person or persons holding or representing any of the Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof.

The number of votes required to pass a resolution other than an Extraordinary Resolution is a majority of the votes cast at the relevant meeting; the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution, including, without limitation, a resolution relating to the modification or abrogation of certain of the provisions of these Conditions, is at least 50 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two-thirds of the votes cast at

the relevant meeting regardless of any quorum. Resolutions passed at any meeting of the Noteholders will be binding on all Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting or have voted against the approved resolutions.

“Extraordinary Resolution” means a resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders in respect of any of the following matters:

- (i) any modification or abrogation of any Condition (including without limiting, modifying the date of maturity of the Notes or any date for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes); or
- (ii) to approve any amendment to this definition.

The Agent or the Calculation Agent (if any) and the Issuer may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders, to:

- (i) any modification (except as mentioned above) of the Notes or Agency Agreement (in this case with the agreement of the Agent) which is not prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders; or
- (ii) any modification of the Notes, or the Agency Agreement (in this case with the agreement of the Agent) which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or is made to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of law.

Any such modification shall be binding on the Noteholders and any such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 13 as soon as practicable thereafter.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of Subordinated Notes, any modifications (with or without the consent of the Noteholders) to their respective terms may only be made with the prior permission or non-opposition of the Relevant Authority and shall not take effect until that is obtained, except if otherwise permitted by the Capital Regulations.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements or Senior Non Preferred Notes, any modifications (with or without the consent of the Noteholders) to their respective terms may only be made with the prior permission or non-opposition of the Relevant Authority and shall not take effect until that is obtained, except if otherwise permitted by the Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations.

15. FURTHER ISSUES

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders to create and issue further notes:

- (a) having terms and conditions the same as the Notes or the same in all respects save for the amount and date of the first payment of interest thereon and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with the outstanding Notes; and
- (b) having the same or different terms and conditions as the Notes and form a different Series, complying with the minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities under the European Union framework for recovery and resolution of credit institutions.

16. GOVERNING LAW AND SUBMISSION TO JURISDICTION

(a) *Governing law*

The Notes and any non-contractual obligations arising from it shall be construed in accordance with Portuguese law.

(b) *Submission to jurisdiction*

The Issuer agrees, for the exclusive benefit of the Noteholders, that the courts of Portugal are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Notes, including any non-contractual obligations arising from it, and that accordingly any suit, action or proceedings (together referred to as “*Proceedings*”) arising out of or in connection with the Notes may be brought in such courts.

The Issuer hereby irrevocably waives any objection which it may have now or hereafter to the laying of the venue of any such Proceedings in any such court and any claim that any such Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum and hereby further irrevocably agrees that a judgment in any such Proceedings brought in the Portuguese courts shall be conclusive and binding upon it and may be enforced in the courts of any other jurisdiction.

Nothing contained in this Condition shall limit any right to take Proceedings against the Issuer in (i) any other court of Member States of the European Union to the extent that they would be competent to hear the Proceedings according to the rules of the Brussels Ia Regulation or (ii) any other court of States that are parties to the Lugano II Convention to the extent that they would be competent to hear the Proceedings according to the rules thereof, nor shall the taking of Proceedings in one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of Proceedings in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

For the purposes of this Condition 16:

“**Brussels Ia Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters, as amended; and

“**Lugano II Convention**” means the Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters, signed on 30 October 2007.

17. COMMON REPRESENTATIVE

The holders of the Notes shall at all times be entitled to appoint and dismiss a Common Representative by means of a Resolution. Upon the appointment of a new Common Representative by the holders of the Notes pursuant to this Condition, any previously appointed and dismissed Common Representative will immediately cease its engagement and will be under the obligation immediately to transfer to the new Common Representative appointed by the holders of the Notes all documents and information then held by such Common Representative pertaining to the Notes.

As used herein: “**Common Representative**” means a law firm, an accountant's firm, a financial intermediary, an entity authorised to provide proxy services in a member-state or an individual person (which may not be a holder of Notes), which may be appointed by the holders of Notes under Article 358 of the Portuguese Commercial Companies Code.

18. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF PORTUGUESE STATUTORY LOSS ABSORPTION POWERS

Notwithstanding any other term of the Notes or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding between the Issuer and the Noteholders, by its subscription and/or purchase and holding of the Notes, each Noteholder (which for the purposes of this Condition 18 includes each holder of a beneficial interest in the Notes) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:

- (i) to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person (and the issue to the holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the terms of the Notes, in which case the Noteholder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Notes any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person;
 - (C) the cancellation of the Notes or Amounts Due; or
 - (D) the amendment or alteration of the maturity of the Notes or amendment of the Interest Amount payable on the Notes, or the date on which the interest becomes payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and
- (ii) that the terms of the Notes are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority.

No repayment or payment of Amounts Due on the Notes or the Coupons will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of any Bail-in Power if and to the extent that such amounts have been reduced, converted, cancelled, suspended (for so long as such suspension or moratorium is outstanding), amended or altered as a result of such exercise.

Upon the Issuer being informed or notified by the Relevant Resolution Authority of the actual exercise of any Bail-in Power with respect to the Notes, the Issuer shall notify the Noteholders without delay. Any delay or failure by the Issuer to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Bail-in Power nor the effects on the Notes described in this Condition 18.

The exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes shall not constitute a default or an event of default for any purpose and the Conditions of the Notes shall continue to apply in relation to the residual principal amount of, or outstanding amount payable with respect to, the Notes subject to any modification of the amount of distributions payable to reflect the reduction of the principal amount, and any further modification of the terms that the Relevant Resolution Authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, including the RGICSF and the SRM Regulation, relating to the resolution of credit institutions, investment firms incorporated in Portugal.

Each Noteholder also acknowledges and agrees that this provision is exhaustive on the matters described herein to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings relating to the application of any Bail-in Power to the Notes.

The exercise of the Bail-Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority pursuant to any relevant laws, regulations, rules or requirements in effect in the Republic of Portugal is not dependent on the application of this Condition 18.

For the purposes of this Condition 18:

“Amounts Due” means the principal amount, together with any accrued but unpaid interest, and any additional amounts referred to in Condition 7, if any, due on the Notes. References to such amounts will include amounts that have become due and payable, but which have not been paid, prior to the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority;

“Bail-in Power” means any statutory write-down, conversion, transfer, modification, or suspension power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of credit institutions and investment firms incorporated in the Republic of Portugal, in effect and applicable to the Issuer, including the laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to (A) the transposition of the BRRD (including, but not limited to, Law no. 23-A/2015 of 26 March 2015, which amended the RGICSF), (B) SRM Regulation and (C) the instruments, rules and standards created thereunder, pursuant to which any obligation of certain entities as set out in such law, regulation, rules or requirements can be reduced, cancelled, suspended, modified, or converted into shares, other securities, or other obligations;

“Relevant Resolution Authority” means any authority lawfully entitled to exercise or participate in the exercise of any Bail-in Power from time to time; and

Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014, establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of the Single Resolution Mechanism and the Single Resolution Fund and amending Regulation (EU) No. 1093/2010, as amended or superseded from time to time.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE UNDATED DEEPLY SUBORDINATED NOTES

*The following are the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (the “Notes” or the “Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes”) which will be incorporated into each Undated Deeply Subordinated Note settled by Central de Valores Mobiliários, the clearing system operated at Interbolsa – Sociedade Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários S.A.. **The Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes have not been approved by the competent banking prudential supervisory authority (the “Competent Authority”), in this case the European Central Bank, the Bank of Portugal, or such other successor authority which is responsible for prudential supervision and/or empowered by national law to supervise the Issuer and Group as part of the supervisory system in Portugal, or (ii) by such authority which is the resolution authority (as defined in the CRR), in this case the Single Resolution Board or such other or successor authority which is the relevant resolution authority in respect of the Issuer and the Group (the “Resolution Authority”, any of the Competent Authority and the Resolution Authority, the “Relevant Authority”). If any amendments to the Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are required by the Relevant Authority, a new Supplement to the Base Prospectus will be made by the Banco BPI, S.A. (the “Issuer” or “Banco BPI”). The applicable Final Terms in relation to any Tranche of Notes may specify terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified in the following Terms and Conditions, complete the following Terms and Conditions for the purpose of such Notes. The applicable Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) will be incorporated into and applicable to each Note.***

This Note is one of a Series (as defined below) of Notes issued by the *Issuer* pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined below).

References herein to the “Notes” or to the “Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes” shall be references to the Notes of this Series and shall mean any Note. In accordance with Portuguese Law, Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are not classified as bonds (*obrigações*).

The Notes have the benefit of an Amended and Restated Agency Agreement (such Agency Agreement as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Agency Agreement**”) dated 18 December 2025, and made by Banco BPI, S.A. in its capacity as agent bank (the “**Agent**”, which expression shall include any successor agent), paying agent (the “**Paying Agent**” which expression shall include any successor paying agent) and Issuer and agreed to by any subsequent agent, paying agent, transfer agent, and/or agent bank appointed by the Issuer.

The Final Terms for this Note (or the relevant provisions thereof) are incorporated into this Note and supplements these Terms and Conditions and may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified in these Terms and Conditions, complete these Terms and Conditions for the purposes of this Note. References to the “*Applicable Final Terms*” mean the Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) incorporated into this Note in relation to a specific issue and following the “*Form of Final Terms*”.

Any reference to “*Noteholders*” or “*holders*” in relation to any Notes shall mean each person shown in the book entry records of a financial institution, which is licensed to act as a financial intermediary under the Portuguese Securities Code (“*Código dos Valores Mobiliários*” or the “*Portuguese Securities Code*”) and the regulations issued by Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários (Portuguese Securities Market Commission, the “**CMVM**”), by Interbolsa – Sociedade

Gestora de Sistemas de Liquidação e de Sistemas Centralizados de Valores Mobiliários, S.A., whose commercial designation is Euronext Securities Porto (“**Interbolsa**”), as operator of the Portuguese centralised securities system (“**CVM**”), or otherwise applicable rules and regulations and which is entitled to hold control accounts (each such institution an “**Affiliate Member of Interbolsa**”), as having an interest in the principal amount of the Notes.

As used herein, “**Tranche**” means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) and “**Series**” means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Agency Agreement are available for viewing during normal business hours at the specified office of the Paying Agent. Copies of the applicable Final Terms are available for viewing and obtainable during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer and of the Paying Agent save that, if this Note is an unlisted Note of any Series, the applicable Final Terms will only be obtainable by a Noteholder holding one or more unlisted Notes of that Series and such Noteholder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Paying Agent as to its holding of such Notes and identity. The Noteholders are deemed to have notice of, and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms which are applicable to them. The statements in these Terms and Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Agency Agreement.

Words and expressions defined in the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms shall have the same meanings where used in these Terms and Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms, the applicable Final Terms will prevail.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION, TITLE AND TRANSFER

The Notes are represented in dematerialised book entry (*forma escritural*) and registered (*nominativas*), in the currency (“**Specified Currency**”) and denomination (“**Specified Denomination**”)²⁴ as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

This Note is an Undated Deeply Subordinated Note (*perpetual*) as indicated on the applicable Final Terms, with no scheduled maturity date.

This Undated Deeply Subordinated Note may be a Fixed Rate Note (with or without Reset Provisions applicable) or a Floating Rate Note, depending upon the interest basis shown in the applicable Final Terms, subject to the restrictions defined under Condition 4.

References to Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., (“**Euroclear**”) and/or Clearstream Banking, S.A., Luxembourg (“**CBL**”) and/or Interbolsa (as defined above) shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Title to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes held through Interbolsa (each an “**Interbolsa Note**”) will be evidenced by book entries in accordance with the Portuguese Securities Code and the regulations issued by the CMVM, by Interbolsa

²⁴ The minimum denomination of Notes will be, if in euro, EUR 200,000, or if in any currency other than Euro, in an amount in such other currency equal to or exceeding the equivalent of EUR 200,000.

or otherwise applicable thereto. Each person shown in the book entry records of an Affiliate Member of Interbolsa as having an interest in the Notes shall be deemed to be the holder of the principal amount of the Notes recorded.

Title to the Notes is subject to compliance with all rules, restrictions and requirements applicable to the activities of Interbolsa.

One or more certificates in relation to the Notes (each, a “**Certificate**”) will be delivered by the relevant Affiliate Member of Interbolsa in respect of a registered holding of Notes upon the request by the relevant Noteholder and in accordance with that Affiliate Member of Interbolsa's procedures pursuant to Article 78 of the Portuguese Securities Code.

The Notes will be registered in the relevant issue account of the Issuer with Interbolsa and will be held in control accounts opened by each Affiliate Member of Interbolsa on behalf of the Noteholders. The control account of a given Affiliate Member of Interbolsa will reflect at all times the aggregate principal amount of Notes held in the individual securities' accounts of the Noteholders with that Affiliate Member of Interbolsa.

The person or entity registered in the book entry registry of the Central de Valores Mobiliários (the “**Book Entry Registry**”) and each such entry therein, a “**Book Entry**”) as the holder of any Note shall (except as otherwise required by law) be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes (whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any other interest therein).

The Issuer and the Paying Agent may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law) deem and treat the person or entity registered in the Book Entry Registry as the holder of any Note and the absolute owner for all purposes. Proof of such registration is made by means of a Certificate issued by the relevant Affiliate Member of Interbolsa pursuant to Article 78 of the Portuguese Securities Code.

No Noteholder will be able to transfer Notes, or any interest therein, except in accordance with Portuguese law and regulations. Notes may only be transferred in accordance with the applicable procedures established by the Portuguese Securities Code and the regulations issued by the CMVM or Interbolsa, as the case may be, and the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa through which the Notes are held.

2. STATUS OF THE NOTES

(a) Status and Subordination of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes

- (i) The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are direct, unsecured, unguaranteed and, in accordance with paragraph (iv) below, deeply subordinated obligations of the Issuer, and rank and will rank at all times *pari passu* without any preference among themselves.
- (ii) The proceeds of the issue of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be treated for regulatory purposes as additional tier 1 capital instruments of the Issuer, in accordance with the requirement of Article 52 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013, on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (hereinafter “**CRR**”).
- (iii) For the avoidance of doubts, the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes do not contribute to a determination that the liabilities of an institution exceed its assets, where such a determination

constitutes a test of insolvency under the Own Funds Requirements Regulations.

- (iv) If the Issuer becomes the subject of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding, (to the extent permitted by applicable law) the Noteholders of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be entitled to the repayment of the then outstanding nominal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, (being the nominal amount prevailing at the relevant time plus accrued interest, if any, on such nominal amount from and including the Issue Date (if such event occurs in the first Interest Period after the Issue Date) or the preceding Interest Payment Date on which interest was either paid or cancelled pursuant to Condition 4 (if such event occurs after the first Interest Period)), to the extent that there are available funds to this effect after payment to the higher ranking creditors of the Issuer as described below. The claims of the Noteholders against the Issuer in respect of payments of principal and interest (if any) on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will, in the event of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, insolvency or similar proceeding, be subordinated in right of payment in the manner provided herein, and will rank:
 - A. Junior to present or future claims of (a) unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer and (b) subordinated creditors of the Issuer including Tier 2 holders other than the present or future claims of creditors that rank or are expressed to rank *pari passu* with or junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes (“**Senior Creditors**”, which for the avoidance of doubt includes any creditor to whom the Issuer is liable for any “excluded liabilities” under Article 72a(2) of the CRR);
 - B. Senior to holders of Issuer’s Common Equity Tier 1 instruments and any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank junior to the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer, and
 - C. *Pari passu* without any preference among themselves and *pari passu* with (a) the existing Additional Tier 1 Instruments of the Issuer, and (b) any other obligations or capital instruments of the Issuer that rank or are expressed to rank equally with the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer and the right to receive repayment of capital on a liquidation or bankruptcy of the Issuer.

The subordination of the Notes is for the benefit of the Issuer and all Senior Creditors.

No security or guarantee of any kind is, or shall at any time be, provided by the Issuer or any other person securing the rights of the Noteholders.

(b) Loss absorption

(i) Loss Absorption Event

Upon the confirmation that a Capital Ratio Event has occurred, the Issuer shall immediately notify the Relevant Authority of the occurrence of the Capital Ratio Event and, within one month (or other period of time determined by the Relevant Authority) from the confirmation of the occurrence of the relevant Capital Ratio Event, *pro rata* with the other Undated

Deeply Subordinated Notes of the Issuer and any other Loss Absorbing Instruments irrevocably (without the need for the consent of Noteholders) reduce the then Current Principal Amount of each Note by the relevant Write-Down Amount (such reduction being referred to as a “*Write-Down*”, and “*Written Down*” being construed accordingly) (a “**Loss Absorption Event**”) and cancel all interest accrued (but excluding) up to the relevant date on which the relevant Write Down will take effect (whether or not such interest has become due for payment and including any interest scheduled for payment on such date). For avoidance of doubt, if the cancellation of interest pursuant to this Condition would result in an increase in the common equity tier 1 capital ratio of the Issuer, any such increase shall be disregarded for the purposes of calculating such Write-Down Amount in respect of such Capital Ratio Event. In addition, and for the avoidance of doubt, if at any time the Issuer has given notice that it intends to substitute or vary the terms of the Notes and, prior to the date of such substitution or variation, a Capital Event occurs, the relevant substitution or variation notice shall not be automatically rescinded, notwithstanding that a Write Down of the Notes will occur in accordance with the terms of this Condition.

A Loss Absorption Notice to Noteholders (with such content as provided in the definition of “**Loss Absorption Notice**” below) shall be given by the Issuer with not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11 and to the Relevant Authority. Failure or delay by the Issuer to deliver a notice to the Noteholders will not affect the validity or enforceability of any Write Down or give Noteholders any rights as a result of such failure or delay, and shall not constitute a default by the Issuer under the Notes or for any purpose.

For the avoidance of doubt, no write-down of Notes in accordance with the Conditions will constitute any event of default.

A “**Capital Ratio Event**” will be deemed to occur if at any time the Issuer’s consolidated or individual common equity tier 1 capital ratio, as defined in the Own Funds Requirements Regulations, falls below 5.125 per cent. (or such other percentage specified on the issue date of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in the applicable Final Terms, in accordance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations) as determined at any time by the Issuer and/or the Relevant Authority.

“**Write-Down Amount**” means, on any Loss Absorption Effective Date, the amount by which the then Current Principal Amount of each outstanding Note is to be Written Down on such date, being the minimum of:

- (1) the amount (together with the Write-Down of the other Notes and the write-down or, as the case may be, the conversion of any Loss Absorbing Instruments) that would be sufficient to cure the Capital Ratio Event; or
- (2) if that Write-Down (together with the Write-Down of the other Notes and the write down or, as the case may be, the conversion of any Loss Absorbing Instruments) would be insufficient to cure the Capital Ratio Event, or the Capital Ratio Event is not capable of being cured, the amount necessary to reduce the Current Principal Amount of the Note to one cent.

“**Loss Absorbing Instrument**” means, at any time, any instrument (other than the Notes) issued directly or indirectly by the Issuer which (a) qualifies as Additional Tier 1 capital of the Issuer and which has terms pursuant to which all or some of its principal amount may be written down (whether on a permanent or temporary basis) or converted into equity (in each case in accordance with its conditions) on the occurrence, or as a result, of a trigger set by reference to the common

equity tier 1 capital ratio of the Issuer falling below a specific threshold, and (b) also has all or some of its principal amount written-down on the occurrence, or as a result, of a Capital Ratio Event.

For the avoidance of doubt, reduction(s) of Current Principal Amount of the Notes, in accordance with the foregoing, is only dependent on the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event, in accordance with the above terms, and is not subject to any prior, simultaneous or subsequent conversion or writing down of any other liabilities or instruments of the Issuer.

(ii) *Consequences of a Loss Absorption Event*

A Loss Absorption Event may occur on more than one occasion and the Notes may be Written Down on more than one occasion. For the avoidance of doubt, the principal amount of a Note may never be reduced to below one cent.

Following the giving of a Loss Absorption Notice which specifies a Write-Down of the Notes, the Issuer shall procure that:

- (1) a similar notice is, or has been, given in respect of other Loss Absorbing Instruments (in accordance with their terms); and
- (2) the principal amount of each series of Loss Absorbing Instruments outstanding with a similar loss absorption mechanism (if any) is written down on a *pro rata* basis with the Current Principal Amount of the Notes as soon as reasonably practicable following the giving of such Loss Absorption Notice.

“Loss Absorption Notice” means a notice which specifies that a Capital Ratio Event has occurred, the Write-Down Amount and the Loss Absorption Effective Date. Any Loss Absorption Notice must be accompanied by a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer stating that the relevant Capital Ratio Event has occurred and setting out the method of calculation of the relevant Write-Down Amount. If the relevant Write-Down Amount has not been determined when the Loss Absorption Notice is given, the Issuer shall, as soon as reasonably practicable following such determination, notify the Noteholders of the Write-Down Amount in accordance with Condition 11 (*Notices*). If at any time the Issuer has given a Loss Absorption Notice, the Issuer shall not subsequently give a notice that it intends to redeem, substitute or vary the Notes until after the relevant Write-Down Amount has been implemented and if such notice has already been given prior to a Loss Absorption Notice it shall be deemed revoked, null and void and of no effect upon the giving of such Loss Absorption Notice.

For avoidance of any doubt, upon the occurrence of any Write-Down (i) the claim of the holders of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in the insolvency or liquidation of the Issuer; (ii) the amount required to be paid by the Issuer in the event of call or redemption of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes; and (iii) the payment of interest (if any) on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, will be calculated based on the Current Principal Amount of each outstanding Undated Deeply Subordinated Note at the time of that claim or payment. To the extent that the Issuer is unable to write down or convert any Loss Absorbing Instruments as aforesaid, any Write-Down Amount determined in accordance with the definition of Write Down Amount will be calculated on the basis that such Loss Absorbing Instruments are not available to be written down or converted, and accordingly the relevant Write-Down Amount so determined will be higher than it would otherwise have been if such Loss Absorbing Instruments had been available to be written down or converted. To the extent that other Loss Absorbing Instruments can only be written down or converted into equity in full, it shall be assumed, for the purposes of calculating the amount of any Write-Down Amount of the Notes on a *pro rata* basis with

such other Loss Absorbing Instruments, that the latter can be written down or converted into equity in part, and accordingly the relevant Write-Down Amount determined in respect of the Notes may be higher than it would otherwise have been if such assumption was not made.

(iii) *Return to Financial Health*

Subject to compliance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations, if a positive Consolidated Net Income is recorded at any time while the Current Principal Amount is less than the Original Principal Amount (a “**Return to Financial Health**”), the Issuer may, at its full discretion and subject to:

- (i) not being subject to the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event;
- (ii) not being subject to the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event as a consequence of exercising the Reinstatement; and
- (iii) the Maximum Distributable Amount (when aggregated together with other Relevant Distributions, being distributions on any other Tier 1 capital instruments and any other payments which at the relevant time are subject to a Maximum Distributable Amount restriction) not being exceeded thereby, increase the Current Principal Amount of each Note (a “**Reinstatement**”) up to a maximum of the Original Principal Amount, on a pro rata basis with the other Notes and with any other Discretionary Temporary Write-Down Instruments, provided that the sum of:
 - (1) the aggregate amount of the relevant Reinstatement on all the Notes;
 - (2) the aggregate amount of previous Reinstatements on all the Notes; and
 - (3) the aggregate amount of any Interest Amounts (or portion of an Interest Amount) on the Notes that were calculated or paid on the basis of a Current Principal Amount lower than the Original Principal Amount at any time after the end of the previous financial year,

does not exceed the Maximum Write-Up Amount. For the avoidance of doubt, this calculation shall be made at the moment when the write-up is operated.

The “**Maximum Write-Up Amount**” means the lower of (i) the Individual Net Income and (ii) the Consolidated Net Income, multiplied by the result of the division between the aggregate issued principal amount (before any write down) of all Written Down Additional Tier 1 Instruments and the total tier 1 capital of the Issuer as at the date of the relevant Reinstatement.

The Issuer will not reinstate the principal amount of any Discretionary Temporary Write-Down Instruments unless it does so on a *pro rata* basis with a Reinstatement on the Notes.

Reinstatement may be made on one or more occasions in accordance with this Condition 2 (b) (iii) until the Current Principal Amount of the Notes has been reinstated to the Original Principal Amount (save in the event of occurrence of another Loss Absorption Event) and such Reinstatement shall not be operated whilst a Capital Ratio Event has occurred and is continuing and shall not result in the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event.

The Issuer has no obligation to operate or accelerate a Reinstatement upon specific circumstances. Any decision by the Issuer to effect or not to effect any Reinstatement pursuant to this Condition 2 (b) (iii) on any occasion shall not preclude it from effecting or not effecting any Reinstatement on any other occasion pursuant to this Condition.

If the Issuer decides to effect a Reinstatement pursuant to this Condition 2 (b) (iii), notice of any Return to Financial Health and the amount of Reinstatement (as a percentage of the Original Principal Amount of a Note) shall be given to holders in accordance with Condition 11. Such notice shall be given at least seven Business Days prior to the date on which the relevant Reinstatement becomes effective.

For the avoidance of doubt, the absence of any write-up of Notes will not constitute, in any circumstances whatsoever, any event of default.

(c) Conversion

Instead, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, to Condition 2(b) above, if a Capital Ratio Event occurs the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be converted into common equity tier 1 capital instruments of the Issuer within one month (or other period of time determined by the Relevant Authority) from the confirmation of the occurrence of the relevant Capital Ratio Event, in accordance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations and subject to a resolution by the general meeting of shareholders of the Issuer and any other applicable corporate actions or resolutions, and to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, as well as the approval of a supplement to this Base Prospectus, setting out the specific conditions of such conversion, pursuant to the Own Funds Requirements Regulations.

For the avoidance of doubt, conversion(s) of Notes, in accordance with the foregoing, is only dependent on the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event, in accordance with the above terms, and is not subject to any prior, simultaneous, or subsequent conversion or writing down of any other liabilities of the Issuer.

A conversion notice to Noteholders (in accordance with Condition 11) and to the Relevant Authority should be given by the Issuer, but failure to provide such notice will not in any way on the effectiveness of, or otherwise invalidate, any conversion or give Noteholders any rights as a result of such failure or delay, and shall not constitute a default by the Issuer under the Notes or to any purpose.

For the avoidance of doubt, no conversion of Notes in accordance with the Conditions will constitute any event of default.

(d) Definitions

For the purpose of Conditions 2 and 4:

- (i) “**Additional Tier 1**” has the respective meaning given to it under the CRR, as amended from time to time;
- (ii) “**Additional Tier 1 Instrument**” has the respective meaning given to it under the CRR, as amended from time to time
- (iii) “**Common Equity Tier 1 Instrument**” has the respective meaning given to it under the CRR, as amended from time to time;

- (iv) **“Consolidated Net Income”** means the consolidated net income (excluding minority interests) of the Issuer, as calculated and set out in the last audited annual consolidated accounts of the Issuer adopted by the Issuer's shareholders' general meeting;
- (v) **“Current Principal Amount”** means in respect of each Note, at any time, the outstanding principal amount of such Note being the Original Principal Amount of such Note as such amount may be reduced, on one or more occasions, pursuant to the application of the loss absorption mechanism and/or reinstated on one or more occasions following a Return to Financial Health, as the case may be, as such terms are defined in, and pursuant to, Conditions 2(b)(i) and 2(b)(iii), respectively, and/or as such amount may be reduced, on one or more occasions, pursuant to any write-down or conversion imposed by the Relevant Resolution Authority pursuant to any Bail-in Power;
- (vi) **“Discretionary Temporary Write-Down Instrument”** means at any time any instrument (other than the Notes and the ordinary shares of the Issuer) issued directly or indirectly by the Issuer which at such time (a) qualifies as tier 1 capital of the Issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries, in accordance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations; (b) has had all or some of its principal amount written-down; (c) has terms providing for a reinstatement of its principal amount upon a Return to Financial Health at the Issuer's discretion; and (d) is not subject to any transitional arrangements under the Own Funds Requirements Regulations;
- (vii) **“Distributable Items”** means (subject as otherwise defined in the Own Funds Requirements Regulations from time to time), in relation to an Interest Amount otherwise scheduled to be paid on an Interest Payment Date, the amount of the profits of the Issuer at the end of the financial year immediately preceding that Interest Payment Date plus (i) any profits brought forward and reserves available for that purpose before distributions to holders of the Issuer's own funds instruments (not including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Tier 2 capital instruments) less (ii) any losses brought forward, profits which are non-distributable pursuant to provisions in legislation or the Issuer's by-laws and sums placed to non-distributable reserves, those profits, losses and reserves being determined on the basis of the individual accounts of the Issuer and not on the basis of its consolidated accounts;
- (viii) **“Individual Net Income”** means the individual net income (excluding minority interests) of the Issuer, as calculated and set out in the last audited annual individual accounts of the Issuer adopted by the Issuer's shareholders' general meeting;
- (ix) **“Loss Absorption Effective Date”** means the date that will be specified as such in any Loss Absorption Notice;
- (x) **“Loss Absorbing Instrument”** means, at any time, any instrument (other than the Notes) issued directly or indirectly by the Issuer which (a) qualifies as Additional Tier 1 capital of the Issuer and which has terms pursuant to which all or some of its principal amount may be written down (whether on a permanent or temporary basis) or converted into equity (in each case in accordance with its conditions) on the occurrence, or as a result, of a trigger set by reference to the common equity tier 1 capital ratio of the Issuer falling below a specific threshold, and (b) also has all or some of its principal amount written-down on the occurrence, or as a result, of a Capital Ratio Event;

- (xi) **“Maximum Distributable Amount”** means any maximum distributable amount relating to the Issuer required to be calculated in accordance with the Articles 138-AA and 138-AB of the RGICSF, which implement Article 141 of CRD IV or any analogous payment restrictions arising in respect of capital buffers under the Own Funds Requirements Regulations or the BRRD including, for the avoidance of doubt, any payment restrictions arising under CRR 2, CRD V or BRRD 2 (as defined below);
- (xii) **“Original Principal Amount”** means, in respect of each Note, the amount of the denomination of such Note on the Issue Date, not taking into account any Write-Down or Reinstatement pursuant to Conditions 2(b)(i) and 2(b)(ii).
- (xiii) **“Own Funds Requirements Regulations”** means, at any given time, all regulations, requirements, directions and policies then in force relating to own funds requirements, including CRD IV, as implemented in Portugal from time to time and CRR, and any such regulations, requirements, directions and policies, issued by the Relevant Authority, as may be applicable in the future specifically to the Issuer;
- (xiv) **“Tier 2”** has the respective meaning given to it under the CRR, as amended from time to time.

For the avoidance of doubt, when used in these Conditions, any reference to CRR, CRD IV and BRRD includes in each case any past or (if applicable) future amendments to CRR, Directive 2013/36/EU (the **“CRD IV”**) and Directive 2014/59/EU (the **“BRRD”**) since its respective publication, including, as respectively applicable, by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 (the **“CRR 2”**), by Directive (EU) 2019/878 (the **“CRD V”**) and by Directive (EU) 2019/879 (the **“BRRD 2”**).

If for any reason the Issuer is unable to effect the concurrent write down or conversion of any Loss Absorbing Instruments within the period required by the Relevant Authority, the Notes will be Written Down or converted, as applicable, notwithstanding that the relevant Loss Absorbing Instruments are not also written down or converted.

Condition 2 describes the legal and regulatory regime applicable to Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes and accordingly the provisions of Condition are subject to any changes in that legal and regulatory regime.

Additionally, as a result of applicable laws or regulations, including any EU Directive or Regulation, establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions (namely the BRRD), and any implementation thereof into Portugal, the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be mandatorily written-down or converted into more subordinated instruments, including ordinary shares of the Issuer. For the avoidance of doubt, the potential write-down or conversion in connection with such framework is separate and distinct from a write-down or conversion following a Capital Ratio Event, although these events may occur consecutively.

In accordance with article 145-I of the RGICSF and the BRRD, the resolution authority may, in the exercise of its powers, and subject to the conditions therein, including to restore the credit institution’s viability, (a) reduce (up to zero) the nominal amount of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes or (b) convert them to ordinary shares of the Issuer.

3. NEGATIVE PLEDGE

There is no negative pledge in respect of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

4. INTEREST AND INTEREST CANCELLATION

Any payment of interest on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be made subject to the provisions of this Condition 4 and will be subject to a full discretionary decision of the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Issuer, as the case may be. If the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Issuer, as the case may be, decides not to make any payment on any Interest Payment Date, the amount of such interest payment will not be due, and will be forfeited. Distributions under the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are paid out of Distributable Items of the Issuer and the Issuer has full discretion at all times to cancel the payments, for an unlimited period and on a non cumulative basis, as defined below.

Payments on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will accrue on the basis of the Current Principal Amount.

Any accrued but unpaid interest up to (and including) a Capital Ratio Event, if this takes place, shall be automatically cancelled, even if no notice of interest cancellation has been given to that effect. For the avoidance of doubt, any accrued but unpaid interest from the Capital Ratio Event up to the Loss Absorption Effective Date shall also be automatically cancelled, even if no notice of interest cancellation has been given to that effect.

The Issuer may use such cancelled interest without restrictions to meet its obligations as they fall due. The cancellation of interest by the Issuer does not impose any restriction on the Issuer.

(a) *Interest on Fixed Rate Notes*

Subject to Condition 4(d), each Fixed Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the interest commencement date (i.e. the Issue Date of the Notes or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms and hereinafter “**Interest Commencement Date**”) at a specific rate of interest (i.e. the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) payable in respect of the Notes specified in the relevant Final Terms or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of these conditions and/or the relevant Final Terms, hereinafter “**Rate of Interest**”). Subject to Condition 4(d), interest will be payable in arrears on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year. Interest will be paid to Interbolsa for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures.

As used in these Terms and Conditions:

“**Fixed Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date.

If interest is required to be calculated for a period other than a Fixed Interest Period, such interest shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to the full nominal amount outstanding of the Fixed Rate Notes and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention.

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 4(a):

- (i) if “*Actual/Actual (ICMA Rule 251)*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the

Accrual Period (as defined below) divided by the number of days in the Fixed Interest Period;

- (ii) if “*Actual/Actual (ICMA)*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms;
 - (a) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the “**Accrual Period**”) is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; or
 - (b) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - (1) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - (2) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year;
- (iii) if “*30/360*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with twelve 30-day months) divided by 360; and
- (iv) if “*1/1*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, 1.

(b) *Reset Provisions on Fixed Rate Notes*

These provisions are applicable to the Notes only if Reset Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable:

- (i) Each Fixed Rate Reset Note bears interest (a) from (and including) the interest commencement date (i.e. the Issue Date of the Notes or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms and hereinafter “**Interest Commencement Date**”) to (but excluding) the First Reset Date at the rate per annum equal to the Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date; (b) from (and including) the First Reset Date until (but excluding) the Second Reset Date at the rate per annum equal to the First Reset Rate of Interest; and (c) for each subsequent interest period thereafter (if any), at the rate per annum equal to the relevant Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest, payable in each case, in arrears on the Interest Payment Date(s) so specified in the relevant Final Terms.
- (ii) If on any Reset Determination Date the Relevant Screen Page is not available or the Mid-Swap Rate does not

appear on the Relevant Screen Page, the Calculation Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with its Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as at approximately 12 (noon) in the Relevant Financial Centre of the Specified Currency on the Reset Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with Mid- Market Swap Rate Quotations, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) for the relevant Reset Period shall be the sum of the arithmetic mean (rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards)) of the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotations and the First Margin or Subsequent Margin (as applicable), all as determined by the Calculation Agent. If on any Reset Determination Date only one or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with a Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation as provided in the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the First Reset Rate of Interest or the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest (as applicable) shall be determined to be the Rate of Interest as at the last preceding Reset Date or, in the case of the first Reset Determination Date, the First Reset Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest before the First Reset Date.

For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

“Determination Date” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms;

“Determination Period” means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to but excluding the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date);

“First Margin” means the margin specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“First Reset Date” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“First Reset Period” means the period from (and including) the First Reset Date until (but excluding) the Second Reset Date or, if no such Second Reset Date is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Maturity Date;

“First Reset Rate of Interest” means, in respect of the First Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date as the sum of the relevant Mid-Swap Rate and the First Margin;

“Mid-Swap Maturity” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Mid-Market Swap Rate” means for any Reset Period the mean of the bid and offered rates for the fixed leg payable with a frequency equivalent to the frequency with which scheduled interest payments are payable on the Notes during the relevant Reset Period (calculated on the day count basis customary for fixed rate payments in the Specified Currency, such day count basis as determined by the Calculation Agent) of a fixed for floating interest rate swap transaction in the Specified Currency which transaction (i) has a term equal to the relevant Reset Period and commencing on the relevant Reset Date, (ii) is in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market and (iii) has a floating leg based on the Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate for the Mid-Swap Maturity (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) (calculated on the day count

basis customary for floating rate payments in the Specified Currency, such day count basis as determined by the Calculation Agent);

“Mid-Market Swap Rate Quotation” means a quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the relevant Mid-Market Swap Rate;

“Mid-Swap Floating Leg Benchmark Rate” means the rate as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Mid-Swap Rate” means, in relation to a Reset Determination Date and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), either:

- (a) if Single Mid-Swap Rate is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the rate for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - i. with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and
 - ii. commencing on the relevant Reset Date,which appears on the Relevant Screen Page; or
- (b) if Mean Mid-Swap Rate is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the arithmetic mean (expressed as a percentage rate per annum and rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001 per cent. (0.0005 per cent. being rounded upwards)) of the bid and offered swap rate quotations for swaps in the Specified Currency:
 - i. with a term equal to the relevant Reset Period; and
 - ii. commencing on the relevant Reset Date,which appear on the Relevant Screen Page,

in either case, as at approximately 11.00 a.m. in the Relevant Financial Centre of the Specified Currency on such Reset Determination Date, all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Banks” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms or, if none, four major banks in the swap, money, securities or other market most closely connected with the relevant Mid-Swap Rate as selected by the Issuer on the advice of an investment bank of international repute;

“Relevant Screen Page” means the page specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Reset Date” means the First Reset Date, the Second Reset Date and each Subsequent Reset Date (as applicable), in each case as adjusted (if so specified in the relevant Final terms) in accordance with Condition 4 as if the relevant Reset Date was an Interest Payment Date;

“Reset Determination Date” means, in respect of the First Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the First Reset Date, in respect of the first Subsequent Reset Period, the second Business Day prior to the Second Reset Date and, in respect of each Subsequent Reset Period thereafter, the second Business Day prior to the first day of each such Subsequent Reset Period, or in each case as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Reset Note” means a Note on which interest is calculated at reset rates payable in arrear on a fixed date or dates in each year and/or at intervals of one, two, three, six or 12 months or at such other date or intervals as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant dealer(s) (as indicated in the relevant Final Terms);

“**Reset Period**” means the First Reset Period or a Subsequent Reset Period, as the case may be;

“**Second Reset Date**” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Margin**” means the margin specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Reset Date**” means the date or dates specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Subsequent Reset Period**” means the period from (and including) the Second Reset Date to (but excluding) the next Subsequent Reset Date, and each successive period from (and including) a Subsequent Reset Date to (but excluding) the next succeeding Subsequent Reset Date;

“**Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest**” means, in respect of any Subsequent Reset Period and subject to Condition 4(b)(ii), the rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent on the relevant Reset Determination Date as the sum of the relevant Mid-Swap Rate and the relevant Subsequent Margin. For avoidance of doubt, if the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest is a floating interest provisions regarding Floating Rate Notes shall apply and if the Subsequent Reset Rate of Interest is a fixed interest provisions regarding Fixed Rate Notes shall apply; and

“**sub-unit**” means, with respect to any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, with respect to euro, means one cent.

(b) Interest on Floating Rate Notes

(i) Interest Payment Dates

Subject to Condition 4(d), each Floating Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and such interest will be payable in arrears on either:

- (A) the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year specified in the applicable Final Terms; or
- (B) if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms, each date (each such date, together with each Specified Interest Payment Date, an “*Interest Payment Date*”) which falls the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Subject to Condition 4(d), interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period (which expression shall, in these Terms and Conditions, mean the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or the first) Interest Payment Date). Interest will be calculated on the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes (if applicable in accordance with Condition 2(b)) and will be paid to Interbolsa for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures.

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- (1) in any case where Specified Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 4(i)(2)(B), the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (i) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (B) below shall apply *mutatis mutandis* or (ii) in the case of (y) above,

shall be postponed to the next Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (A) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (B) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or

- (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next Business Day; or the Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or
- (3) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In these Terms and Conditions,

“Business Day” means a day which is both:

- (A) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London, Lisbon and each Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (B) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency or (2) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (T2) System (the **“T2 System”**) is open.

“Business Day Convention”, in relation to any particular date, has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms and, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, may have different meanings in relation to different dates and, in this context, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

- (1) **“Following Business Day Convention”** means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following Business Day;
- (2) **“Modified Following (Adjusted) Business Day Convention”** or **“Modified Business Day Convention”** means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month in which case that date will be the first preceding Business Day;
- (3) **“Preceding Business Day Convention”** means that the relevant date shall be brought forward to the first preceding Business Day;
- (ii) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(A) *ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as a rate equal to the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), provided that in circumstances where under the ISDA Definitions the Calculation Agent would be required to exercise any discretion, including the selection of any reference banks and seeking quotations from reference banks, when calculation the relevant ISDA Rate, the relevant determination(s) which require the Calculation Agent to exercise its discretion shall instead be made by the Issuer or its designee. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “**ISDA Rate**” for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating (i) if “2006 ISDA Definitions” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as published by ISDA and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes; or (ii) if “2021 ISDA Definitions” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the latest version of the 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions (including each Matrix (and any successor Matrix thereto), as defined in such 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions) as published by ISDA on its website (www.isda.org) as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes (together, the ISDA Definitions) and under which:

- (1) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
- (2) the Designated Maturity (if any) is a period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (3) the relevant Reset Date is either (i) if the applicable Floating Rate Option is based on the Euro-zone inter-bank offered rate (“**EURIBOR**”), the first day of that Interest Period or (ii) in any other case, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “*Floating Rate*”, “*Calculation Agent*”, “*Floating Rate Option*”, “*Designated Maturity*” and “*Reset Date*” have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

“*Margin*” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms, the Minimum Rate of Interest shall be deemed to be zero.

(B) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes, referencing EURIBOR*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (1) the offered quotation; or
- (2) the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the third decimal place, with 0.0005 being rounded upwards or, if the Reference Rate is not EURIBOR, to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate (EURIBOR, as specified in the applicable Final Terms) which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable

Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

In these Conditions:

“Reference Banks” means, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, selected by the Issuer acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, and by reference to such sources as it deems appropriate.

The Agency Agreement contains provisions for determining the Rate of Interest in the event that the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if, in the case of (1) above, no such offered quotation appears or, in the case of (2) above, fewer than three such offered quotations appear, in each case as at the time specified in the preceding paragraph.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being other than EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided in the applicable Final Terms.

(C) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes, referencing SONIA*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is SONIA, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, as provided below, be Compounded Daily SONIA, where:

- (A) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SONIA Compounded Daily”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SONIA plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upward.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“Compounded Daily SONIA” means with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment in Sterling during the Observation Period corresponding to such Interest Period (with the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (“SONIA”), as reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Calculation Agent as at the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows, and the resulting percentage will be rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded up:

- (x) If “Lag” or “Lock-out” is specified on the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i - pLBD \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}; \text{ or}$$

- (y) if “Shift” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SONIA_i \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

“**d**” is, for any Observation Period, the number of calendar days in such Observation Period;

“**d₀**” is, for any Observation Period, the number of London Banking Days in such Observation Period; “**i**” is, for any Observation Period, a series of whole numbers from one to d₀, each representing the relevant London Banking Day in chronological order from, and including, the first London Banking Day in such Observation Period to, and including, the last London Banking Day in such Observation Period;

“**Interest Determination Date**” means, in respect of any Interest Period, the date falling p London Banking Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling p London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes are due and payable);

“**Lock-out Period**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from and including the day following the Interest Determination Date to, but excluding, the Interest Period End Date falling at the end of such Interest Period;

“**London Banking Day or LBD**” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“**n_i**”, for any London Banking Day “**i**” in the relevant Observation Period, means the number of calendar days from and including such London Banking Day “**i**” up to but excluding the following London Banking Day;

“**Observation Period**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from and including the date falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (and the first Interest Period shall begin on and include the Interest Commencement Date) and ending on, but excluding, the date falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the Interest Payment Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “p” London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, in any, on which the Notes become due and payable);

“**p**” means, for any Interest Period, the number of London Banking Days by which an Observation Period precedes an Interest Period, as specified in the applicable Final Terms (or, if no such number is specified, five London Banking Days);

“**Reference Day**” means each London Banking Day in the relevant Interest Period that is not a London Banking Day falling in the Lock-out Period;

the “**SONIA reference rate**” means, in respect of any London Banking Day, a reference rate equal to the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) rate for such London Banking Day as provided by the administrator of SONIA to authorised distributors and as then published on the Relevant Screen Page or, if

the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, as otherwise published by such authorised distributors (in each case on the London Banking Day immediately following such London Banking Day); and

“**SONIA_i**” means, in respect of any London Banking Day “i”:

- (x) if “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the SONIA reference rate in respect of pLBD in respect of such London Banking Day; or
- (y) if “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms:
 - 1) in respect of any London Banking Dayi that is a Reference Day, the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such Reference Day; otherwise
 - 2) the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding the Interest Determination Date for the relevant Interest Period;
- (z) if “Shift” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the SONIA reference rate for such London Banking Dayi; and

“**SONIA_{i-pLBD}**” means:

- (x) if “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of a London Banking Dayi, SONIA_i in respect of the London Banking Day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to such London Banking Dayi (pLBD); or
- (y) if “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of a London Banking Dayi, SONIA_i in respect of such London Banking Dayi

- (B) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SONIA Index Compounded Daily”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SONIA Index plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“**Compounded Daily SONIA Index**” means with respect to an Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment in Sterling (with the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) as a reference rate for the calculation of interest) by reference to the screen rate or index for compounded daily SONIA rates administered by the administrator of the SONIA reference rate that is published or displayed by such administrator or other information service from time to time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, as further specified in the applicable Final Terms (the “**SONIA Compounded Index**”) and will be calculated as follows:

$$\left(\frac{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{end}}{SONIA\ Compounded\ Index_{start}} - 1 \right) \times \frac{365}{d}$$

Where, in each case:

“**d**” is the number of calendar days from (and including) the day in relation to which SONIA Compounded IndexStart is determined to (but excluding) the day in relation to which SONIA Compounded IndexEnd is determined;

“**London Banking Day**” or “**LBD**” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

“**p**” means five London Banking Days or such greater number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Compounded IndexStart**” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index determined in relation to the day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period; and

“**SONIA Compounded IndexEnd**” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the SONIA Compounded Index determined in relation to the day falling “p” London Banking Days prior to the Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period (or the date falling “p” London Banking Days prior to such earlier date, if any, on which the Notes become due and payable).

- (C) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SONIA Weighted Average”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Weighted Average SONIA plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the Interest Determination Date and the resulting percentage being rounded (if necessary) to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of the Conditions:

“**Weighted Average SONIA**” means:

- (x) where “Lag” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the sum of the SONIA reference rate in respect of each calendar day during the relevant Observation Period divided by the number of calendar days during such Observation Period. For these purposes, the SONIA reference rate in respect of any calendar day which is not a London Banking Day shall be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such calendar day; or
- (y) where “Lock-out” is specified as the Observation Method in the applicable Final Terms, the sum of the SONIA reference rate in respect of each calendar day during the relevant Interest Period divided by the number of calendar days in the relevant Interest Period, provided that, for any calendar day of such Interest Period falling in the Lock-out Period for the relevant Interest Period, the SONIA reference rate for such calendar day will be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding the first day of such Lock-out Period. For these purposes, the SONIA reference rate in respect of any calendar day which is not a London Banking Day shall, subject to the

preceding proviso, be deemed to be the SONIA reference rate in respect of the London Banking Day immediately preceding such calendar day.

- (D) Where the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period is calculated in accordance with Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)(B) above, if the relevant SONIA Compounded Index is not published or displayed by the administrator of the SONIA reference rate or other information service by 5.00 p.m. (London time) (or, if later, by the time falling one hour after the customary or scheduled time for publication thereof in accordance with the then-prevailing operational procedures of the administrator of the SONIA reference rate or of such other information service, as the case may be) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Rate of Interest shall be calculated for the Interest Period for which the SONIA Compounded Index is not available in accordance with Condition 4(c)(ii)(C)(A) above and for these purposes the “Observation Method” shall be deemed to be “Shift.
- (E) If, in respect of any London Banking Day, the Calculation Agent determines that the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or has not otherwise been published by the relevant authorised distributors, such SONIA reference rate shall be:
- (i) (a) the Bank of England’s Bank Rate (the Bank Rate) prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Banking Day; plus (b) the arithmetic mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five London Banking Days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or
 - (ii) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors) for the first preceding London Banking Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of the Bank of England publishing guidance as to (a) how the SONIA reference is to be determined or (b) any rate that is to replace the SONIA reference rate, the Calculation Agent, as applicable, shall follow such guidance to determine the SONIA reference rate for so long as the SONIA reference is not available or has not been published by the authorised distributors.

If, in respect of any London Business Day in the relevant Observation Period, the Calculation Agent determines that the SONIA reference rate is not available on the Relevant Screen Page or has not otherwise been published by the relevant authorised distributors, such SONIA reference rate shall be:

- (A) (I) the Bank of England’s Bank Rate (the Bank Rate) prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Banking Day; plus (II) the mean of the spread of the SONIA reference rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five London Banking Days on which the SONIA reference rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate, or

- (B) if such Bank Rate is not available, the SONIA reference rate published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors) for the first preceding London Business Day on which the SONIA reference rate was published on the Relevant Screen Page (or otherwise published by the relevant authorised distributors).

If the Interest Rate cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Condition, the Interest Rate shall be (A) that determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period) or (B) if there is no such preceding Interest Determination Date, the initial Interest Rate which would have been applicable to the Notes for the first Interest Period had the Notes been in issue for a period equal in duration to the scheduled first Interest Period but ending on (and excluding) the Interest Commencement Date (but applying the Margin applicable to the first Interest Period).

If the relevant Series of Notes become due and payable in accordance with Condition 9, the final Interest Determination Date shall, notwithstanding the definition specified above, be deemed to be the date on which such Notes became due and payable and the Rate of Interest on such Notes shall, for so long as any such Note remains outstanding, be that determined on such date.

(D) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes referencing SOFR

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined and the applicable Final Terms specify that the Reference Rate is SOFR, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, as provided below, be calculated in accordance with the following Conditions:

- (A) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SOFR Arithmetic Mean”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the SOFR Arithmetic Mean plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent as at the relevant Interest Determination Date, as follows, and the resulting percentage will be rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.
- (B) Where the Calculation Method is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “SOFR Compound”, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the Compounded Daily SOFR on the relevant Interest Determination Date plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Calculation Agent with the resulting percentage being rounded, if necessary, to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards.

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the Conditions:

“**Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page**” means the Bloomberg screen designated “SOFRRATE” or any successor page or service;

“**Compounded Daily SOFR**” means with respect to an Interest Period, an amount equal to the rate of return for each calendar day during the Interest Period, compounded daily, calculated by the Calculation Agent on the Interest Determination Date, as follows:

(a) if “SOFR Compound with Lookback” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i - pUSBD \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“**d**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of calendar days in such Interest Period;

“**d0**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**i**” means a series of whole numbers from one to d0, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“**Lookback Period**” or **p** means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**ni**” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi, the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“**SOFRi**” means, in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi, the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day; and

“**SOFRi-pUSBD**” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi, SOFRi in respect of the U.S. Government Securities Business Day falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Lookback Period prior to such U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi (pUSBD), provided that, unless SOFR Cut-Off Date is specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, SOFRi in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi in the period from, and including, the SOFR Cut-Off Date to, but excluding, the next occurring Interest Period End Date, will be SOFRi in respect of the SOFR Cut-Off Date for such Interest Period

(b) if “SOFR Compound with Observation Period Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i - \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“**d**” means, in respect of an Observation Period, the number of calendar days in such Observation Period;

“**d0**” means, in respect of an Observation Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Observation Period;

“**i**” means a series of whole numbers from one to d0, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities

Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Observation Period;

“**ni**” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i, the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Day;

“**Observation Period**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the period from, and including, the date falling the number of Observation Shift Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period and ending on, but excluding, the date that is the number of Observation Shift Days prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period

“**Observation Shift Days**” means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

“**SOFR_i**” means, in respect of each U.S. Government Securities Business Day_i, the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day.

(c) if “SOFR Compound with Payment Delay” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{SOFR_i \times n_i}{360} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{d};$$

where:

“**d**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of calendar days in such Interest Period;

“**d0**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**i**” means a series of whole numbers from one to d0, each representing the relevant U.S. Government Securities Business Days in chronological order from, and including, the first U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

“**Interest Period End Dates**” shall have the meaning specified in the applicable Final Terms; Interest Payment Dates shall be the dates occurring the number of Business Days equal to the Interest Payment Delay following each Interest Period End Date; provided that the Interest Payment Date with respect to the final Interest Period will be the Maturity Date or, if the Notes are to be redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, such earlier date on which the Notes become due and payable;

“**Interest Payment Delay**” means the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Interest Determination Date**” shall be the Interest Period End Date at the end of each Interest Period; provided that the Interest Determination Date with respect to the final Interest Period will be the SOFR Cut-Off Date;

“**ni**” means, in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi the number of calendar days from, and including, such U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi up to, but excluding, the following U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi; and

“**SOFRi**” means, for any U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi in the relevant Interest Period, the SOFR in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Dayi.

For purposes of calculating SOFR Compound with Payment Delay with respect to the final Interest Period, the level of SOFR for each U.S. Government Securities Business Day in the period from and including the SOFR Cut-Off Date to but excluding the Maturity Date or any earlier date on which the Notes become due and payable, as applicable, shall be the level of SOFR in respect of such SOFR Cut-Off Date.

(d) if “SOFR Index with Observation Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(\frac{SOFR \times Index_{Final}}{SOFR \times Index_{Initial}} \right) - 1 \right] \times \frac{360}{dc};$$

where:

“**dc**” means, in respect of each Interest Period, the number of calendar days in the relevant Interest Period;

“**Interest Period End Dates**” shall have the meaning specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**Observation Shift Days**” means five U.S. Government Securities Business Days or such larger number of days as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“**SOFR Index**” means with respect to any U.S. Government Securities Business Day, (i) the SOFR Index value as published by the NY Federal Reserve as such index appears on the NY Federal Reserve's Website at the SOFR Determination Time; or (ii) if the SOFR Index specified in (i) above does not so appear, unless both a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred, the SOFR Index as published in respect of the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day for which the SOFR Index was published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website;

“**SOFR IndexFinal**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the value of the SOFR Index on the date falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Observation Shift Days prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period;

“**SOFR IndexInitial**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, the value of the SOFR Index on the date falling the number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days equal to the Observation Shift Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, the Interest Commencement Date);

“**NY Federal Reserve**” means the Federal Reserve Bank of New York;

“**NY Federal Reserve's Website**” means the website of the NY Federal Reserve, currently at www.newyorkfed.org, or any successor website of the NY Federal Reserve or the website of any successor administrator of SOFR;

“Reuters Page USDSOFR=“ means the Reuters page designated **“USDSOFR=“** or any successor page or service

“SOFR” means the rate determined by the Calculation Agent in respect of a U.S. Government Securities Business Day, in accordance with the following provisions:

- (i) the Secured Overnight Financing Rate in respect of such U.S. Government Securities Business Day that appears at approximately 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) (the **“SOFR Determination Time”**) on the NY Federal Reserve's Website on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day, as such rate is reported on the Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page for such U.S. Government Securities Business Day or, if no such rate is reported on the Bloomberg Screen SOFRRATE Page, then the Secured Overnight Financing Rate that is reported on the Reuters Page USDSOFR= or, if no such rate is reported on the Reuters Page USDSOFR=, then the Secured Overnight Financing Rate that appears at approximately 3:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the NY Federal Reserve's Website on such U.S. Government Securities Business Day (the **“SOFR Screen Page”**); or
- (ii) if the rate specified in (i) above does not so appear and the Calculation Agent determines that a SOFR Transition Event has not occurred, the Secured Overnight Financing Rate published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website for the first preceding U.S. Government Securities Business Day for which the Secured Overnight Financing Rate was published on the NY Federal Reserve's Website;

“SOFR Arithmetic Mean” means, with respect to an Interest Period, the arithmetic mean of SOFR for each calendar day during such Interest Period, as calculated by the Calculation Agent, provided that, SOFR in respect of each calendar day during the period from, and including, the SOFR Cut-Off Date to, but excluding, the next occurring Interest Period End Date will be SOFR on the SOFR Cut-Off Date. For these purposes, SOFR in respect of any calendar day which is not a U.S. Government Securities Business Day shall, subject to the preceding proviso, be deemed to be SOFR in respect of the U.S. Government Securities Business Day immediately preceding such calendar day;

“SOFR Cut-Off Date” means, unless specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of an Interest Period, the fourth U.S. Government Securities Business Day prior to the next occurring Interest Period End Date for such Interest Period (or such other number of U.S. Government Securities Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms); and

“U.S. Government Securities Business Day” means any day except for a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

Notwithstanding Conditions 4(ii)(D)(A) to 4(ii)(D)(B) above, if the Calculation Agent determines on or prior to the SOFR Determination Time, that a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred with respect to the relevant SOFR Benchmark (as defined below), then the provisions set forth in Condition below will apply to all determinations of the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period thereafter.

(C) SOFR Replacement Provision

If the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent), determines at any time prior to the SOFR Determination Time on any U.S. Government Securities Business Day that a SOFR Transition Event and the related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred, the Issuer will appoint an agent (the Replacement Rate Determination Agent) which will determine the SOFR Replacement. The Replacement Rate Determination Agent may be (x) a leading bank, broker-dealer or benchmark agent in the principal financial centre of the Specified Currency as appointed by the Issuer, (y) the Issuer, (z) an affiliate of the Issuer or the Calculation Agent or (zz) such other entity that the Issuer determines to be competent to carry out such role.

In connection with the determination of the SOFR Replacement, the Replacement Rate Determination Agent will determine appropriate SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes.

Any determination, decision or election that may be made by the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) or Replacement Rate Determination Agent (as the case may be) pursuant to these provisions, will (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding on the Issuer, the Calculation Agent, the Agent and the Noteholders.

Following the designation of a SOFR Replacement, the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) may subsequently determine that a SOFR Transition Event and a related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred in respect of such SOFR Replacement, provided that the SOFR Benchmark has already been substituted by the SOFR Replacement and any SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes in connection with such substitution have been applied. In such circumstances, the SOFR Replacement shall be deemed to be the SOFR Benchmark and all relevant definitions shall be construed accordingly.

In connection with the SOFR Replacement Provisions above, the following definitions shall apply:

“2006 ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. or any successor thereto, as amended or supplemented from time to time, or any successor definitional booklet for interest rate derivatives published from time to time;

“2021 ISDA Definitions” means, in relation to a Series of Notes, the latest version of the 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions (including each Matrix (and any successor Matrix thereto), as defined in such 2021 ISDA Interest Rate Derivatives Definitions) as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of Notes of the relevant Series, as published by ISDA on its website (www.isda.org);

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions or the 2021 ISDA Definitions, as applicable in accordance with the applicable Final Terms;

“ISDA Fallback Adjustment” means the spread adjustment (which may be a positive or negative value or zero) that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be determined upon the occurrence of an index cessation event with respect to SOFR for the applicable tenor;

“ISDA Fallback Rate” means the rate that would apply for derivatives transactions referencing the ISDA Definitions to be effective upon the occurrence of a SOFR Transition Event with respect to SOFR for the applicable tenor excluding the applicable ISDA Fallback Adjustment;

“Relevant Governmental Body” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and/or the NY Federal Reserve or a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and/or the NY Federal Reserve or any successor thereto;

“SOFR Benchmark” means (a) (unless “SOFR Index with Observation Shift” is specified in the applicable Final Terms) SOFR or (b) SOFR Index (each as defined in Condition 4(ii)(D)(B) above);

“SOFR Replacement” means any one (or more) of the SOFR Replacement Alternatives to be determined by the Replacement Rate Determination Agent as of the SOFR Replacement Date if the Issuer (in consultation with the Calculation Agent) determines that a SOFR Transition Event and its related SOFR Replacement Date have occurred on or prior to the SOFR Determination Time in respect of any determination of the SOFR Benchmark on any U.S. Government Securities Business Day in accordance with:

- (i) the order of priority specified SOFR Replacement Alternatives Priority in the applicable Final Terms;
or
- (ii) if no such order of priority is specified, in accordance with the priority set forth below:
 - Relevant Governmental Body Replacement;
 - ISDA Fallback Replacement; and
 - Industry Replacement,

provided that, in each case, if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent is unable to determine the SOFR Replacement in accordance with the first SOFR Replacement Alternative listed, it shall attempt to determine the SOFR Replacement in accordance with each subsequent SOFR Replacement Alternative until a SOFR Replacement is determined. The SOFR Replacement will replace the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the purpose of determining the relevant Rate of Interest in respect of the relevant Interest Period and each subsequent Interest Period, subject to the occurrence of a subsequent SOFR Transition Event and related SOFR Replacement Date;

“SOFR Replacement Alternatives” means: (a) the sum of: (i) the alternative rate that has been selected or recommended by the Relevant Governmental Body as the replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the relevant Interest Period and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the Relevant Governmental Body Replacement); (b) the sum of: (i) the ISDA Fallback Rate and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the ISDA Fallback Replacement); or (c) the sum of: (i) the alternative rate that has been selected by the Replacement Rate Determination Agent as the replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for the relevant Interest Period giving due consideration to any industry-accepted rate as a replacement for the then-current SOFR Benchmark for U.S. dollar-denominated

floating rate securities at such time and (ii) the SOFR Replacement Adjustment (the Industry Replacement);

“SOFR Replacement Conforming Changes” means, with respect to any SOFR Replacement, any technical, administrative or operational changes (including, but not limited to, changes to timing and frequency of determining rates with respect to each interest period and making payments of interest, rounding of amounts or tenors, day count fractions, business day convention and other administrative matters) that the Replacement Rate Determination Agent decides may be appropriate to reflect the adoption of such SOFR Replacement in a manner substantially consistent with market practice (or, if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent determines that adoption of any portion of such market practice is not administratively feasible or if the Replacement Rate Determination Agent determines that no market practice for use of the SOFR Replacement exists, in such other manner as the Replacement Rate Determination Agent or the Calculation Agent, as the case may be, determines is reasonably necessary, acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner);

“SOFR Replacement Date” means the earliest to occur of the following events with respect to the then-current SOFR Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof): (a) in the case of sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) of the definition of “SOFR Transition Event” the later of (i) the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein and (ii) the date on which the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark permanently or indefinitely ceases to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component); or (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (c) of the definition of “SOFR Transition Event” the date of the public statement or publication of information referenced therein; or (c) in the case of sub-paragraph (d), the last such consecutive U.S. Government Securities Business Day on which the SOFR Benchmark has not been published,

provided that, in the event of any public statements or publications of information as referenced in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) above, should such event or circumstance referred to in such a public statement or publication occur on a date falling later than three months after the relevant public statement or publication, the SOFR Transition Event shall be deemed to occur on the date falling three months prior to such specified date (and not the date of the relevant public statement or publication).

For the avoidance of doubt, if the event giving rise to the SOFR Replacement Date occurs on the same day as, but earlier than, the SOFR Determination Time in respect of any determination, the SOFR Replacement Date will be deemed to have occurred prior to the SOFR Determination Time for such determination.

“SOFR Transition Event” means the occurrence of any one or more of the following events with respect to the then-current SOFR Benchmark (including the daily published component used in the calculation thereof): (a) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) announcing that such administrator has ceased or will cease to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no

successor administrator that will continue to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant); (b) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), the central bank for the currency of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant), which states that the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) has ceased or will cease to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of such statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant); (c) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) announcing that the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) is no longer representative, the SOFR Benchmark (or such component, if relevant) has been or will be prohibited from being used or that its use has been or will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, either generally or in respect of the Notes; or (d) the SOFR Benchmark is not published by its administrator (or a successor administrator) for six consecutive U.S. Government Securities Business Days; and

“Unadjusted SOFR Replacement” means the SOFR Replacement prior to the application of any SOFR Replacement Adjustment.

(i) *Determination of Rate of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts*

The Agent will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the **“Interest Amount”**) payable on the Floating Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period by applying the Rate of Interest to the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention.

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest for any Interest Period:

- (A) if *“Actual/Actual (ISDA)”* or *“Actual/Actual”* is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (B) if *“Actual/365 (Fixed)”* is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;

- (C) if “*Actual/365 (Sterling)*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (D) if “*Actual/360*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;
- (E) if “*30/360*”, “*360/360*” or “*Bond Basis*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number is 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (F) if “*30E/360*” or “*Eurobond Basis*” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (G) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{DayCount Fraction} = ([360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)) / ([360])$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the date on which the Notes are (if applicable) to be redeemed or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (H) if “1/I” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, 1.

(ii) *Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts*

Subject to the provisions of Condition 4(d), the Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed (by no later than the first day of each Interest Period) and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 11 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11. For the purposes of this paragraph, the expression “**London Business Day**” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in London.

(iii) *Certificates to be final*

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 4(c) whether by the Agent or, if applicable, the Calculation Agent, shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Agent, the Calculation Agent (if applicable), the Paying Agent and all Noteholders and (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) no liability to the Issuer, or the Noteholders shall attach to the Agent or the Calculation Agent (if

applicable) in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

(c) Interest Cancellation

The Issuer may elect, at its full discretion and at any time, to cancel (in whole or in part), for an unlimited period of time and on a non-cumulative basis, the Interest Amount otherwise scheduled to be paid on an Interest Payment Date notwithstanding it has Distributable Items or the Maximum Distributable Amount is greater than zero.

Notwithstanding the Issuer's aforementioned fully discretionary cancellation right applicable in any circumstance, the Issuer will, in any case, mandatorily cancel the payment of an Interest Amount (in whole or, as the case may be, in part) if namely any of the following events occurs:

- (1) the Relevant Authority, notifies the Issuer that, in its sole discretion, it has determined that the Interest Amount (in whole or in part) should be cancelled based on its assessment of the financial and solvency situation of the Issuer
- (2) According to the Own Funds Requirements Regulations:
 - 1) to the extent that the Interest Amounts, when aggregated together with distributions on all other own funds instruments (not including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Tier 2 capital instruments, in accordance with the Own Funds Requirements Regulations), scheduled for payment in the then current financial year exceed the amount of Distributable Items, the Issuer will cancel the payment (in whole or, as the case may be, in part) of such Interest Amounts; or
 - 2) to the extent that the payment of the Interest Amounts (in whole or, as the case may be, in part) would not cause, when aggregated together with other Relevant Distributions, cause the Maximum Distributable Amount (if any) then applicable to the Issuer to be exceeded. For this purpose, "**Relevant Distributions**" means distributions on any other Tier 1 capital instruments and any other payments which at the relevant time are subject to a Maximum Distributable Amount restriction.

Notice of any cancellation (voluntarily or mandatorily) of payment of a scheduled Interest Amount must be given to the Noteholders (in accordance with Condition 11) as soon as possible, but not more than 60 calendar days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. For the avoidance of doubt:

- (A) the cancellation of any Interest Amount in accordance with this Condition shall not constitute a default for any purpose on the part of the Issuer;
- (B) interest payments are non-cumulative and any Interest Amount so cancelled shall be cancelled definitively and no payments shall be made nor shall any Noteholder be entitled to any payment or indemnity in respect thereof;
- (C) the cancellation of the payment of interest does not constitute an event of default of the Issuer;
- (D) any failure to give a notice of any cancellation of payment of a scheduled Interest Amount shall not affect the interest cancellation and does not constitute a default of the Issuer, and non-payment by the Issuer of any scheduled Interest Amount without the Issuer having first given

notice thereof will constitute evidence that the Issuer has elected or has been required to cancel the payment of such scheduled Interest Amount;

- (E) any amount of interest calculated and due will not be amended pursuant to these Conditions on the basis of the credit standing of the Issuer; and
- (F) The Issuer is not obliged:
 - (i) To pay any Interest Amounts on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes in the event of a distribution being made on an instrument issued by the Issuer that ranks to the same degree as, or more junior than, the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes, including a Common Equity Tier 1 Instrument; or
 - (ii) To cancel distributions on Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 or Tier 2 instruments in the event that distributions are not made on the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes; or
 - (iii) To substitute the payment of Interest Amounts by a payment in any other form.

(d) *Accrual of interest*

Without prejudice to Condition 4(d), each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date of its redemption. In addition, following a reduction of the then Current Principal of the Notes as described above, interest will accrue on the reduced Outstanding Principal Amount of each Note from (and including) the relevant Loss Absorption Effective Date, and (for the avoidance of doubt) such interest will be subject to Condition 4(d) (Interest Cancellation) and Condition 2(b) (Loss Absorption Event).

(e) *Benchmark discontinuation*

This Condition 4(e) applies only if this Note is a Reset Note or a Floating Rate Note. If a Benchmark Event occurs in relation to an Original Reference Rate when any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) remains to be determined by reference to such Original Reference Rate, then the following provisions shall apply to the Notes:

- (i) The Issuer shall use its reasonable endeavours, as soon as reasonably practicable, to appoint at its own expense an Independent Adviser to determine (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes), no later than 10 days prior to the Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) relating to the next Interest Period or Reset Period (as applicable) for which the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) is otherwise to be determined by reference to the Original Reference Rate (the “**IA Determination Cut-Off Date**”), (1) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate, for the purposes of determining each relevant Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) applicable to the Notes and (2) in either case, an Adjustment Spread. Without prejudice to the definitions thereof, for the purposes of determining any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread, the Independent Adviser will take into account any relevant and applicable market precedents as well as any published guidance from relevant associations involved in the establishment of market standards and/or protocols in the international debt capital markets;

- (ii) If the Issuer (i) is unable to appoint an Independent Adviser; or (ii) the Independent Adviser appointed fails to determine a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(e), in either case prior to the relevant IA Determination Cut-Off Date, the Issuer (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and following consultation with the Independent Adviser in the event one has been appointed) may determine (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes), no later than the Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) relating to the next Interest Period or Reset Period (as applicable) for which the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) is otherwise to be determined by reference to the Original Reference Rate, (a) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate and (b) in either case, an Adjustment Spread in accordance with this Condition 4(e). Without prejudice to the definitions thereof, for the purposes of determining any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread, the Issuer will take into account any relevant and applicable market precedents as well as any published guidance from relevant associations involved in the establishment of market standards and/or protocols in the international debt capital markets;
- (iii) If a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) is determined by an Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above, such Successor Rate or, failing which, Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) shall (subject to adjustment as provided in paragraph (iv) below) subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the relevant Rate(s) of Interest (or the relevant component part(s) thereof) for all relevant future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the subsequent operation of, and to further adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(e));
- (iv) If a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) is determined by an Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, will determine the Adjustment Spread to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) for each determination of a relevant Rate of Interest (or a relevant component part thereof) by reference to such Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable);
- (v) If the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines (in accordance with paragraphs (i) or (ii) above) a Successor Rate or, failing which, an Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) and/or the applicable Adjustment Spread in accordance with the above provisions, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer may (without any requirement for the consent or approval of the holders of the Notes) also specify changes to these Conditions and/or the Agency Agreement in order to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate and/or the Adjustment Spread (as applicable), including, but not limited to, (1) the Day Count Fraction, Relevant Screen Page, Business Day Convention, Interest Determination Date, Reset Determination Date, time at which the Relevant Screen Page is observed and/or the definition of Reference Rate and (2) the method for determining the fall-back rate in relation to the Notes (such amendments, together the “**Benchmark Amendments**”). For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer and the Agent shall effect such consequential amendments to the Agency Agreement and/or these

Conditions as may be required in order to give effect to the application of this Condition 4(e). No consent shall be required from the holders of the Notes in connection with determining or giving effect to the Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate or the Adjustment Spread (as applicable) or any Benchmark Amendments, including for the execution of any documents or other steps to be taken by the Issuer or the Agent (if required or useful);

- (vi) The Issuer shall promptly, following the determination of any Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate, Adjustment Spread and/or Benchmark Amendments (as applicable), give notice thereof to the holders of the Notes in accordance with Condition 13 and the Agent (if different from the Issuer). Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the relevant Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable), the applicable Adjustment Spread and the specific terms of any other Benchmark Amendments, and their effective date;
- (vii) An Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to this Condition 4(e) shall act in good faith in a commercially reasonable manner and (in the absence of bad faith or fraud) shall have no liability whatsoever to the Agent or the Noteholders for any advice given to the Issuer or in connection with any determination made by the Independent Adviser or the Issuer, as applicable, pursuant to this Condition 4(e);
- (viii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 4(e), no Successor Rate, Alternative Reference Rate or Adjustment Spread will be adopted, nor will any other amendment to these Conditions be made to effect the Benchmark Amendments, if and to the extent that, in the determination of the Issuer, the same could reasonably be expected to: (1) prejudice the qualification of the Notes as (i) in the case of Subordinated Notes, Tier 2 Instruments of the Issuer and/or Notes available to meet any MREL Requirement (however called or defined by then Applicable MREL Regulations) of the Group or the Issuer and/or (ii) in the case of Senior Preferred MREL Eligible Notes or Senior Non-Preferred Notes, “eligible liabilities” (or any equivalent or successor term) available to meet any MREL Requirement (however called or defined by then Applicable MREL Regulations) of the Group or the Issuer; and/or (2) result in the Relevant Authority treating the next Interest Payment Date or Reset Date, as applicable, as the effective maturity of the Notes, rather than the relevant Maturity Date; and
- (ix) Without prejudice to the obligations of the Issuer under this Condition 4(e), the Original Reference Rate and the other provisions in this Condition 4 will continue to apply for the purposes of determining the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) on the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) (1) if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)) is unable to or does not determine a Successor Rate or an Alternative Reference Rate or (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread in accordance with this Condition 4(e), and (2) if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer does determine a Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate in accordance with this Condition 4(e) but the Agent (if different from the Issuer) has not been notified of the Successor Rate or Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable), the applicable Adjustment Spread and any Benchmark Amendments in accordance with paragraph (v) above prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, this paragraph 4(e)(ix) shall apply to the determination of the Rate of Interest on the relevant Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Date (as applicable) only, and the Rate of Interest applicable to any subsequent Interest

Period(s) or Reset Period(s) (as applicable) is subject to the subsequent operation of, and to adjustment as provided in, this Condition 4(e).

(x) For the purposes of these Conditions:

“Adjustment Spread” means either a spread (which may be positive or negative), or the formula or methodology for calculating a spread, in either case, which the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines is required to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable) and is the spread, formula or methodology which:

- (1) in the case of a Successor Rate, is formally recommended in relation to the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate by any Relevant Nominating Body; or
- (2) in the case of a Successor Rate for which no such recommendation has been made or in the case of an Alternative Reference Rate, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner determines is recognised or acknowledged as being in customary market usage in international debt capital markets transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable); or
- (3) if neither (a) nor (b) above applies, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner determines as being industry standard for over-the-counter derivative transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Reference Rate (as applicable); or
- (4) if none of (a), (b) or (c) above applies, the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer (following consultation with the Independent Adviser (if any)), in each case in its discretion and acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, determines to be appropriate.

“Alternative Reference Rate” means the rate that the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines has replaced the Original Reference Rate in customary market usage in the international debt capital markets for the purposes of determining rates of interest (or the relevant component part thereof) in respect of bonds denominated in the same Specified Currency as the Notes and with an interest period or reset period (as applicable) of a comparable duration to the relevant Interest Period or relevant Reset Period (as applicable), or, if the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines that there is no such rate, such other rate as the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines in its discretion is most comparable to the Original Reference Rate.

“Benchmark Amendments” has the meaning given to it in Condition 4(e)(v).

“Benchmark Event” means, in respect of an Original Reference Rate:

- (1) the Original Reference Rate ceasing to exist or ceasing to be published for a period of at least 5 Business Days; or
- (2) the later of (i) a public statement by the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that it will, on or prior to a specified date, cease to publish the Original Reference Rate, permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of the Original Reference Rate) and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (2)(i); or
- (3) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate, that the Original Reference Rate has been or will be permanently or indefinitely discontinued; or
- (4) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will, on or prior to a specified date, be permanently or indefinitely discontinued and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (4)(i); or
- (5) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will be prohibited from being used or that its use will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, in each case on or prior to a specified date and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (5)(i); or that the Original Reference Rate has, or will on or prior to the next Interest Determination Date or Reset Determination Period (as applicable), become unlawful for the Issuer, the Agent or any Calculation Agent specified in the applicable Final Terms, as the case may be, to calculate any payments due to be made to the Noteholders using the Original Reference Rate; or
- (6) the later of (i) a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate stating that the Original Reference Rate will, as of a specified date, no longer be representative of its relevant underlying market and (ii) the date falling six months before the specified date referred to in (6)(i).

“Independent Adviser” means an independent financial institution of international repute or an independent financial adviser experienced in the international debt capital markets, in each case appointed by the Issuer under Condition 4(e)(i).

“Original Reference Rate” means the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) originally specified for the purpose of determining the relevant Rate of Interest (or any component part(s) thereof) applicable to the Notes in respect of any Interest Period(s) or Reset Period(s) as applicable (provided that if, following one or more Benchmark Events, such originally specified Reference Rate (or any Successor Rate or Alternative Rate which has replaced it) has been replaced by a (or a further) Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and a Benchmark Event subsequently occurs in respect of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate, the term “Original Reference Rate” shall include any such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate).

“Relevant Nominating Body” means, in respect of an Original Reference Rate:

- (1) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, or any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable); or
- (2) any working group or committee sponsored by, chaired or co-chaired by or constituted at the request of
 - (a) the central bank for the currency to which the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable) relates, (b) any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the benchmark or screen rate (as applicable), (c) a group of the aforementioned central banks or other supervisory authorities or (d) the Financial Stability Board or any part thereof.

“**Successor Rate**” means the rate that the Independent Adviser or, as the case may be, the Issuer determines is a successor to, or replacement

Condition 4 describes the legal and regulatory regime applicable to Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes and accordingly the provisions of Condition 4 are subject to any changes in that legal and regulatory regime.

5. PAYMENTS

(a) *Fiscal and other laws*

Payments will be subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in the place of payment or other laws and regulation to which the Issuer or its Agents are subject, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7.

(b) *Payments in respect of the Notes*

Payment of principal and interest in respect of Notes will be (i) **if made in euro** (a) credited, according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, by the Paying Agent (acting on behalf of the Issuer) to the payment current-accounts used by the Affiliate Members of Interbolsa for payments in respect of securities held through Interbolsa and thereafter (b) credited by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from the aforementioned payment current-accounts to the accounts of the owners of those Notes or through Euroclear and CBL, to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the beneficial owners of those Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL as the case may be; (ii) **if made in currencies other than euro** (a) transferred, on the payment date and according to the procedures and regulations of Interbolsa, from the account held by the Paying Agent in the Foreign Currency Settlement System (“*Sistema de Liquidação em Moeda Estrangeira*”), managed by Caixa Geral de Depósitos, to the relevant accounts of the relevant Affiliate Members of Interbolsa, and thereafter (b) transferred by such Affiliate Members of Interbolsa from such relevant accounts to the accounts of the owners of Notes or through Euroclear and CBL to the accounts with Euroclear and CBL of the owners of Notes, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Interbolsa, Euroclear or CBL, as the case may be.

The holders of the Notes are reliant upon the procedures of Interbolsa to receive payment in respect of the Notes.

(c) *General provisions applicable to payments*

The Issuer will be discharged by payment to Interbolsa in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the entities shown in the records of Interbolsa as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Interbolsa Notes must look solely to Interbolsa for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer to, or to the order of, the holder of such Notes.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Condition, if any amount of principal and/or interest in respect of Notes is payable in U.S. dollars, such U.S. dollars payments of principal and/or interest in respect of such Notes will be made at the specified office of a paying agent in the United States if:

- (i) the Issuer has appointed paying agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such paying agents would be able to make payment in U.S. dollars at such specified offices outside the United States of the full amount of principal and interest on the Notes in the manner provided above when due;
- (ii) payment of the full amount of such principal and interest at all such specified offices outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on the full payment or receipt of principal and interest in U.S. dollars; and
- (iii) such payment is then permitted under United States law without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer adverse tax consequences to the Issuer.

(d) *Payment Day for the Notes*

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay. For these purposes, “**Payment Day**” means any day which (subject to Condition 8) is:

- (i) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in:
 - (A) London;
 - (B) Lisbon;
 - (C) each Additional Financial Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (ii) either (A) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency or (B) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the T2 System is open and Interbolsa, Euroclear and/or CBL, as the case may be, are open for general business.

(e) *Interpretation of principal and interest*

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (i) any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to principal under Condition 7;
- (ii) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iii) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (iv) any premium and any other amounts (other than interest), which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to interest in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable, any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to interest under Condition 7.

6. REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE

(a) Redemption

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are not subject to mandatory redemption by the Issuer and will only be redeemed in the circumstances referred to under this Condition 6, in any case provided that such redemption has been expressly authorised by the Relevant Authority.

The Issuer is not entitled to redeem the Undated Subordinated Notes before the fifth anniversary of their issue date other than in the specific circumstances described in paragraphs (b) and (d) below and in any case with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority. For the avoidance of any doubt, the Relevant Authority is not obliged to provide such consent and any refusal to grant such consent shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are not redeemable at the option of the Noteholders and have no fixed maturity.

For the avoidance of doubts, (i) if a Capital Ratio Event occurs after a notice of redemption is given, but before the envisaged redemption date, such redemption shall not be made and the respective notice of redemption shall be considered revoked and (ii) the Issuer should not give a notice of redemption after the occurrence of a Capital Ratio Event.

Any call option or early redemption of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes are subject to both of the following conditions:

- (i) The Issuer obtaining prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with Article 78 of the CRR, where either:
 - 1. The Issuer has replaced the Notes with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the Issuer earlier than, or at the same time as, the call or early redemption; or
 - 2. The Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the own funds of the Issuer would following such call or early redemption exceed the requirements laid down in Article 92(1) of the CRR and the combined buffer requirement as defined in Portuguese legislation transposing point (6) of Article 128 of the CRD IV by a margin that the Relevant Authority considers necessary on the basis of Portuguese legislation transposing Article 104(3) of the CRD IV;
- (ii) In addition to (i), in respect of a redemption prior to the fifth anniversary of the issuance, if and to the extent required under Article 78(4) of the CRR:
 - 1. In the case of Condition 6(b) (*Redemption for Tax Reasons*), the Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the change in the applicable tax treatment of the Notes is material and was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date; or

2. In the case of Condition 6(e) (*Redemption due to the occurrence of a Capital Event*), the Issuer has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Relevant Authority that the change in the regulatory classification of the Notes was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date.

For this purposes a “**Capital Event**” is deemed to have occurred if there is a change in the regulatory classification of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes under the Capital Regulations that was not reasonably foreseeable at the time of the Notes issuance and that would result, or would likely to result, in their exclusion in full or in part from the Issuer’s or the Group’s Additional Tier 1 capital (other than as a consequence of write-down or conversion, where applicable) or in reclassification as a lower quality form of the Issuer’s or the Group’s own funds and that the Relevant Authority considers to be sufficiently certain.

“**Capital Regulations**” means any requirements of Portuguese law or contained in the relevant rules of European Union law that are then in effect in Portugal relating to capital adequacy and applicable to the Issuer, including but not limited to the CRR, national laws and regulations implementing the CRD V the BRRD, the SRM Regulations, and those regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies relating to capital adequacy, minimum requirements for eligible liabilities, resolution and/or solvency then in effect of the European Central Bank, the Relevant Authority or such other or successor governmental authority exercising primary bank supervisory authority from time to time, in each case with respect to prudential or resolution matters in relation to the Issuer, in each case to the extent then in effect in Portugal including the RGICSF (whether or not such requirements, guidelines or policies have the force of law and whether or not they are applied generally or specifically to the Issuer).

For the avoidance of doubt, any redemption of Notes prior to their maturity is always subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, who is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will provide such permission (if requested). Any refusal of the Relevant Authority to grant permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose. Any redemption under this Condition may only be made if it is done in accordance with Articles 77 and 78a of the CRR, Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 241/2014 and/or any other Own Funds Requirements Regulations then in force, as applicable.

No notice of redemption in relation to the Notes may be given by the Issuer after, and any notice so given (in respect of Notes not yet redeemed) will be deemed of no effect if, a Loss Absorption Notice has been given by the Issuer.

(b) Redemption for tax reasons

The Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer (after obtaining permission of the Relevant Authority), in whole or in part, on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Agent and, in accordance with Condition 11, the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable):

- (i) If, with the exception of Notes issued by the Issuer, which are not issued by the Issuer within the scope of the Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November, as amended (the “**Decree-Law**”), on the occasion of the next payment due under the Notes, (A) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts in respect of interest as provided or referred to in Condition 7 (Taxation) or (B) the Issuer would not be entitled to claim a deduction in computing taxation liabilities in the Tax Jurisdiction (as defined in Condition 7 (Taxation)) in respect of any payment of interest to be made on the Notes on the occasion of the next payment date due under

the Notes or the value of such deduction to the Issuer would be materially reduced, in each case as a result of any change in the laws or regulations of the Tax Jurisdiction or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change becomes effective on or after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of a Series of Notes; and

- (ii) Subject to the requirements described under Condition 6. (a) *Redemption* (i) and (ii); and
- (iii) In the case of (i)(A) above such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that such notice of redemption shall be given not less than 30 and not more than 60 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition, the Issuer shall deliver to the Agent a certificate signed by two Directors of the Issuer, stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and an opinion of independent legal advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer (i) has or will become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment or (ii) will not be entitled to claim a deduction in computing taxation liabilities of the Tax Jurisdiction (as defined in Condition 7) or the value of such deduction would be materially reduced, as applicable.

(c) *Redemption due to MREL Disqualification Event*

If, in the case of Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements where the MREL Disqualification Event has been specified as applicable in the relevant Final Terms only, a MREL Disqualification Event has occurred and is continuing, then the Issuer may, at its option, elect to redeem in accordance with these Conditions all, but not some only, of the relevant Notes (as applicable).

Any such election and redemption is subject to the applicable prior permission of the Relevant Authority in accordance with the applicable Capital Regulations, including any Applicable MREL Regulations, which may include that the relevant MREL Disqualification Event was not reasonably foreseeable as at the Issue Date to the Resolution Authority's satisfaction.

(d) *Redemption at the option of the Issuer (Issuer Call)*

If Issuer Call is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, at its sole discretion (subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority and only after 5 years from its issue date), having given:

- (i) not less than 5 nor more than 30 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11; and
- (ii) not less than 15 days before the giving of the notice referred to in (i), notice to the Agent;

(which notices shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all or only some of the Notes then outstanding on any Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount or not more than a Higher Redemption

Amount, in each case as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. The applicable Final Terms may specify that the redemption of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may only occur, subject to the other conditions described above, if the Current Principal Amount of each Note was previously increased to its Original Principal amount (a Reinstatement event, as defined above), if applicable. In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes shall be redeemed *pari passu* and on a pro rata basis in accordance with the rules of Interbolsa.

The Issuer has the right, but not the duty to redeem the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes. As aforesaid, any redemption of Notes prior to their maturity is always subject to the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, who is not obliged to provide such permission (if requested by the Issuer) and there is no assurance that the Relevant Authority will provide such permission (if requested), and if not provided that will not constitute a default for any purpose.

If at any time the Notes have been Written Down following a Loss Absorption Event, the Issuer shall not be entitled to exercise its option until the principal amount of the Notes so Written Down has been fully reinstated pursuant to Condition 2 (b) (iii).

(e) Redemption due to the occurrence of a Capital Event

The Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes may be redeemed, only in whole, by the Issuer, if a Capital Event occurs, as defined above, that the Relevant Authority considers to be sufficient certain and subject to the requirements described under Condition 6 (a) *Redemption* (i) and (ii).

(f) Clean-up Call Option

If (i) Clean-up Call Option is specified as “Applicable” in the relevant Final Terms and (ii) the Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage (or more) of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes originally issued has been redeemed or purchased and subsequently cancelled in accordance with this Condition 6, the Issuer may, from (and including) the Clean-up Call Effective Date, having given not more than the maximum period nor less than minimum period of notice specified in the relevant Final Terms to the Paying Agent and, in accordance with Condition 13, the Noteholders at any time redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes then outstanding at the Clean-up Call Option Amount specified in the relevant Final Terms together, if applicable, with unpaid interest accrued to (but excluding) such date fixed for redemption. Upon the expiry of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Notes accordingly.

For the purposes of this Condition 6(f), any further securities issued pursuant to Condition 15 so as to be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes outstanding at that time will be deemed to have been originally issued.

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“**Clean-up Call Minimum Percentage**” means 75 per cent. or such other higher percentage specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Clean-up Call Effective Date**” means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms or such earlier specified date as the Relevant Authority has first given the Issuer its consent or permission to; and

“**Optional Redemption Date**” means any date so specified in the applicable Final Terms and/or any date falling in the Optional Redemption Period specified in the applicable Final Terms, the first and last days inclusive.

(g) Redemption Amounts

For the purpose of sub-paragraphs (b), (c) and (d), each Note will be redeemed at the Redemption Amount calculated as follows:

- a. in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount equal to the Issue Price, at the Final Redemption Amount thereof; or
- b. in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount which is or may be less than the Issue Price or which is payable in a Specified Currency other than that in which the Note is denominated, at the amount specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms or, if no such amount or manner is so specified in the applicable Final Terms, at its nominal amount,

provided that, if a Write-Down Amount has been applied to the relevant Note in accordance with Condition 2(b), the Redemption Amount to be paid is subject to the terms thereof, including that the amount required to be paid by the Issuer will be calculated based on the Current Principal Amount of each outstanding Note at the time of such payment.

(h) Purchases

The Issuer or any of its subsidiaries shall have the right to purchase Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes only in accordance (and subject to) the conditions set out in Articles 77 and 78 of the CRR being met, including the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, and may only take place after five years from their date of issuance, except where the conditions set out in Article 78(4) of the CRR are met or, in the case of repurchase for market-making purposes, where the conditions set out in Article 29 of the Commission Delegated Regulation No (EU) 241/2014 (the regulatory technical standards RTS in own funds) (“**CDR**”) are met and particularly with respect to the predetermined amount defined by the Relevant Authority as per Article 29(3)(b) of the CDR.

For the avoidance of any doubt, the Relevant Authority is not obliged to provide the permission for any purchase and any refusal to grant such permission shall not constitute a default for any purpose.

If a purchase by the Issuer takes place without fulfilment by the Issuer of the conditions of the above paragraph, the purchase will be cancelled and the holder of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes will be obliged to repay or return to the Issuer all amounts received from the Issuer.

Such Notes purchased in accordance with the first paragraph above may be held, resold or, at the option of the Issuer or the relevant subsidiary, cancelled by Interbolsa following receipt by Interbolsa of notice thereof by or on behalf of the Issuer. Notes purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer or any subsidiary of the Issuer shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Condition 14 or the Agency Agreement.

(i) Cancellation

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled. All Notes so cancelled and any Notes purchased or substituted and cancelled pursuant to paragraph (f) above or Condition 18 below cannot be reissued or resold.

Condition 6 describes the legal and regulatory regime applicable to Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes and accordingly the provisions of Condition 6 are subject to any changes in that legal and regulatory regime

7. TAXATION

(a) *Taxation relating to all payments by the Issuer in respect of Notes not issued within the scope of Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005*

All payments of interest in respect of the Notes by the Issuer and not issued within the scope of the Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005 (the “**Decree-Law**”) will be made after withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Republic of Portugal which are required by law. No additional amounts will be paid by the Issuer in respect of such withholding or deduction.

(b) *Taxation relating to all payments by the Issuer in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law*

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law by the Issuer will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Tax Jurisdiction unless such withholding or deduction is required by law or regulation. In such event, the Issuer will pay such additional amounts as shall be necessary in order that the net amounts received by the holders of the Notes after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts of interest which would otherwise have been receivable in respect of the Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law in relation to any payment of interest in the absence of such withholding or deduction; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable:

- (i) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder in the Tax Jurisdiction; and/or
- (ii) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder who is liable for such taxes or duties in respect of such Note by reason of his having some connection with a Tax Jurisdiction other than the mere holding of such Note; and/or
- (iii) where the relevant Certificate is presented for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting the same for payment on such 30th day assuming that day to have been a Payment Day (as defined in Condition 5(d)); and/or
- (iv) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder in respect of whom the information (which may include certificates) required in order to comply with the Decree-Law, and any implementing legislation, is not received by no later than the second ICSD Business Day prior to Relevant Date, or which does not comply with the formalities in order to benefit from tax treaty benefits, when applicable; and/or
- (v) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder (i) resident for tax purposes in the Tax Jurisdiction or when the investment income is imputable to a permanent establishment of the Noteholder located in Portuguese territory or (ii) resident in a tax haven jurisdiction as defined in Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time, with the exception of (a) central banks and governmental agencies, as well as international institutions recognised by the Tax Jurisdiction, of those tax haven jurisdictions, and (b) tax haven jurisdictions which have a double taxation treaty in force or a tax information exchange agreement in place with the Tax Jurisdiction provided that all procedures and information required

under Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005, as amended, regarding (a) and (b) above are complied with; and/or

- (vi) to, or to a third party on behalf of (a) a Portuguese resident legal entity subject to Portuguese corporation tax (with the exception of entities that benefit from a waiver of Portuguese withholding tax or from Portuguese income tax exemptions), or (b) a legal entity not resident in the Republic of Portugal acting with respect to the holding of the Notes through a permanent establishment located in the Portuguese territory (with the exception of permanent establishments that benefit from a waiver of Portuguese withholding tax).

For the purposes of this Condition 7:

“ICSD Business Day” means any day which

- (i) is not a Saturday or Sunday; and
- (ii) is not 25 December or 31 December.

“Relevant Date” means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Paying Agent on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11.

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“Tax Jurisdiction” means the Republic of Portugal or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax.

The payment of any additional amount by the Issuer is only possible if it does not exceed its Distributable Items.

Any obligation to pay additional amounts provided for in this Condition 7 will be limited to cover withholdings or deductions in respect of payments of interest (and not, for the avoidance of doubt, payments of principal or any other amounts) in respect of the Notes.

8. PRESCRIPTION

Claims for principal and interest in respect of the Notes shall become void unless the relevant Certificates are surrendered within twenty years and five years respectively of the Relevant Date.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

There will be no events of default in respect of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes.

10. PAYING AGENT

The name of the initial Paying Agent and its initial specified office are set out below.

The Issuer is entitled to vary or terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent and/or appoint additional or other paying agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any paying agent acts, provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be a paying agent with its specified office in a country outside the Tax Jurisdiction;

- (b) so long as the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or admitted to listing by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a paying agent with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange (or any other relevant authority); and
- (c) there will at all times be a paying agent in Portugal capable of making payment in respect of the Notes as contemplated by these terms and conditions of the Notes, the Agency Agreement and applicable Portuguese law and regulation.

In acting under the Agency Agreement, the paying agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and do not assume any obligation to, or relationship of agency or trust with, any Noteholders. The Agency Agreement contains provisions permitting any entity into which any paying agent is merged or converted or with which it is consolidated or to which it transfers all or substantially all of its assets to become the successor paying agent.

11. NOTICES

All notices regarding the Notes will be deemed to be validly given on the date of such publication if published if and for so long as the Notes are admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon, by means of electronic publication on the CMVM's information system (www.cmvm.pt) or on the website of the Issuer. The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules and regulations of any stock exchange (or any other relevant authority) on which the Notes are for the time being listed. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers, and, in the case of publication on the CMVM's official website (www.cmvm.pt), on the date of such publication.

Any holder of a Note may give notice to the Paying Agent through Interbolsa in such manner as the Paying Agent, the Agent and Interbolsa may approve for this purpose.

All notices regarding the Notes shall, at any time, comply with the applicable Portuguese law requirements, namely pursuant to the Portuguese Companies Code and the CMVM's Regulation no. 1/2023, of 26 April.

12. MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION AND WAIVER

Meetings may be convened by the Common Representative (if any) or, if (i) no Common Representative has been appointed or (ii) if appointed, the relevant Common Representative has failed to convene a meeting, by the chairman of the general meeting of shareholders of the Issuer, and shall be convened if requested by Noteholders holding not less than 5 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. The quorum required for a meeting convened to pass a resolution other than an Extraordinary Resolution will be any person or persons holding or representing Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof; and the quorum required for a meeting convened to pass an Extraordinary Resolution will be a person or persons holding or representing at least 50 per cent. of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, any person or persons holding or representing any of the Notes then outstanding, regardless of the principal amount thereof.

The number of votes required to pass a resolution other than an Extraordinary Resolution is a majority of the votes cast at the relevant meeting; the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution, including, without limitation, a resolution relating to the modification or abrogation of certain of the provisions of these Conditions, is at least 50 per

cent. of the principal amount of the Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two-thirds of the votes cast at the relevant meeting regardless of any quorum. Resolutions passed at any meeting of the Noteholders will be binding on all Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting or have voted against the approved resolutions.

Without prejudice to the provision of Condition 2, Condition 4 and Condition 6, an “**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders in respect of any of the following matters:

- (i) any modification or abrogation of any Condition (including without limiting, modifying any date for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes); or
- (ii) to approve any amendment to this definition.

Without prejudice to the provision of Condition 4, the Agent or the Calculation Agent (if any) and the Issuer may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders, to:

- (i) any modification (except as mentioned above) of the Notes or Agency Agreement (in this case with the agreement of the Agent) which is not prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders; or
- (ii) any modification of the Notes, or the Agency Agreement (in this case with the agreement of the Agent) which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or is made to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of law.

Any such modification shall be binding on the Noteholders and any such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11 as soon as practicable thereafter.

For the avoidance of doubt any modifications (with or without the consent of the Noteholders) to the terms of the Notes may only be made with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority and shall not take effect until such consent is obtained.

13. GOVERNING LAW AND SUBMISSION TO JURISDICTION

(a) *Governing law*

The Notes and any non-contractual obligations arising from it shall be construed in accordance with Portuguese law.

(b) *Submission to jurisdiction*

The Issuer agrees, for the exclusive benefit of the Noteholders, that the courts of Portugal are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Notes, including any non-contractual obligations arising from it and that accordingly any suit, action or proceedings (together referred to as “**Proceedings**”) arising out of or in connection with the Notes may be brought in such courts.

The Issuer hereby irrevocably waives any objection which it may have now or hereafter to the laying of the venue of any such Proceedings in any such court and any claim that any such Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum and hereby further irrevocably agrees that a judgment in any such Proceedings brought in the Portuguese courts shall be conclusive and binding upon it and may be enforced in the courts of any other jurisdiction.

Nothing contained in this Condition shall limit any right to take Proceedings against the Issuer in (i) any other court of Member States of the European Union to the extent that they would be competent to hear the Proceedings according to the rules of the Brussels Ia Regulation or (ii) any other court of States that are parties to the Lugano II Convention to the extent that they would be competent to hear the Proceedings according to the rules thereof, nor shall the taking of Proceedings in one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of Proceedings in any other jurisdiction, whether concurrently or not.

For the purposes of this Condition 13:

“Brussels Ia Regulation” means Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters, as amended; and

“Lugano II Convention” means the Convention on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters, signed on 30 October 2007.

14. COMMON REPRESENTATIVE

The holders of the Notes shall at all times be entitled to appoint and dismiss a Common Representative by means of a Resolution. Upon the appointment of a new Common Representative by the holders of the Notes pursuant to this Condition, any previously appointed and dismissed Common Representative will immediately cease its engagement and will be under the obligation immediately to transfer to the new Common Representative appointed by the holders of the Notes all documents and information then held by such Common Representative pertaining to the Notes.

As used herein: **“Common Representative”** means a law firm, an accountant's firm, a financial intermediary, an entity authorised to provide proxy services in a member-state or an individual person (which may not be a holder of Notes), which may be appointed by the holders of Notes under Article 358 of the Portuguese Commercial Companies Code.

15. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF PORTUGUESE STATUTORY LOSS ABSORPTION POWERS

Notwithstanding any other term of the Notes or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding between the Issuer and the Noteholders, by its subscription and/or purchase and holding of the Notes, each Noteholder (which for the purposes of this Condition 15 includes each holder of a beneficial interest in the Notes) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:

- (i) to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person (and the issue to the holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the terms of the Notes, in which case the Noteholder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Notes any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person;
 - (C) the cancellation of the Notes or Amounts Due; or

- (D) the amendment or alteration of the maturity of the Notes or amendment of the Interest Amount payable on the Notes, or the date on which the interest becomes payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and
- (ii) that the terms of the Notes are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority.

No repayment or payment of Amounts Due on the Notes or the Coupons will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of any Bail-in Power if and to the extent that such amounts have been reduced, converted, cancelled, suspended (for so long as such suspension or moratorium is outstanding), amended or altered as a result of such exercise.

Upon the Issuer being informed or notified by the Relevant Resolution Authority of the actual exercise of any Bail-in Power with respect to the Notes, the Issuer shall notify the Noteholders without delay. Any delay or failure by the Issuer to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Bail-in Power nor the effects on the Notes described in this Condition 15.

The exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority with respect to the Notes shall not constitute a default or an event of default for any purpose and the Conditions of the Notes shall continue to apply in relation to the residual principal amount of, or outstanding amount payable with respect to, the Notes subject to any modification of the amount of distributions payable to reflect the reduction of the principal amount, and any further modification of the terms that the Relevant Resolution Authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, including the RGICSF and the SRM Regulation, relating to the resolution of credit institutions, investment firms incorporated in Portugal.

Each Noteholder also acknowledges and agrees that this provision is exhaustive on the matters described herein to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings relating to the application of any Bail-in Power to the Notes.

The exercise of the Bail-Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority pursuant to any relevant laws, regulations, rules or requirements in effect in the Republic of Portugal is not dependent on the application of this Condition 15.

For the purposes of this Condition 15:

“Amounts Due” means the principal amount, together with any accrued but unpaid interest, and any additional amounts referred to in Condition 7, if any, due on the Notes. References to such amounts will include amounts that have become due and payable, but which have not been paid, prior to the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority;

“Bail-in Power” means any statutory write-down, conversion, transfer, modification, or suspension power existing from time to time under, and exercised in compliance with, any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of credit institutions and investment firms incorporated in the Republic of Portugal, in effect and applicable to the Issuer, including the laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to relating to (A) the transposition of the BRRD (including, but not limited to, Law no. 23-A/2015 of 26 March 2015, which amended the RGICSF), (B) SRM Regulation and (C) the instruments, rules and standards created thereunder, pursuant to which any obligation of certain entities as set out in such

law, regulation, rules or requirements can be reduced, cancelled, suspended, modified, or converted into shares, other securities, or other obligations;

“Relevant Resolution Authority” means any authority lawfully entitled to exercise or participate in the exercise of any Bail-in Power from time to time; and

Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014, establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of the Single Resolution Mechanism and the Single Resolution Fund and amending Regulation (EU) No. 1093/2010, as amended or superseded from time to time.

16. WAIVER OF SET-OFF

No Noteholder may at any time exercise or claim any Waived Set-Off Rights against any right, claim, or liability the Issuer has or may have or acquire against such Noteholder, directly or indirectly, howsoever arising (and, for the avoidance of doubt, including all such rights, claims and liabilities arising under or in relation to any and all agreements or other instruments of any sort, whether or not relating to such Note) and each Noteholder shall be deemed to have waived all Waived Set-Off Rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law in relation to all such actual and potential rights, claims and liabilities. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any Noteholder by the Issuer in respect of, or arising under or in connection with the Notes is discharged exercising a right comprised within the Waived Set-Off Rights, such Noteholder shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the Issuer and, until such time as payment is made, shall hold an amount equal to such amount in trust for the Issuer and accordingly any such discharge shall be deemed not to have taken place.

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Condition is intended to provide, or shall be construed as acknowledging, any right of deduction, set-off, netting, compensation, retention or counterclaim or that any such right is or would be available to any Noteholder of any Note but for this Condition.

(a) Definitions

“Waived Set-Off Rights” means any and all rights of or claims of any Noteholder for deduction, set-off, netting, compensation, retention or counterclaim arising directly or indirectly under or in connection with any Note.

So long as any Notes remains outstanding, the Issuer commits not to perform any action that would result in a Capital Ratio Event.

17. SUBSTITUTION AND VARIATION

If a Capital Event, or a circumstance giving rise to the right of the Issuer to redeem the Notes for taxation reasons under Condition 6(b), occurs and is continuing, the Issuer may substitute all (but not some only) of the Notes (as the case may be) or modify the terms of all (but not some only) of the Notes, without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders, so that they are substituted for, or varied to, become, or remain, Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes, subject to having given not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 11, the Agent (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date for substitution or, as applicable, variation),

and subject to obtaining the prior permission of the Relevant Authority if and as required therefor under Capital Regulations in force at the relevant time.

Any such notice shall specify the relevant details of the manner in which such substitution or variation shall take effect and where the Noteholders can inspect or obtain copies of the new terms and conditions of the Notes. Such substitution or variation will be effected without any cost or charge to the Noteholders.

Noteholders shall, by virtue of subscribing and/or purchasing and holding any Notes, be deemed to accept the substitution or variation of the terms of such Notes and to grant to the Issuer full power and authority to take any action and/or to execute and deliver any document in the name and/or on behalf of the Noteholders which is necessary or convenient to complete the substitution or variation of the terms of the Notes.

(a) Definitions

“Qualifying Additional Tier 1 Notes” means, at any time, any securities denominated in the Specified Currency and issued directly by the Issuer not otherwise materially less favourable to the investors than the terms of the Notes provided that such securities shall:

- (i) contain terms such that they comply with the applicable regulatory capital requirements in relation to Additional Tier 1 capital pursuant to the Capital Regulations in force at the relevant time;
- (ii) carry the same rate of interest as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 18; and
- (iii) have the same denomination and aggregate outstanding principal amount as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 18; and
- (iv) have the same dates for payment of interest as the Notes prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 18; and
- (v) have at least the same ranking as set out in Condition 2; and
- (vi) without prejudice of Condition 4(e) (*Accrual of Interest*) preserve any existing rights to any accrued and unpaid interest and any other amounts payable under the Notes which has accrued to Noteholders and has not been paid; and
- (vii) be listed or admitted to trading on any stock exchange as selected by the Issuer, if the Notes were listed or admitted to trading on a stock exchange immediately prior to the relevant substitution or variation pursuant to this Condition 18.

For the avoidance of doubt, any variation in the ranking of the relevant Notes as set out in Condition 2 resulting from any such substitution or modification shall be deemed not to be materially less favourable to the interests of the investors of the Notes where the ranking of such Notes following such substitution or modification is at least the same ranking as is applicable to such Notes under Condition 2 on the issue date of such Notes.

TAXATION

The tax legislation of the investor's Member State and of the Issuer's country of incorporation may have an impact on the income received from the Notes. This section (Taxation) contains information on the taxation treatment of the Notes. However, prospective purchasers of Notes are advised to consult their tax advisers on the tax consequences, under the tax laws of the country in which they are resident, of a purchase of Notes, including, but not limited to, the consequences of receipts deriving from interest, as well as from the sale or redemption of Notes.

The following descriptions are general summaries of certain taxation matters based on applicable law and practice currently in effect in the relevant jurisdictions. Nothing in this section constitutes tax, legal or financial advice, and the summaries contained herein are of a general nature and do not cover all aspects of taxation in the relevant jurisdictions that may be relevant to any particular holder of Notes. Prospective investors in the Notes should consult their professional advisers on the tax implications for them of an investment in the Notes.

Republic of Portugal Taxation

The following description summarises the material anticipated tax consequences relating to an investment in the Notes according to Portuguese law. The description does not deal with all possible consequences of an investment in the Notes and is not intended as tax advice. Accordingly, each prospective investor should consult its own professional advisor regarding the tax consequences to it of an investment in the Notes under local or foreign laws to which it may be subject. This summary is based upon the law as in effect on the date of this Base Prospectus and is subject to any change in law that may take effect after such date.

Portuguese taxation relating to all payments by the Issuer in respect of Notes issued within the scope of the Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November (the "Decree-Law")

This section summarises the tax consequences of holding Notes issued by the Issuer when such Notes are centralised within an EU or EEA based international clearing system (provided, in the latter case, that the EEA State is bound to cooperate with Portugal under an administrative cooperation arrangement in tax matters similar to the exchange of information schemes in relation to tax matters existing within the EU Member States) and have been issued within the scope of the Decree-Law. References in this section are construed accordingly.

Investment income (i.e. economic benefits derived from interest, amortisation or reimbursement premiums as well as other forms of remuneration which may be paid under the Notes) on the Notes, paid to a corporate holder of the Notes (who is the effective beneficiary thereof (the "**Beneficiary**")) resident for tax purposes in Portuguese territory or to a non-Portuguese resident entity having a permanent establishment therein to which income is imputable, is subject to withholding tax currently at a rate of 25 per cent., except where the Beneficiary is a Portuguese resident financial institution (or a non-resident financial institution having a permanent establishment in the Portuguese territory to which income is imputable), a collective investment undertaking constituted and operating under the laws of Portugal or benefits from a reduction or a withholding tax exemption as specified by current Portuguese tax law (such as pension funds, retirement and/or education savings funds, venture capital funds constituted and operating under the laws of Portugal). In relation to Beneficiaries that are corporate entities resident in Portuguese territory (or non-residents having a permanent establishment therein to which income is imputable), withholding tax is treated as a payment in advance and, therefore,

such Beneficiaries are entitled to claim appropriate credit against their final corporate income tax liability.

If the payment of interest or other investment income on Notes is made available to Portuguese resident individuals, withholding tax applies at a rate of 28 per cent., which is the final tax on that income unless the individual elects to include such income in his taxable income, subject to tax at progressive income tax rates of up to 48 per cent.. In the latter circumstance an additional income tax will be due on the part of the taxable income exceeding EUR as follows: (i) 2.5 per cent. on the part of the taxable income exceeding EUR 80,000 up to EUR 250,000, and (ii) 5 per cent. on the remaining part (if any) of the taxable income exceeding EUR 250,000.

Investment income paid or made available on accounts held by one or more parties on account of unidentified third parties is subject to a withholding tax rate of 35 per cent., except where the beneficial owner of the income is identified, in which case the general rules will apply.

Under the Decree Law, investment income classified as obtained in Portuguese territory paid to Beneficiaries considered non-Portuguese resident in respect of debt securities integrated in (i) a centralised system for securities managed by an entity resident for tax purposes in Portugal (such as CVM managed by Interbolsa), or (ii) an international clearing system operated by a managing entity established in a member state of the EU other than Portugal (e.g. Euroclear or CBL) or in a European Economic Area Member State provided, in this case, that such State is bound to cooperate with Portugal under an administrative cooperation arrangement in tax matters similar to the exchange of information schemes in relation to tax matters existing within the EU Member States or (iii) integrated in other centralised systems not covered above provided that, in this last case, the Portuguese Government authorises the application of the Decree-Law, as well as capital gains derived from a sale or other disposition of such Notes, will be exempt from Portuguese taxation.

For the withholding tax exemption to apply, the Decree-Law requires that the Beneficiary are: (i) central banks and agencies bearing governmental nature; or (ii) international bodies recognised by the Portuguese State; or (iii) entities resident in countries with whom Portugal has in force a double tax treaty or a tax information exchange agreement; or (iv) other entities without headquarters, effective management or a permanent establishment in the Portuguese territory to which the relevant income is attributable and which are not domiciled in a blacklisted jurisdiction as set out in the Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2014, as amended.

In addition, the Beneficiary shall comply with the evidence requirements and procedures of non-residence status set forth in the Decree Law. If the procedures and certifications of non-residence status or the requirements to benefit from the withholding tax exemption are not complied with, a Portuguese withholding tax will apply at a rate of 25 per cent. (in case of non-resident entities), at a rate of 28 per cent. (in case of non-resident individuals) or at a rate of 35 per cent. (in case of investment income payments (i) to individuals or companies domiciled in a “low tax jurisdiction” list approved by Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time or (ii) to accounts opened in the name of one or more accountholders acting on behalf of one or more unidentified third parties, in which the relevant beneficial owner(s) of the income is/are not identified), as the case may be, or if applicable, at reduced withholding tax rates pursuant to tax treaties signed by the Republic of Portugal, provided that the procedures and certification requirements established by the relevant tax treaty are complied with.

Under the Decree-Law, the Notes must be held through an account with one of the following entities: (i) a direct registered entity, which is the entity with which the debt securities accounts that are integrated in the centralised system are opened;

(ii) an indirect registered entity, which, although not assuming the role of the “*direct registered entities*”, is a client of the latter; or (iii) an entity managing international clearing system which is an entity that proceeds, in the international market, to clear, settle or transfer securities which are integrated in centralised systems or in their own registration systems.

Capital gains obtained on the disposal of Notes issued by Banco BPI through its Lisbon office, by individuals and by corporate entities not resident in the Republic of Portugal and without a permanent establishment therein to which the income or gain are attributable for tax purposes are exempt of taxation. This exemption shall not apply if the Noteholder (i) is an entity with headquarters, effective management or a permanent establishment in the Portuguese territory to which the relevant income is attributable or (ii) is resident in a jurisdiction with a more favourable tax regime, as set out in Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time, with whom Portugal has not in force a double tax treaty or a tax information exchange agreement.

If the above exemption does not apply, and the holder is a corporate entity the gains will be subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 25 per cent.. Capital gains obtained by individuals that are not entitled to said exemption will be subject to a 28 per cent. flat rate. Under the tax treaties entered into by Portugal, such gains are usually not subject to Portuguese income tax, but the applicable rules should be confirmed on a case-by-case basis.

Capital gains obtained on the disposal of Notes issued by the Issuer, by corporate entities resident for tax purposes in the Republic of Portugal and by non-residents corporate entities with a permanent establishment therein to which the income or gain are attributable are included in their taxable income and are subject to a corporate tax at a rate of (i) 20 per cent.. Law no. 64/2025, of 7 November, established a transitory reduction of the general corporate income tax rate, such that this general corporate income tax rate will be 19 per cent. in 2026, 18 per cent. in 2027 and 17 per cent. from 2028 onwards. If the taxpayer is a small or medium enterprise or a small and mid-capitalization enterprise (Small Mid Cap) as established in Decree-Law no. 372/2007, of 6 November 2007, taxable profits up to EUR 50,000 are subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 16 per cent. (15 per cent. from 2026 onwards) and profits in excess thereof are subject to the general corporate income tax rate. If the taxpayer is a small or medium enterprise or a small and mid-capitalization enterprise that qualifies as a start-up under the terms foreseen in Law no. 21/2023, of 15 May, and that cumulatively meets the conditions established in article 2(1)(f) of the referred Law, taxable profits up to EUR 50,000 are subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 12.5 per cent. and profits in excess thereof are subject to the general corporate income tax rate. A municipal surcharge (*derrama municipal*) of up to 1.5 per cent. of its taxable income may be added. Corporate taxpayers with a taxable income of more than EUR 1,500,000 are also subject to State surcharge (*derrama estadual*) of (i) 3 per cent. on the part of its taxable profits exceeding EUR 1,500,000 up to EUR 7,500,000, (ii) 5 per cent. on the part of the taxable profits that exceeds EUR 7,500,000 up to EUR 35,000,000, and (iii) 9 per cent. on the part of the taxable profits that exceeds EUR 35,000,000.

Capital gains obtained on the disposal of Notes issued by the Issuer, by individuals resident for tax purposes in the Republic of Portugal are subject to tax at a rate of 28 per cent. levied on the positive difference between the capital gains and capital losses of each year, unless the individual elects to include such income in his taxable income, subject to tax at progressive income tax rates of up to 48 per cent. In the latter circumstance, an additional income tax will be due on the part of the taxable income exceeding EUR 80,000 as follows: (i) 2.5 per cent. on the part of the taxable income

exceeding EUR 80,000 up to EUR 250,000 and (ii) 5 per cent. on the remaining part (if any) of the taxable income exceeding EUR 250,000.

The annual balance between capital gains and capital losses arising from the disposal of Notes, whether positive or negative, may be excluded from individual income tax, as follows:

- (i) 10 per cent. of the income is excluded from taxation if the Notes are held for a period exceeding 2 years and up to 5 years;
- (ii) 20 per cent. of the income is excluded from taxation if the Notes are held for a period of 5 years up to 8 years;
- (iii) 30 per cent. of the income is excluded from taxation if the Notes are held for a period of 8 years or more.

The positive balance between capital gains and capital losses arising from the transfer for consideration of shares and other securities, which includes gains obtained on the disposal or the refund of the Notes, is mandatorily aggregated and taxed at progressive rates if the assets have been held for less than 365 days and the taxable income of the taxpayer, including the balance of the capital gains and capital losses, amounts to or exceeds €83,696 (€86,634 from 1 January 2026 onwards, according to the Portuguese State Budget for 2026).

Domestic Cleared Notes – held through a direct registered entity

Direct registered entities are required to register the Noteholders in one of two accounts: (i) an exempt account or (ii) a non-exempt account. Registration in the exempt account is crucial for the tax exemption to apply upfront and requires evidence of the non-resident status of the Beneficiary, to be provided by the Noteholder to the direct registered entity (this will have to be made by no later than the second ICSD Business Day prior to the Relevant Date, as defined in Condition 7 of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes (*Taxation*)), as follows:

- (i) if the Beneficiary is a central bank, an international body recognised as such by the Portuguese State, or a public law entity and respective agencies, a declaration issued by the beneficial owner of the Notes itself duly signed and authenticated, or proof of non-residence pursuant to (iv) below. The respective proof of non-residence in Portugal is provided once, its periodical renewal not being necessary, and the beneficial owner should inform the direct register entity immediately of any change in the requisite conditions that may prevent the tax exemption from applying;
- (ii) if the Beneficiary is a credit institution, a financial company, a pension fund or an insurance company domiciled in any OECD country or in a country with which Portugal has entered into a double taxation treaty, certification shall be made by means of the following: (A) its tax identification official document; or (B) a certificate issued by the entity responsible for such supervision or registration, or by tax authorities, confirming the legal existence of the beneficial owner of the Notes and its domicile; or (C) proof of non-residence pursuant to (iv) below. The respective proof of non-residence in Portugal is provided once, its periodical renewal not being necessary, and the beneficial owner should inform the direct register entity immediately of any change in the requisite conditions that may prevent the tax exemption from applying;
- (iii) if the Beneficiary is an investment fund or other collective investment scheme domiciled in any OECD country or in a country with which the Republic of Portugal has entered into a double tax treaty in force or a tax

information exchange agreement in force, it must provide (a) a declaration issued by the entity responsible for its supervision or registration or by the relevant tax authority, confirming its legal existence, domicile and law of incorporation; or (b) proof of non-residence pursuant to the terms of paragraph (iv) below; The respective proof of non-residence in Portugal is provided once, its periodical renewal not being necessary and the beneficial owner should inform the direct register entity immediately of any change in the requisite conditions that may prevent the tax exemption from applying;

- (iv) other investors will be required to prove of their non-resident status by way of: (a) a certificate of residence or equivalent document issued by the relevant tax authorities; (b) a document issued by the relevant Portuguese Consulate certifying residence abroad; or (c) a document specifically issued by an official entity which forms part of the public administration (either central, regional or peripheral, indirect or autonomous) of the relevant country. The Beneficiary must provide an original or a certified copy of such documents and, as a rule, if such documents do not refer to a specific year and do not expire, they must have been issued within the three years prior to the relevant payment or maturity dates or, if issued after the relevant payment or maturity dates, within the following three months. The Beneficiary must inform the direct registering entity immediately of any change in the requirement conditions that may eliminate the tax exemption.

Internationally Cleared Notes – held through an entity managing an international clearing system

Pursuant to the requirements set forth in the tax regime, if the Notes are registered in an account held by an international clearing system operated by a managing entity, the latter shall transmit, on each interest payment date and each relevant redemption date, to the direct register entity or to its representative, and with respect to all accounts under its management, the identification and quantity of securities, as well as the amount of income, and, when applicable, the amount of tax withheld, segregated by the following categories of beneficiaries:

- (a) Entities with residence, headquarters, effective management or permanent establishment in Portugal to which the income would be imputable and which are non-exempt and subject to withholding;
- (b) Entities which have residence in country, territory or region with a more favourable tax regime, included in the Portuguese “blacklist” (countries and territories listed in Ministerial Order (*Portaria*) no. 150/2004, of 13 February 2004, as amended from time to time) and which are non-exempt and subject to withholding;
- (c) Entities with residence, headquarters, effective management or permanent establishment in Portugal to which the income would be imputable, and which are exempt or not subject to withholding;
- (d) Other entities which do not have residence, headquarters, effective management or permanent establishment in Portugal to which the income generated by the securities would be imputable.

On each interest payment date and each relevant redemption date, the following information with respect to the beneficiaries that fall within the categories mentioned in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above, should also be transmitted:

- (a) Name and address;
- (b) Tax identification number (if applicable);
- (c) Identification and quantity of the securities held; and

(d) Amount of income generated by the securities.

If the conditions for the exemption to apply are met, but, due to inaccurate or insufficient information, tax was withheld, a special refund procedure is available under the special regime approved by Decree-Law no. 193/2005, of 7 November 2005, as amended from time to time. The refund claim is to be submitted to the direct register entity of the Notes within 6 months from the date the withholding took place.

The refund of withholding tax after the above six-month period is to be claimed from the Portuguese tax authorities within two years, starting from the term of the year in which the withholding took place.

Following the amendments to Decree-Law no. 193/2005 of 7 November 2005, as amended, a new special tax form for these purposes was approved by Order (“*Despacho*”) no. 2937/2014, published in the Portuguese official gazette, second series, no. 37, of 21 February 2014, issued by the Secretary of State of Tax Affairs (“*Secretário de Estado dos Assuntos Fiscais*”).

The absence of evidence of non-residence in respect to any non-resident entity which benefits from the above mentioned tax exemption regime shall result in the loss of the tax exemption and consequent submission to applicable Portuguese general tax provisions.

The United States

FATCA Withholding

Pursuant to certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**Code**”), commonly known as FATCA, a “foreign financial institution” (including an intermediary through which Notes are held) may be required to withhold at a rate of 30 per cent. on certain payments it makes (“**foreign passthrough payments**”) to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting, or related requirements. Each Issuer believes it is a foreign financial institution for these purposes. A number of jurisdictions (including Portugal) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA (“**IGAs**”), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to instruments such as the Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, proposed regulations have been issued that provide that such withholding would not apply prior to the date that is two years after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthrough payments are published in the U.S. Federal Register. In the preamble to the proposed regulations, the U.S. Treasury Department indicated that taxpayers may rely on these proposed regulations until the issuance of final regulations. Additionally, Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. federal tax purposes that are issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthrough payments are filed with the U.S. Federal Register generally would be “grandfathered” for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date (including by reason of a substitution of the Issuer). However, if additional notes (as described under “*Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes – Further Issues*”) that are not distinguishable from previously issued Notes are issued after the expiration of the grandfathering period and are subject to withholding under FATCA,

then withholding agents may treat all Notes, including the Notes offered prior to the expiration of the grandfathering period, as subject to withholding under FATCA. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in the Notes. In the event any withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on the Notes, no person will be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the withholding.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have, in an amended and restated programme agreement (such programme agreement as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Programme Agreement**”) dated 18 December 2025, agreed with the Issuer a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement will extend to those matters stated under “*Form of the Notes, Clearing and Payments*”, “*Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes*” and “*Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes*”. In the Programme Agreement, the Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the establishment and any future update of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme and to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities incurred by them in connection therewith.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph and the following paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act (“**Regulation S**”).

Each Dealer has agreed that, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that, except as permitted by the Programme Agreement, it has not offered, sold or delivered and will not offer, sell or deliver the Notes, (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after completion of the distribution of such an identifiable Tranche, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, and it will have sent to each Dealer to which it sells Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons of any identifiable Tranche of Notes. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulations S.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer that is participating in the offering of such Notes may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

Each purchaser of Notes outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S and every subsequent purchaser of such Notes in resales prior to the expiration of the distribution compliance period, will be deemed to have represented, agreed and acknowledged that: (a) the Notes are being offered and sold outside of the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S; and (b) the Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States and may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred within the United States except pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors

Unless the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise

make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated in this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is (one or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation (as amended or superseded); and
- (b) the expression “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes.

If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, in relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in that Member State except that it may make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Regulation) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- the expression an “**offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes in any Relevant State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes; and
- the expression “**Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

United Kingdom

Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors

Unless the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be

required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to any retail investor in the UK. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of:
 - (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No. 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law in the UK by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“**EUWA**”); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of UK MiFIR; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation, and
- (b) the expression “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes.

If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in the UK except that it may make an offer of such Notes to the public in the UK:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation) in the UK subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the FSMA,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- the expression an “**offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes in the UK means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes; and
- the expression “**UK Prospectus Regulation**” means the Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of domestic law in the UK by virtue of the EUWA.

Other selling restrictions in the United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (a) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business, and (b) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to such Notes in, from or otherwise involving the UK.

Switzerland

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that this Base Prospectus is not intended to constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase or invest in the Notes and the Notes may not be publicly offered, directly or indirectly, in Switzerland within the meaning of the Swiss Financial Services Act (“**FinSA**”) and no application has or will be made to admit the Notes to trading on any trading venue (exchange or multilateral trading facility) in Switzerland. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the Notes constitutes a prospectus pursuant to the FinSA, and neither this Base Prospectus nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the Notes may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland.

France

Each of the Dealers has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has only offered or sold and will only offer or sell, directly or indirectly, Notes in France to qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) as defined in Article L.411.2.1° of the French Code *monétaire et financier* and it has only distributed or caused to be distributed and will only distribute or cause to be distributed in France to such qualified investors this Base Prospectus, the applicable Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes.

Belgium

Other than in respect of Notes for which "Prohibition of Sales to Belgian Consumers" is specified as "Not Applicable" in the applicable Final Terms, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that an offering of Notes may not be advertised to any individual in

Belgium qualifying as a consumer within the meaning of Article I.1 of the Belgian Code of Economic Law, as amended from time to time (a **Belgian Consumer**) and that it has not offered, sold or resold, transferred or delivered, and will not offer, sell, resell, transfer or deliver, the Notes, and that it has not distributed, and will not distribute, any prospectus, memorandum, information circular, brochure or any similar documents in relation to the Notes, directly or indirectly, to any Belgian Consumer.

Spain

Neither the Notes nor this Base Prospectus have been or will be registered with the Spanish Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*). The Notes may not be sold or distributed, nor may any subsequent resale of Notes be carried out in Spain, except in compliance with the provisions of the Prospectus Regulation and Law 6/2023, of 17 March, on the Securities Markets and Investment Services (*Ley 6/2023, de 17 de marzo, de los Mercados de Valores y de los Servicios de Inversión*). No publicity or marketing of any kind shall be made in Spain in relation to the Notes. Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not direct or make any offer of the Notes to investors located in Spain.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No.25 of 1948, as amended; the FIEA) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

Singapore

Each Dealer has acknowledged, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to acknowledge, that this Base Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered or sold any Notes or caused the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase and will not offer or sell such Notes or cause the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, and has not circulated or distributed, nor will it circulate or distribute, this Base Prospectus or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Notes, whether directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time (the “SFA”)), pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA or (ii) to an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA) pursuant to and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA.

General

These selling restrictions may be modified by the agreement of the Issuer and the Dealers following a change in a relevant law, regulation or directive. Any such modification will be set out in the Final Terms issued in respect of the issue of Notes to which it relates or in a supplement to this Base Prospectus. No representation is made that any action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of any of the Notes, or possession or distribution of this Base Prospectus or any other offering material or any Final Terms, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Each Dealer has agreed that it shall, to the best of its knowledge, comply with all relevant laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or has in its possession or distributes this Base Prospectus, any other offering material or any Final Terms in all cases at its own expense.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

The establishment of the Programme and the issue of Notes have been duly authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Banco BPI, dated 7 December 2000, and approved by the Supervisory Board of Banco BPI on 7 December 2000. The update and maintenance of the Programme have been duly authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Banco BPI, dated 24 September 2025, and approved by a resolution of the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of Banco BPI, dated 24 November 2025.

Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be applied by Banco BPI for its general corporate purposes. If, in respect of an issue, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

Borrowing and Funding Structure

Since the end of financial year 2023, BPI did not take-up additional ECB funding. In February 2024, BPI issued a €500 million Mortgage Covered Bond with a 5-year maturity that was subscribed by European Institutional Investors. In March 2024, BPI issued €700 million Senior Non-Preferred fully subscribed by CaixaBank. In September 2024, BPI issued €275 million of undated deeply subordinated notes fully subscribed by CaixaBank.

In December 2024, BPI issued €500 million Senior Non-Preferred fully subscribed by CaixaBank. In October 2025, BPI issued a €500 million Mortgage Covered Bond with a 5.5-year maturity that was subscribed by European Institutional Investors. In November 2025, BPI issued €450 million Senior Non-Preferred fully subscribed by CaixaBank.

Description of the expected financing of BPI's activities

BPI expects to finance its activities through client deposits, resources from credit institutions and wholesale debt market.

Significant or Material Change

There has been (A) no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since the publication of the Issuer's 2024 Annual Report (audited consolidated financial statements) as of 31 December 2024, and (B) no significant change in the financial performance or position of the Issuer since the publication of the Issuer's unaudited results for the first 9 months of 2025 as of 30 September 2025.

Litigation

In 2012, the Portuguese Competition Authority ("PCA"), under the powers legally attributed to it, opened administrative infraction proceedings against 15 banks operating in the Portuguese market, including the Issuer, due to alleged competition restrictive practices. On 1 June 2015, the Issuer was served the statement of objections, where it was accused of breaching the rules on competition.

On 27 September 2017, the Issuer presented its defence. During the process, and whenever appropriate, the Issuer appealed against several interlocutory rulings issued by the Competition Authority, which the Issuer considered as susceptible of violating its rights.

On 9 September 2019, the Issuer was notified of PCA's decision which concluded that (i) the Issuer and other Portuguese banks had engaged in an exchange of information regarding past credit volumes and regarding spreads that were due to be publicly disclosed and enter into force in a matter of days and (ii) that such conduct should be considered as an infringement by object. As a result, PCA decided to impose fines to all banks involved. The fine imposed on BPI was of 30 million euros.

The Issuer appealed on October 2019 this decision to the Competition Court (*Tribunal de Concorrência, Regulação e Supervisão*) (appeal lodged with the Court of First Instance) as it considers that it has not committed the infringements attributed to it by the PCA and that therefore there should be no grounds for a conviction. As it shows in its appeal, the Issuer considers that (a) not only the alleged exchange of information did not occur as it is described by PCA (b) but also that (i) the exchange of information did not meet the conditions to be considered apt to result in negative effects to competition (ii) and it did not effectively cause any negative competitive effects, namely, it did not harm consumers. Although trusting that its position will prevail, the Issuer cannot predict the outcome of this appeal.

Together with the appeal, the Issuer requested a suspension of PCA decision's effects until a final court decision is reached on the case. The Competition Court determined that a guarantee in an amount equal to 50 per cent. of the fine should be provided by the parties in order to obtain such suspension (Court's decision to require a guarantee in order to agree on the suspension and the definition of its amount are decisions of a procedural nature only and, as such, do not carry or by any other means convey any indication of the Courts about how it will decide on the appeal).

On December 2020, BPI presented to the Court a bank guarantee in an amount corresponding to half of the amount of the fine imposed by the appealed decision. This bank guarantee was accepted by the Court and, as a result, the decision's effects are now suspended until a final court decision is reached on the case.

Appeal's hearing started in September 2021 and lasted until April 2022 and the Court announced it would issue a decision by the end of April 2022. On 28 April 2022, Court issued a decision whereby it decided on the facts it considered as having been proven, but decided to suspend the instance and, once it considered it as necessary to enable it to give judgment, requested the Court of Justice of the European Union ("CJEU") to give a ruling on whether such facts represent an infringement of the applicable European competition law.

On 5 October 2023, the attorney-general at the European Court of Justice issued its conclusions, considering that the alleged practices could, under certain circumstances, be qualified as a restriction of competition by object. The attorney-general is an independent entity, whose conclusions are not binding to the European Court of Justice. The European Court of Justice issued, in its judgment of 29 July 2024, provided certain guidelines to the Competition Court, indicating that such exchanges could constitute an infringement by object should they eliminate uncertainty about future behaviour among competitors.

On 20 September 2024 the Issuer informed the market that the Competition Court released on that day its ruling in case relating to the challenge of the fine, applied by PCA in September 2019, to a group of banks, including the Issuer, for alleged infringement of competition law. The sentence, which was a first instance decision, maintained the fine of €30 million imposed by PCA on the Issuer. The Issuer, after analysing in detail the content of the Competition Court ruling, has already exercised its rights of defence, by filing an appeal with the Lisbon Court of Appeal on 15 October 2024. On

10 February 2025, the Competition proceeding was declared prescribed by a ruling of the Lisbon Court of Appeal. On 21 February 2025, the PCA appealed to the Portuguese Constitutional Court.

On 6 June 2025, the Portuguese Constitutional Court decided not to admit such appeal. On 20 June 2025, the PCA appealed to the plenary of the Portuguese Constitutional Court, which, on 27 August 2025, confirmed the decision not to admit the referred appeal.

This means that a final decision has been reached in respect of the public enforcement proceeding initiated in 2012.

In the context of the fine proposed by the PCA, on 11 March 2024, the Issuer was notified of a claim filed by Ius Omnibus, a consumer association, seeking damages from the Issuer and several other banks operating in Portugal in a civil case based on the same conduct that is the subject of the administrative proceedings (Claim 1). On 8 April 2024, Ius Omnibus filed an additional similar claim, this time based on alleged indirect damages suffered by consumers as a result of an alleged infringement of competition law in respect of SMEs (Claim 2). Finally, on 24 April 2024, AMPEMEP (a SMEs association) filed a further similar claim based on alleged direct damages suffered by SMEs as a result of the same alleged infringement of competition law in respect of SMEs (Claim 3). The claims (Claim 1, 2 and 3) are fully based on the alleged competition infringement rules. The Issuer is preparing its defence in respect of Claim 1 (corresponding term was suspended until a final decision is reached in the above referred appeal). In respect of Claim 2 and Claim 3, the Issuer presented its judicial defence on 15 November 2024 and 17 December 2024, respectively. Claim 2 ended in early October 2025, following a court's decision which considered that Ius Omnibus had not proven its legitimacy to represent the allegedly harmed consumers. The Issuer considers its defences in respect of all the referred, which it considers, both substantially as well as formally, solid and sustained. As such, taking into account the information available up to date, BPI does not foresee any material impact arising from this additional proceeding.

It should be noted that the closing of the referred public enforcement proceeding does not entail the closing of the referred private enforcement claims.

Save as disclosed above, there have been no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) during the 12 months preceding the date of this Base Prospectus which may have or have had in the recent past a significant effect on the Issuer's financial position or profitability.

Ratings Information

The ratings assigned to the Issuer from time to time are available for consultation at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/en/bpi-group/investor-relations/credit-ratings>. The long term/short term ratings currently assigned to the Issuer are A2/P-1 with stable outlook by Moody's, A-/F1 with positive outlook by Fitch and A/A-1 with stable outlook by S&P.

Pursuant to Moody's rating definitions, the long-term issuer rating assigned to BPI means that "obligations rated A are judged to be upper-medium grade and are subject to low credit risk". The modifier "2" indicates that the obligation ranks in the mid-range of this generic rating category and "stable outlook" indicates the likely direction of the rating over the medium term.

Pursuant to Fitch's rating definitions, the long-term issuer rating assigned to BPI means that "A ratings denote expectations of low default risk. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity

may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings”. “Stable outlook” indicates a potential upgrade in the rating over a one to two-year period.

Pursuant to S&P’s rating definitions, the long-term issuer rating assigned to BPI means that “an obligor rated A has strong capacity to meet its financial commitments but is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than the obligors in higher-rated categories”. “Stable outlook” indicates that the rating is not likely to change over the intermediate term (typically six months to two years).

Each of Fitch, S&P and Moody's is established in the EEA and has been registered in accordance with the CRA Regulation. The full list of credit rating agencies that are registered under the CRA Regulation can be found at ESMA’s website.

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados – Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, Lda., associated with Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas (“**OROC**”) under no. 183 and registered with CMVM under no. 20161485, have audited the accounts of Banco BPI, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Portugal, including the International Standards on Auditing, for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

For additional information regarding the Auditors please refer to the information under the heading “*Statutory Auditor*”, which could be found on page 81 of this Base Prospectus.

Listing and Admission to Trading Information

Application has been made to Euronext or such other stock exchange(s) or markets (including regulated markets) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon or such other stock exchange(s) or markets (including regulated markets). Euronext Lisbon is a regulated market for the purposes of MiFID II.

Notes may be admitted to trading on the regulated market(s) of and/or be admitted to listing on the stock exchange(s) of any other Member States of the EEA, after notification by the CMVM to the supervision authority of the relevant Member State(s) of the EEA in accordance with Article 25 of the Prospectus Regulation.

However, Notes may be issued pursuant to the Programme which will not be admitted to trading on Euronext Lisbon or any other stock exchange or which will be listed on such stock exchange as the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) may agree, according to the applicable Final Terms.

Documents Available

For the period of 12 months following the date of this Base Prospectus, copies of the following documents will, when published, be available for inspection at <https://bpi.bancobpi.pt/index.asp>:

- (a) a copy of this Base Prospectus (which will also be available on the website of Banco BPI, at: <https://www.bancobpi.pt/en/bpi-group/investor-relations/euro-medium-term-note-programme>);

- (b) the Final Terms to this Base Prospectus (save that the Final Terms relating to an unlisted Note will only be available for inspection by a holder of such Note and such holder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Paying Agent as to its holding of Notes and identity), any future prospectuses, information memoranda and supplements to this Base Prospectus and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference (<https://www.bancobpi.pt/en/bpi-group/investor-relations/euro-medium-term-note-programme>); and
- (c) Regarding Banco BPI:
- (i) the articles of association (in Portuguese) of the Issuer, which can be found at: https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=PR_UCMS02070588;
 - (ii) the audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 (the 2023 Annual Report, which can be found at: https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=PR_UCMS02109040);
 - (iii) the audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (the 2024 Annual Report, which can be found at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=NJZMOGRHYTM5ZWUWNDG2>);
 - (iv) the Issuer's first half 2025 report with limited review (the first half 2025 Report, which can be found at https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=ZMU5NMNMWQXMWYZN_GZK); and
 - (v) The Issuer's unaudited results for the first 9 months of 2025, which can be found at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=YJEZMDBHZMJMNWIXNDLJ>.

In addition, copies of this Base Prospectus, any supplements and any applicable Final Terms are available on the official website of the CMVM (www.cmvm.pt) and copies of the documents set out in (c) above can be obtained free of charge from the specified office of the Paying Agent where so required by the rules of the relevant stock exchange on which any Series of Notes is to be listed. Copies of this Base Prospectus and any other documents incorporated herein shall remain publicly available in electronic form for at least 10 years after its publication.

Clearing Systems

The Notes will be integrated in and held through Interbolsa as operator of the CVM. The appropriate Portuguese securities code for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Interbolsa will be specified in the Final Terms.

The address of Interbolsa is Rua Aníbal Cunha, 218, 4050-046 Porto, Portugal.

For the time being, Interbolsa will only settle and clear Notes denominated in euro, Canadian Dollars, Swiss Francs, U.S. dollars, Sterling, Japanese yen and Australian Dollars and Notes denominated in any other currency upon prior request and approval.

Prudential Requirements

No Subordinated Notes or Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes shall be redeemed unless in compliance with the applicable capital adequacy regulations from time to time in force. At the date hereof, such redemption may not occur within and after five years from the Issue Date of the relevant Notes (except in a few cases subject to certain conditions and also subject to prior permission of the Relevant Authority, as specified in the Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes and Terms and Conditions of the Undated Deeply Subordinated Notes) and may only occur with the prior permission of the Relevant Authority.

No Senior Non Preferred Notes Ordinary Senior Notes eligible to comply with MREL Requirements shall be redeemed unless in compliance with the applicable minimum requirement of own funds and eligible liabilities in force from time to time in force. At the date hereof, such redemption may not occur without the prior permission of the Relevant Authority, and subject to the applicable requirements, as specified in Terms and Conditions of the Senior and the Subordinated Notes.

Conditions for determining price

The price (issue price and offer price) and amount of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue (in case of a public offer at the time of the public offer) in accordance with prevailing market conditions. The price will normally correspond to a percentage of the nominal value of such Notes and shall be disclosed on the applicable Final Terms, which shall be available at headquarters of the Issuer and the Paying Agent.

Dealers transacting with the Issuer

Certain of the Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform services to the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Yield

The yield for any particular Series of Notes will be specified in the applicable Final Terms and will be calculated on the basis of the compound annual rate of return if the relevant Notes were to be purchased at the Issue Price on the Issue Date and held to maturity. Set out below is a formula for the purposes of calculating the yield of Fixed Rate Notes. The applicable Final Terms in respect of any Floating Rate Notes will not include any indication of yield.

$$\text{Issue Price} = \text{Coupon}/m \times (1 - [1/(1 + \text{Yield}/m)^{(n \times m)}]) / (\text{Yield}/m) + [\text{Final Redemption Amount} \times [1/(1 + \text{Yield}/m)^{(n \times m)}]]$$

Where:

“Coupon” means the annual coupon as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

“Yield” means the annual yield to maturity;

“m” means the number of interest payments in a year; and

“n” means the number of years to maturity.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents, which have previously been published or are published simultaneously with this Base Prospectus and have been filed with the CMVM, shall be incorporated by reference in, and form part of, this Base Prospectus:

1. The Issuer's third quarter 2025 consolidated results earnings presentation (unaudited), which can be found at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=YJEZMDBHZMJMNWIXNDLJ>.
2. The first half 2025 report with limited review (the first half 2025 Report, which can be found at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=ZMU5NMNMMWQXMWYZNGZK>).
3. The audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (the 2024 Annual Report, which can be found at <https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=NJZMOGRHYTM5ZWUWNDG2>).
4. The audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 (the 2023 Annual report, which can be found at https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=PR_UCMS02109040).
5. The articles of association (in Portuguese) of the Issuer, which can be found at https://www.bancobpi.pt/contentservice/getContent?documentName=PR_UCMS02070588.

Following the publication of this Base Prospectus, a supplement may be prepared by the Issuer and approved by the CMVM in accordance with Articles 3 and 23, respectively, of the Prospectus Regulation. Statements contained in any such supplement (or contained in any document incorporated by reference therein) shall to the extent applicable (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise), be deemed to modify or supersede statements contained in this Base Prospectus or in a document which is incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this Base Prospectus.

Any information contained in the Issuer's website (www.bancobpi.pt) is not part of this Base Prospectus unless such information is incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus.

Other than in relation to the documents which are deemed to be incorporated by reference (see *Documents Incorporated by Reference*), the information on the websites to which this Base Prospectus refers does not form part of this Base Prospectus and has not been scrutinised or approved by the CMVM.

The table below refers to points (1) to (4) above:

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

REFERENCE

The unaudited results for the first 9 months of 2025

Banco BPI Income Statement	Page 34
Banco BPI Balance Sheet	Page 35
Banco BPI Indicators	Page 37

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**REFERENCE****The first half 2025 Report (limited review report on the condensed interim financial statements)**

Condensed interim balance sheet as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024	Page 74
Condensed interim statements of profit and loss for the periods ended on 30 June 2025 and 2024	Page 75
Condensed interim statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income for the periods ended on 30 June 2025 and 2024	Page 76
Condensed interim statements of changes in equity for the periods ended on 30 June 2025 and 2024	Page 77
Condensed interim statements of cash flows for the periods ended on 30 June 2025 and 2024	Page 78
Notes to the financial statements	Pages 79-140
Review Report on the Condensed Financial Statements	Pages 141-142
Alternative Performance Measures	Pages 69-72

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**REFERENCE****The audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (Annual Report 2024)**

Auditors' report relating to the accounts for the period ended 31 December 2024	Pages 482-494
Consolidated balance sheets	Page 348
Consolidated statements of profit or loss	Page 349
Consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	Page 350
Statements of changes in shareholders' equity	Page 351
Consolidated statement of cash flows	Page 352
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	Pages 353-481
Alternative Performance Measures	Pages 333-336
Corporate Governance Report	Pages 524-552

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**REFERENCE****The audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 (2023 Annual Report)**

Auditors' report relating to the accounts for the period ended 31 December 2023	Pages 388-398
Balance sheets	Page 225
Statements of profit or loss for the years ended on 31 December 2023 and 2022	Page 226
Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the years ended on 31 December 2023 and 2022	Page 227
Consolidated statements of changes in equity for the years ended on 31 December 2023 and 2022	Page 228
Statement of cash flows for the years ended on 31 December 2023 and 2022	Page 230
Notes to the financial statements	Pages 231-387
Alternative Performance Measures	Pages 150-153
Corporate Governance Report	Pages 436-460

The page references for the third quarter 2025 consolidated results earnings presentation, for the first half 2025 report and for both 2024 and 2023 annual reports refer to the documents in PDF format.

In addition to the above, the following documents shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Base Prospectus as and when they are published on the website specified below:

1. the information set out in the following sections of any audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer and the related Legal Certification of Accounts and Auditors' Report published by the Issuer from time to time after the date of this Base Prospectus:

Auditors' report relating to the accounts
Consolidated balance sheet
Consolidated statement of profit or loss
Consolidated statement of other comprehensive income
Consolidated statement of cash flows
Statements of changes in shareholders' equity
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
Alternative Performance Measures
Corporate Governance Report

2. the information set out in the following sections of any interim unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer published by the Issuer from time to time after the date of this Base Prospectus:

Consolidated balance sheet

Consolidated statement of profit or loss

Consolidated statement of other comprehensive income

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Alternative Performance Measures

Corporate Governance Report

Each such document will be available for viewing on the following website: <https://www.bancobpi.pt/en/bpi-group>.

The information incorporated by reference pursuant to points (1) and (2) above, (i) pursuant to Article 19 of the Prospectus Regulation, (ii) during the 12-month validity period of this Base Prospectus, and (iii) without the requirement to publish a supplement approved by the CMVM, shall, to the extent applicable, be taken into account in relation to the statements contained in this Base Prospectus.

The information incorporated by reference that is not included in the cross-reference list, is considered as additional information and is not required by the relevant schedules of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2019/980, of 14 March 2019, as amended from time to time.

ANNEX – ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

This Base Prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus contain certain management measures of performance or alternative performance measures (“**APMs**”), in accordance with ESMA Guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures dated 5 October 2015 (ESMA/2015/1415en) and which are used by management to evaluate the Issuer’s overall performance. These APMs are not audited, reviewed or subject to review by the Issuer’s auditors and are not measurements required by, or presented in accordance with, International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (“**IFRS-EU**”). Accordingly, these APMs should not be considered as alternatives to any performance measures prepared in accordance with IFRS-EU.

Many of these APMs are based on the Issuer’s internal estimates, assumptions, calculations, and expectations of future results and there can be no guarantee that these results will actually be achieved. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these APMs.

Furthermore, these APMs, as used by the Issuer, may not be comparable to other similarly-titled measures used by other companies. Investors should not consider such APMs in isolation, as alternatives to the information calculated in accordance with IFRS-EU, as indications of operating performance or as measures of the Issuer’s profitability or liquidity. Such APMs must be considered only in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS-EU and investors are advised to review these APMs in conjunction with the audited consolidated annual financial statements incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus.

The description (including definitions, explanations and reconciliations) of all APMs is set out in the “Alternative Performance Measures” section of the first half 2025 Report with limited review (reports on the condensed interim financial statements) of the Issuer which is incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus and in Annex – Alternative Performance Measures.

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